

Salient Dashboards

Training Guide for Dashboard Designers

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Introduction

About Salient Dashboards

The Salient Dashboards application enables your team to create and access interactive, consolidated visualizations of decision support intelligence in a browser for consumption from any computer or mobile device.

Like Salient's other applications, dashboards start with UXT® technology, which transforms huge volumes of data into a highly-optimized analytical data mart. Salient Dashboards provides role-based access to dashboard building, viewing, and exploring capabilities. Dashboard Designers can create and publish dashboards in "edit" mode using a variety of widget types (Comparative, Trend, Scattergram, etc.) and options to provide the exact information users need—from an overview of the entire organization down to a single fact. Users can then view and interact with the customized dashboards and, if they wish, go on to perform their own data investigation in "explore" mode. Portal dashboards provide easy access to dashboards. In addition, a mobile application is available to provide touch-enabled access on mobile devices.

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Que Distrata)		35,916	55,592	-19,676	-35.39	340,
Our DietCola —	>		9,519	14,034	-4,515	-32.17	96,
Our SE CE Cola —	>		11,465	17,812	-6,347	-35.63	93,1
	>		11,578	18,002	-6,424	-35.68	92,8
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		T T	0.75	407,952	-134,415	-32.95	2,536,9
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Overview of dashboard creation

The following is a general process for creating dashboards.

1. Choose a starting point for dashboard creation.

Create a new dashboard or open a dashboard with similar characteristics to the one you want to create (i.e., template). You can also <u>import dashboard options</u> (see page 31) and <u>copy widgets</u> (see page 17) from other dashboards to facilitate dashboard creation.

2. Set up layouts.

Set up <u>layouts</u> (see page 10) for optimal display on different devices. In general, the desktop/tablet layout will be used when viewing a dashboard in a browser window, and the phone layout (optional) will be used in the Salient mobile app.

3. Add content widgets.

You can add widgets, such as tabs (see page 19), images (see page 29), text/HTML (see page 23), buttons (see page 25), lines (see page 26), dashboard widgets (see page 27), and Knowledge Manager widgets, that help with the overall design. These widgets may be added before or after data analysis widgets. Some content widgets do not display in the Salient mobile app.

4. Add and customize data analysis widgets.

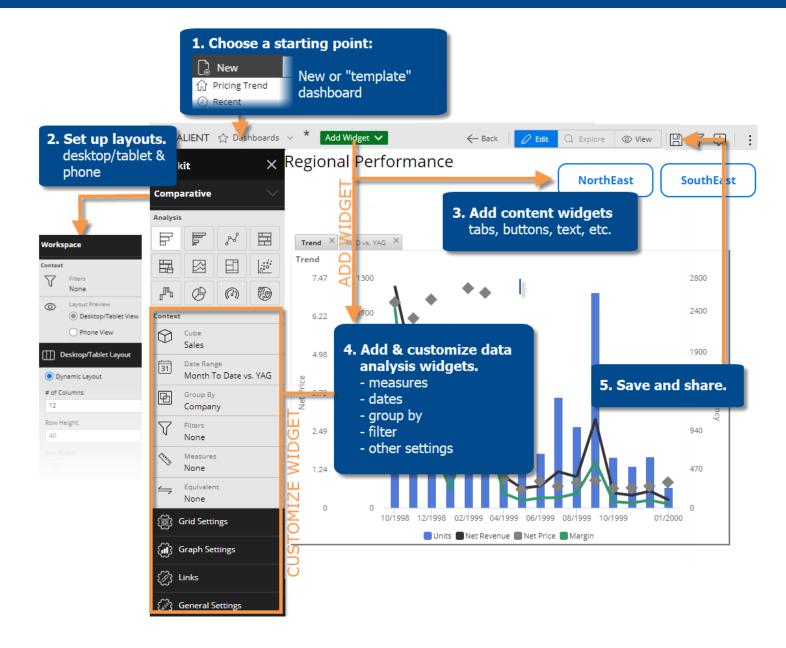
These widgets display data to help users make better decisions. A variety of analysis types are available. For each widget, perform the following steps:

Tip: If a similar widget already exists, you can copy it to eliminate some setup.

- 1. Add a data widget (see page 17).
- 2. Add measures (see page 38).
- 3. <u>Select the dates</u> (see page 45) (Dates may be linked across the dashboard.)
- 4. Group by attributes (see page 52).
- 5. Filter (see page 69) (Filters may be applied to the entire dashboard at once via workspace filters.)
- 6. Customize by sorting (see page 66), highlighting (see page 101), changing widget settings, etc.
- 7. Place the widget in the desired location for each <u>layout</u> (see page 10). To switch between desktop/tablet and phone layouts, go to workspace settings in the toolkit and make your selection under **Layout View**.

5. Save and share the dashboard.

We recommend saving the dashboard as you build it to avoid losing any changes (e.g., save as private until you are ready to share it). When the dashboard is finished, <u>save it in the desired location</u> (see page 106). Other users have access to "published" dashboards. You may also share a dashboard's URL, create links to the dashboard, or use other methods of sharing.



Getting started

Log in

Before you can use Salient Dashboards, you must log into a dataset. Contact your administrator if you don't know your user name and password or the login page URL.

- 1. In your web browser, go to the address of the Salient Dashboards login page.
- 2. From the **Server** menu, select a dataset.
- 3. *For classic login* (i.e., credentials entered directly in Salient Dashboards), enter your user name and password. Then, click **Login**.

8	Server: PR-Demo Bottling
	User Name:
8	jdoe
	Password:
٢	•••••
to	your use of the software is not covered by a separate written agreement, you need agree to this <u>LICENSE AGREEMENT</u> to access the software. By clicking below, u are agreeing to the license agreement.
	Login

External/SSO authentication: Click the **SSO Login** button. If you are not already logged in, the next screen will allow you to enter your user name and password and **Sign in**.

LDAP login (i.e., machine login used for authentication): The user name and password entries may not be needed.

Tips:

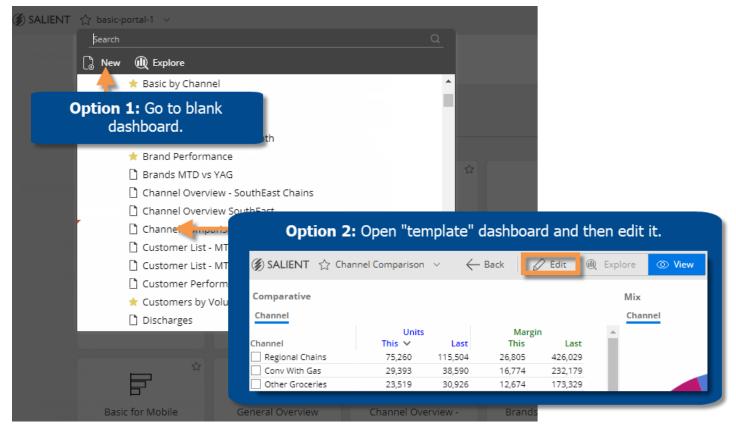
- The portal dashboard opens after login unless you have entered a URL for a specific dashboard or changed the home page in user preferences.
- In general, Salient recommends Google Chrome™; however, other browsers are supported.
- A dataset may be configured for a specific language. In this case, the login page will immediately switch to that language after it is selected.
- The first login is typically the slowest due to the downloading and caching of application files.
- Do not attempt to log in to the same dataset more than once at the same time using the same user ID. Multiple logins are not supported.
- You can log out at any time by clicking in the upper-right corner of the dashboard screen and selecting **Logout**.

Choose a starting point for dashboard creation

You might start building from a blank dashboard, or a dashboard with similar properties to the one you want to create. Either way, you must be in edit mode to add widgets. Only Dashboard Designers can access edit mode.

Option 1: In the dashboards menu, click **New** (keyboard shortcut: n) to go to a blank dashboard in edit mode.

Option 2: Open a specific dashboard and then click the Edit button at the top of the screen.



General dashboard design

When designing a dashboard, you should set up <u>layouts</u> (see page 10) for optimal display on different devices. You can then <u>create widgets</u> (see page 17) and arrange them in the dashboard. Many different types of widgets are available to design customized dashboards that meet the needs of every user:

- Content widgets: tabs (see page 19), images (see page 29), text/HTML (see page 23), buttons (see page 25), lines (see page 26), dashboard widgets (see page 27), and Knowledge Manager widgets These widgets improve the appearance and functionality of the dashboard.
- Data analysis widgets: Comparative, Multi Comparative, Trend, Share Trend, Mix, Gauge, Scattergram, etc. -These widgets display data to help users make better decisions.

Layout settings

A dashboard can have two separate layouts to optimize its appearance on different devices.

Desktop/tablet layout (see page 11)

This layout is used any time the dashboard is opened in a browser whether it is on a desktop, tablet, or phone.

The desktop/tablet layout may also be used in the mobile app on wide screens (e.g., tablet or landscape orientation) depending on layout settings.



Phone layout (see page 14)

If enabled, this layout controls the dashboard's appearance in the Salient mobile app on a phone or tablet below a specified screen size.



Each layout stores its own arrangement of the dashboard's widgets in addition to other settings, as explained in the following sections.

As you design dashboards, consider the best placement of each widget in both layouts. In general, the recommended process for adding a widget would be to place the new widget in the desired location in the desktop/tablet layout, switch to the phone layout (if used), place the widget in the desired location in that layout, and then save your changes.

Desktop/tablet layout

To set up the desktop/tablet layout

- 1. In edit mode, open the dashboard you want to design, or start a new dashboard.
- Select the workspace by clicking in a blank area of the dashboard and selecting Workspace in the toolkit menu, or pressing w on the keyboard.
- 3. Under Layout View, choose Desktop/Tablet.

 In the Desktop/Tablet Layout section of the toolkit, choose a dynamic layout or fixed layout and select from the following options.

Option 1: Dynamic layout

In a dynamic layout, the widgets will dynamically resize relative to the width of the browser window or screen.

of columns - Choose the number of columns (i.e., vertical grid) for arranging widgets. (Widgets can span multiple columns.) A larger number will provide more precise control over the layout; however, an unreasonably large number may affect performance.

Row height - Choose the row height (i.e., horizontal grid) in pixels. A smaller number will provide more precise control over the layout. (A widget can span multiple rows.)

Tip: For **# of columns** or **Row height**, you can enter a number, use the arrow buttons to increase/decrease the number, or click the **2x** or **1/2** buttons. However, <u>these methods affect existing</u> widgets differently (see page 10).

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\mathcal{T}	Filters None				
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# of C	olumns:				
12		\circ	2x	1/2	
Row H	leight:				
40		0	2x	1/2	

For **Min width** and **Max width**, specify the minimum and maximum width (in pixels) of the dashboard. Widgets will dynamically resize when the browser window or screen is within this range.

Gutter Spacing - To add space between columns, enter a horizontal (H) value in pixels. To add space between rows, enter a vertical (V) value in pixels. Gutter spacing can be used to add a uniform amount of space between widgets. Note that widgets that span multiple rows/columns will also include the gutters.

Dashboard Margin - To add space on the sides of the dashboard, enter a horizontal (H) value in pixels. To add space at the top of the dashboard, enter a vertical (V) value in pixels.

Background - Optionally, select a background image and/or color for the dashboard. The background will appear behind widgets and work with widget transparency (in general widget settings).

To choose an image, click the **Image** button and select from the Image Manager. The background image will repeat to fill the dashboard area. If the background image has transparency, the background color will display behind it.

To choose a background color, click a color from the palette or enter a custom HEX value.

Show This View in App - To use this layout in the Salient mobile app, check this box and enter a screen width (in pixels) above which the mobile app will use the desktop/tablet layout. The mobile app will use the phone layout (see below) when the screen width is below this value. In general widget settings, you can optionally hide any of the widgets in the mobile app.

Min Width:			
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Max Width:			
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Gutter Spacing:			
н: 8 🗘	V:	8	0
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If Screen Wider the	an:		
700			0

Option 2: Fixed layout

In a fixed layout, the dashboard and widgets will remain the same size regardless of the width of the browser window.

Page size - Select the width and height in pixels of the dashboard. To select a custom size, select Set Custom Size and then enter your own values.

Grid spacing - Salient Dashboards snap widgets to a grid when you move or resize them. The grid spacing is the number of pixels between grid points.

Background - Optionally, select a background image and/or color for the dashboard as explained under dynamic layout settings.

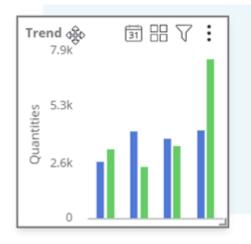
5. Add and arrange widgets in the workspace.

• To move a widget, drag and drop it in the desired location. Widgets will snap to columns and rows in a dynamic layout. In a fixed layout, widgets will snap to the grid.

- To resize a widget, drag and drop one of its handles.
- 6. Save the dashboard.

Tip: To reuse layout settings, you may want to apply them to a "template" dashboard to use as a starting point when building dashboards.

O Dynamic Layout	
Fixed Layout	
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Grid Spacing:	
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Background:	
none	\.
Image	Clear

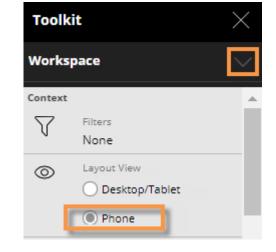


Phone layout

To set up the phone layout

- 1. In edit mode, select the workspace by clicking in a blank area of the dashboard, selecting **Workspace** in the toolkit menu, or pressing **w** on the keyboard.
- 2. Under Layout View, choose Phone. This will open the Phone Layout section where you can choose settings.

- Choose the # of Columns (i.e. vertical grid) for arranging widgets. (Widgets can span multiple columns.) A larger number will provide more precise control over the layout; however, an unreasonably large number may affect performance. You can enter the number, use the arrow buttons to increase/decrease the number, or click the 2x or 1/2 buttons. However, these methods affect existing widgets differently, as explained below (see page 16).
- 4. Choose the **Row Height** (i.e. horizontal grid) in pixels. A smaller number will provide more precise control over the layout. (A widget can span multiple rows.) You can enter the number, use the arrow buttons to increase/decrease the number, or click the **2x** or **1/2** buttons. However, these methods affect existing widgets differently, as explained <u>below</u> (see page 16).
- Gutter Spacing To add space between columns, enter a horizontal (H) value in pixels. To add space between rows, enter a vertical (V) value in pixels. Gutter spacing can be used to add a uniform amount of space between widgets.
- Dashboard Margin To add space on the sides of the dashboard, enter a horizontal (H) value in pixels. To add space at the top of the dashboard, enter a vertical (V) value in pixels.



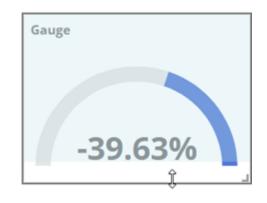
Phone Layour	t
# of Columns:	
2	2x ¹ / ₂ ¹ / ₂ ¹ / ₂
Row Height:	
40	
Gutter Spacing:	
н: 8 🗘	V: 8 🗘
Dashboard Margin:	
н: 8 🗘	v: 0 🗘
Show This View	in App

7. <u>Important:</u> Make sure the **Show This View in App** box is checked to enable the phone layout in the mobile app. Depending on the desktop/tablet settings, the mobile app may switch from the phone layout to the desktop/tablet layout (see the previous section) when the screen width is above a specified width (e.g., on a large tablet or when a device rotates).

If the **Show This View in App** box is cleared, the mobile app will use the default one-pane layout or the layout defined in the mobile app itself if one exists.

To set up the phone layout

- 8. Add and arrange widgets in the workspace. Widgets will snap to columns and rows as you move or resize them.
 - To move a widget, drag and drop it in the desired location.
 - To resize a widget, drag and drop one of its handles.



- 9. (*Optional*) If the dashboard includes tabs, you can choose a different <u>tab style</u> (see page 19) for the phone layout than the desktop/tablet layout.
- 10. (*Optional*) The following settings allow you to hide widgets in the mobile app but keep them in browser-based dashboards. For example, you might want to hide some widgets on mobile devices to save screen space. You can access these settings in general widget settings or the widget's menu.

• Show in Mobile - Leave this option on to show the widget in the mobile app; the widget may be hidden on narrow screens using the **Hide For Phone** setting (see below). Clear this option to <u>always</u> hide the widget in the mobile app.

• **Hide For Phone** - Turn this option on to hide the widget when the phone layout is used (i.e. on narrow screens such as phones) but show it when the desktop/tablet layout is used in the mobile app (e.g., on tablets). The screen width in the desktop/tablet layout controls when the phone layout is used.

Note that hiding the widget using either option will remove it from the phone preview. You can switch to the desktop/tablet preview to modify the widget's settings if necessary.

Line, dashboard, and Knowledge Manager widgets will not display in the mobile app; therefore, they do not have these settings.

11. Save the dashboard.

Options for changing number of columns and row height in layouts

To keep widgets in approximately the same position

Click 2x to double the value or 1/2 to halve the value. This will adjust the number of columns/rows in existing widgets proportional to the total columns/rows in the dashboard; therefore relative widget widths will stay approximately the same and the widget arrangement will not change significantly in most situations. (Some rounding may occur.) For example, a widget that spans 6 out of 12 columns or 50% would span 12 out of 24 columns or 50%.

To shrink/grow widgets

Enter a value in the corresponding box or use the arrows. This will <u>not</u> adjust the number of columns/rows in existing widgets; therefore, their relative widths and heights will change as compared to the total columns/rows in the dashboard. For example, a widget that spans 6 out of 12 columns or 50% would span 6 out of 24 columns or 25%.



Create widgets

You can use any of the following methods to create <u>data widgets</u> (see page 32) or content widgets (tabs, text/HTML, buttons, etc.), depending on whether you want to make them from scratch or copy/duplicate existing widgets. In general, widgets must be created in edit mode. After creating widgets, you can <u>position them within the</u> <u>dashboard</u> (see page 18).

Option	Explanation	
Add a blank widget	 Tip:If you click on another widget prior to adding a data widget, the new widget will inherit its context settings (date range, group by, etc.). Otherwise, the new widget will use the default settings. 1. Click the Add Widget ✓ button at the top of the screen. 2. In the pop-up window, <u>click and drag</u> the button of the widget type onto the workspace. If you prefer, you can <u>click</u> the button to place the widget in the upper-left corner. 	Add Widget Data Data Comparative Image: Comp
Copy a widget (from the same dashboard or a different dashboard)	 Click on the widget you want to copy. Press Ctrl + C on the keyboard. Click on the dashboard where you want to paste the widget. Press Ctrl + V on the keyboard. 	Copy (Ctrl + C)
	 Tips: You may want to open a new browser window if you plan to copy multiple widgets from another dashboard. You can also import settings from other dashboards (see page 31). 	Paste (Ctrl + V)

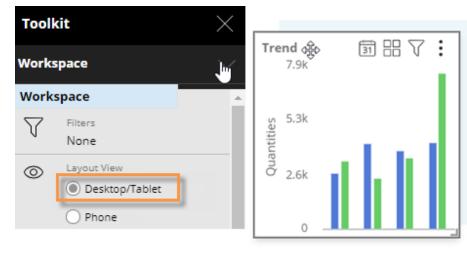
Option	Explanation	
Duplicate a widget within a dashboard	 Select the widget you want to duplicate. On the widget title bar, click the menu button and select Duplicate Widget, or press + on the keyboard. 	
	Tip: In explore mode, the new widget will be maximized in its own tab.	Explore From Here V Notify <▷ Custom View
		Show in Mobile
		Doughnut Funnel Pie

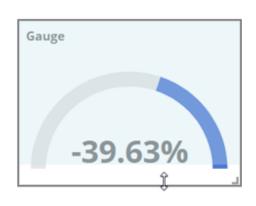
Position widgets

After <u>creating widgets</u> (see page 17), you should arrange them in the desktop/tablet layout <u>and</u> phone layout (if used). Each <u>layout</u> (see page 10) can store a different size/position for a widget.

To position widgets

- 1. In the Workspace area of the toolkit, select the layout (desktop/tablet or phone) for which you want to arrange widgets.
- 2. Position widgets in the workspace.
- Drag and drop to move a widget. The widget will snap to the underlying grid (columns and rows) as defined in the layout.
- To resize the widget, drag its bottom or right border, or enter a precise size in general settings.
- To place a widget in a tab, drag and drop it onto the tab or go to <u>Tab Settings</u> (see page 19).
- Repeat the process for the phone layout (if used)—moving and resizing widgets as desired. In addition, you can optionally <u>hide widgets in the phone layout</u> (see page 15) to save screen space on mobile devices.





Tips:

- To control the order of overlapping widgets, go to general settings where you can send a widget to the back or front.
- <u>General settings</u> (see page **Error! Bookmark not defined.**) provide additional design options for widgets, such as widget styles, transparency, borders, and customized titles.

Content widgets

Tab group

The tab group widget can organize a dashboard and maximize screen space by providing a tabbed or carousel view of multiple widgets. The user simply clicks to switch between the tabs. Each tab can have one or more widgets. Tab groups are available in browser-based dashboards as well as the mobile app.

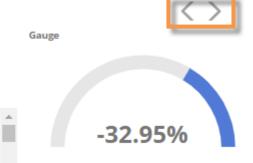
Tab format

Month to Date Year to Date	1				
Comparative					Gauge
Channel					
		Unit	5		
Channel	This \downarrow	Last	Diff	% Change	
> 🗌 Regional Chains	75,260	115,504	-40,244	-34.84	
> 🗌 Conv With Gas	29,393	38,590	-9,197	-23.83	
> Other Groceries	23,519	30,926	-7,407	-23.95	
> 🗌 Mass Merchandisers	20,109	28,922	-8,813	-30.47	
> Local Chains	17,356	22,752	-5,396	-23.72	



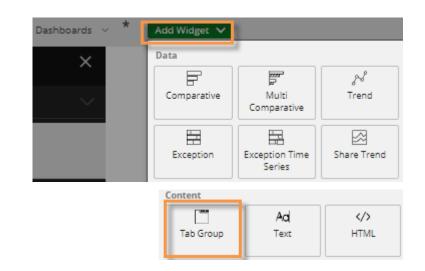
Carousel format

Comparative				
Channel				
		Unit	5	
Channel	This \downarrow	Last	Diff	% Change
> 🗌 Regional Chains	75,260	115,504	-40,244	-34.84
> 🗌 Conv With Gas	29,393	38,590	-9,197	-23.83
> Other Groceries	23,519	30,926	-7,407	-23.95
> 🗌 Mass Merchandisers	20,109	28,922	-8,813	-30.47



To add a tab group

- 1. Click the Add Widget V button at the top of the screen.
- 2. In the pop-up window, click and drag Tab Group onto the workspace.





To add a tab group

4. Configure display options for the tab group.

i. Click **Tab Settings** in the toolkit (the tab group must be selected). The pop-up window will list all widgets in the dashboard.

ii. Hover over the tab group and click .

iii. Select from the following options.

Type - Tabs or carousel

Style - A variety of styles are available. These may be configured by your administrator.

Show border in viewer

Single widget (in desktop/tablet layout only) - This option facilitates the creation of a simple tabbed view by allowing one widget per tab, automatically maximizing each widget in its tab, and populating the tab name with the widget title.

iv. (Optional) To use different display settings in the desktop/tablet and phone layouts, switch the layout type (under Layout View in the toolkit) and repeat step 4, selecting your preferred type and style for the layout.

- 5. Configure tabs within tab group.
 - i. In the pop-up window, hover over the tab and click @.
 - ii. Enter a tab name and choose display settings, including the background color, if desired.

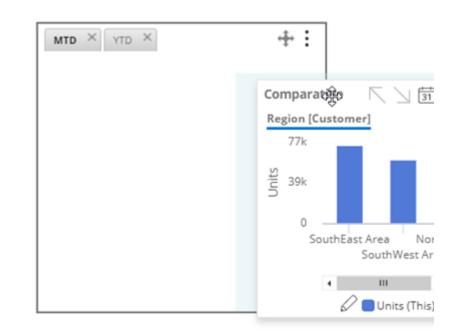
3 Tab Settings	Dashboard	
Tab Settings	Comparative	
	(7) Gauge	
	Tab Group	N @ @
	C Month to Date	
ſ	(7) Gauge	
	Comparative	
	Tab Widget Co	nfiguration (Desktop)
	Yea	0 1 17
	Type:	Tabs
	Style:	Classic
	(style	er in viewer
		get
Tab Configura	tion	
Tab Name:		
Month to Da		
Month to Da	ie .	OK
DdU	nfigure tab me, opacity, etc.)	

To add a tab group

6. Add widgets to the tabs using either of the following methods.

• In the workspace, select the tab and then drag a widget onto it.

• In the tab settings pop-up window (see step 5), drag the name of a widget onto the row of a tab.



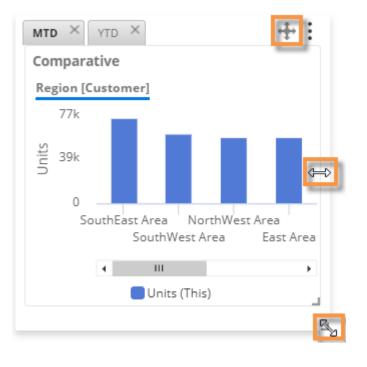
7. Position and size the tab group and its widgets.

• To move the tab group, drag and drop the + icon.

• To resize the tab group, drag its border or enter a precise size in the tab group's general settings.

• Position each widget within the tab group as desired by dragging and dropping or entering values in the widget's general settings.

• Repeat this step for the desktop/tablet layout <u>and</u> phone layout (if used). Each layout can store a different tab group size and position as well as arrangement of widgets within each tab.



Tip: To change the layout of the tab group (# of columns, row height, etc.), change the <u>layout settings</u> (see page 10) of the dashboard itself. In a dynamic layout, the tab group uses a "mini-layout" with the same settings. For example, if the dashboard has 12 columns, the tab group will have 12 columns within its allocated space. Likewise, the tab group will have the same margins and padding as the dashboard. In a fixed layout, the grid spacing will affect the tab group.

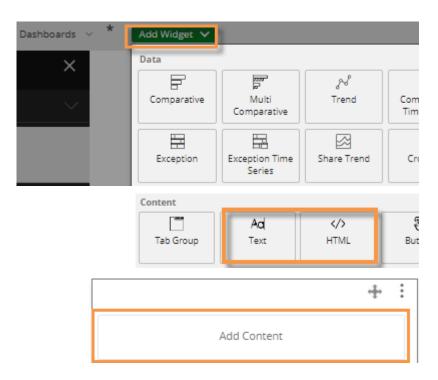
Text and HTML widgets

Text and HTML widgets show text or other content. These widgets can include hyperlinks and embedded content from other web pages. The only difference between HTML and text widgets is that the default editor is source (i.e., code) mode for HTML widgets and WYSIWYG mode (i.e., formatting controls) for content widget.

Text/HTML widgets are available in browser-based dashboards and the mobile app (if turned on as explained in step 7). Due to the flexibility of text and HTML content widgets, we cannot guarantee their appearance, especially for information pasted into the editor, on all browsers. As always, you should preview a dashboard before publishing it.

To add a text or HTML widget

- 1. Click the Add Widget V button at the top of the screen.
- 2. In the pop-up window, click and drag Text or HTML onto the workspace, depending on your preferred edit mode (WYSIWYG for text or source code for HTML).
- 3. Click Add Content in the widget, or click the button at the top of the widget and then select Edit.



 Depending on the edit mode, enter text or HTML code into the Content Editor.

> To switch between modes, click on the Content Editor toolbar.

5. Click **OK**.

Content Editor (WYSIWYG mode):

Conte	ent Editor						
V.	Tahoma	•	В	I	ц	T^	T*
Mor	nth to Date v	versus YA	G				

Content Editor (source edit mode):

Cont	ent Editor						
2	Tahoma		В	I	Ц	T^	${\sf T}^{\rm w}$
<for< th=""><th>t face="<u>tahoma</u>" st</th><th>yle="" size</th><th>2="4"</th><th>>Mor</th><th>nth to</th><th>Date ve</th><th>ersus</th></for<>	t face=" <u>tahoma</u> " st	yle="" size	2="4"	>Mor	nth to	Date ve	ersus

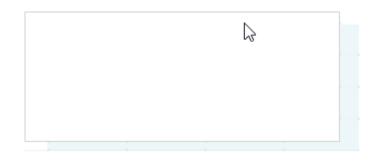
To add a text or HTML widget

- To customize display settings, go to General Settings in the toolkit, where you can choose a style, turn on/off borders, select transparency, etc.
- (Optional) To allow the text/HTML to be shown in the mobile app regardless of screen width, keep the Show in Mobile box checked and the Hide for Phone box cleared.

Widget Style:	
Default	~



8. <u>Position and size the widget</u> (see page 18) in the desktop/tablet layout and the phone layout (if used in the mobile app).



Button widgets

You can add a button(s) to allow users to quickly go to a URL, open a dashboard (with or without filters applied), filter the current dashboard, turn on equivalents, or change the date range.

Button widgets are available in browser-based dashboards and the mobile app (if turned on as explained in step 4).

To add a button widget

- 1. Click the Add Widget ✓ button at the top of the screen.
- 2. In the pop-up window, click and drag Button onto the workspace.

Tip: The button should be automatically selected so that you can customize it in the next step. If not, you can select it from the menu at the top of the toolkit.

3. In the toolkit, configure button settings:

- Enter the button label and apply text formatting as desired.

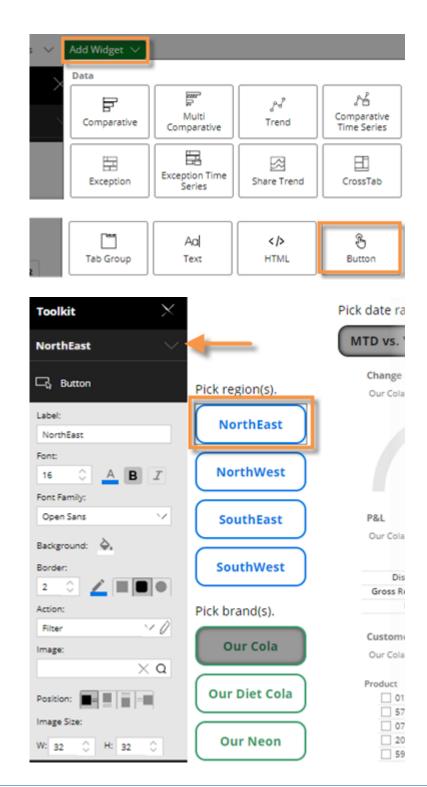
- Customize the button appearance by choosing a background color, border, and image (optional). If you choose an image, you can select its size and position relative to the button label. You may also be able to change the widget style under general settings.

- Choose an action (URL, Dashboard, Date Range, or Filter) and enter settings.

Tips:

• To create a button that goes to a different mode (e.g., explore mode), choose URL and enter an appropriate URL (see page 154).

• Any widget can ignore filter, date, or equivalent buttons if you wish. Select the widget, go to general settings, and then clear the option for the type of button to ignore.



To add a button widget

4. To show the button in the mobile app, checkmark the **Show in Mobile** box in General Settings. To hide the button in the mobile app, clear this option.

🕢 General Settings	
Widget Style:	
Default	~
🔽 Show in Mobile	

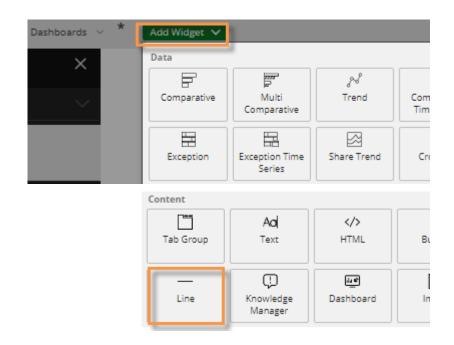
Line widgets

You can add lines to organize or enhance a dashboard. Line widgets will be hidden in the mobile app.

To add a line

- Click the Add Widget
 Add Widget
 button at the top of the screen.
- In the pop-up window, click and drag Line onto the workspace.

Tip: The new widget should be automatically selected so that you can format it. If the line widget is not selected, click on it.



To add a line

- 3. In the toolkit, configure line settings:
 - Choose a line direction.
 - Choose a line thickness and color.

Tip: To change the line length, click and drag in the workspace or go to general settings. You may also be able to change the widget style under general settings.

/ Line		
Direction:		
Horizontal		\sim
Thickness:		
1	$\hat{}$	

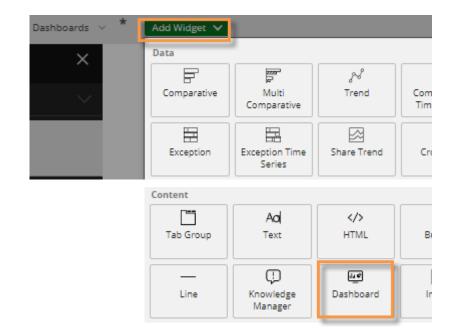
Dashboard widgets

A dashboard widget provides a set of links to other dashboards, such as recent dashboards, favorite dashboards, all dashboards, published dashboards, or a custom assortment of dashboards. Dashboard widgets will be hidden in the mobile app.

To add a dashboard widget

- Click the Add Widget V button at the top of the screen.
- In the pop-up window, click and drag Dashboard onto the workspace.

Tip: The new widget should be automatically selected so that you can customize it in the next step. If the widget is not selected, click on it.



To add a dashboard widget

 From the Filter menu in the toolkit, select the type/category of dashboards for which to provide links:

- **Favorites** or **Recent** shows a simple list or tile array.

- All, Published, Unpublished, or Private reflects the folder structure; users will be able to navigate to folders and select dashboards.

- **Custom** provides links to specific dashboards. After selecting this option, you can select the dashboards from the pop-up window.

Keep in mind that a user must have the necessary rights to a dashboard to open it.

4. In the toolkit, select formatting options, including the layout (list or tile), style, font, and background. In addition, you can show or hide the following: icons (i.e. badges, chart symbols, and folder icons), outline, search bar, and favorite stars.

The **Show Path in Title** option affects widgets that include the dashboard folder structure (e.g., All). If enabled, the widget title will reflect path of the current folder.

Dashboard			
ilter:			_
Recent 🗸	Recent	Search	Q
ayout:		MTD by Region 🕇	
List ~		Customers by Volume*	
Vidget Style:		MTD Brand Performance	e*
ont:	\$#	Brand Performance 🕇	
14 🗘 🗾 B 🗾	s~S	Pricing Trend [☆]	
ont Family:	ŁD	Basic Geo [☆]	
Open Sans 🗸 🗸	F	Basic by Channel 苯	
Background: 💊			
Show Icons			
Show Outline			
Show Search Bar			
Show Path in Title			
Show Star			
Use Workspace Filters			
🖉 Open in New Tab			

- If you want to carry forward any applied workspace filters to the linked dashboards, check the Use Workspace Filters box. This would allow a user to narrow down on a business segment, and then continue their investigation in another dashboard.
- 6. To open linked dashboards in a new browser tab, check the **Open in New Tab** box. Or, clear this option to open dashboards in the same browser tab.
- 7. To apply additional formatting options, such as a widget style, title, transparency, and border, go to General Settings in the toolkit.

Image widgets

Image widgets allow you to add images to a dashboard. Image widgets are available in browser-based dashboards and the mobile app (if turned on as explained in step 7).

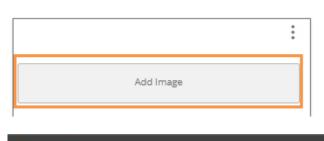
Add Widget 🗸

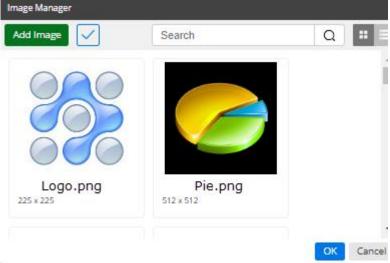
To add an image

- 1. Click the Add Widget V button at the top of the screen.
- 2. In the pop-up window, click and drag Image onto the workspace.

Data			
Comparative	Multi Comparative	್ರಿ Trend	Comparative Time Series
Exception Time Series	Share Trend	CrossTab	ا <u>ن ان ان</u>
Mix	(7) Gauge	i Geo	
Content			
Tab Group	Ad Text	HTML	Image

- 3. Click **Add Image** in the widget, or click the button at the top of the widget and then select **Edit**.
- This opens the image manager, which stores all images used in dashboards. Select an image or click Add Image to upload a new image. You can also search for an image. The image file type must be supported by the web browser used.
- 5. After selecting an image, click OK.





To add an image

- 6. To customize display settings, go to General Settings in the toolkit, where you can choose a style, turn on/off borders, adjust layering, select transparency, etc.
- (Optional) To allow the image to be shown in the mobile app regardless of screen width, keep the Show in Mobile box checked and the Hide for Phone box cleared.

🖉 General Settings	
Widget Style:	
Default	~



8. <u>Position and size the widget</u> (see page 18) in the desktop/tablet layout and the phone layout (if used in the mobile app).



Import dashboard options

You can import settings from other dashboards to facilitate dashboard design. For example, you might want to import filters, member coloring, and other dashboard settings.

To import dashboard options

- 1. Open the dashboard to which you want to apply the settings.
- Go to the dashboards menu at the top of the screen.
- 3. Turn on Import Options.
- Click on the name of the dashboard that has the settings you want to import.
- In the Import Options dialog, check the settings you wish to import, or check Select All to quickly import all available settings.

Filters - includes filters that have been applied to the workspace. (Workspace filters associated with filter widgets are not available for import.)

Options - include various <u>dashboard settings</u> (see page 114).

Display - includes settings for custom <u>coloring of members</u> (see page 98) and may also include a <u>background image</u> (see page 10) and badge image (if used).

6. Click Import.

Tip: You can also <u>copy widgets</u> (see page 17) from other dashboards.

🟠 Dashbo	ards 🗸 *	Add Widget $ \smallsetminus $	
 Search			Q
🔓 New	🕀 Explore	🕂 Refresh	Import Options
Cha	ain Account Pe	rformance	-
Pro	duct Performa	ance - by brand	
Pro	duct Performa	ance	

Import Options
Select All
To import widgets onto your dashboard, you can copy widgets by selecting a widget and hitting Ctrl/Cmd + C on the keyboard and hitting Ctrl/Cmd + V to paste it when you are focused on a dashboard workspace.
Filters
Form (Product)
SalesRep (Customer) Baird, Jim
-
Options Export: Prompt
Display Host Code: Hode Code Mode: None ()
Knowledge Manager Options Knowledge Manager Options
Category Visibility Options
Allow Spawning: True
Show Standard Widget Title: False
Add Cube Names: False
Use Metric Colors on Grid: True
Filter Panel Options Open on Load: False Position: Right
🗆 Display
Member Coloring: Brand(9), Region(7), Company(1)
Import Cancel

Data analysis widgets

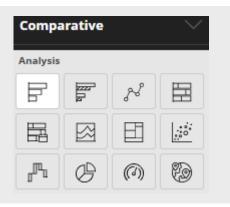
Many different <u>types of data widgets</u> (see page 33) are available to show performance metrics and answer questions such as: How did we do compared to last year or another timeframe? How is performance changing over time? What are the outliers or areas of concern? Who or what met performance criteria?

You can <u>create data analysis widgets</u> (see page 17) by adding them directly from the Add Widget \checkmark menu at the top of the screen, copying widgets, or duplicating widgets. After creating data analysis widgets, you should set them up by:

- Adding measures (see page 38)
- <u>Selecting the By to group the data</u> (see page 52)
- <u>Changing the date range</u> (see page 45)
- Filtering the data (see page 69)
- <u>Switching between numbers and graphs</u> (see page 88)
- Customizing settings (see page Error! Bookmark not defined.) including grid, graph, and general settings
- <u>Positioning widgets</u> (see page 18) within the desktop/tablet layout and phone layout (if used)

Tip:

You can change the analysis type of an existing data widget by clicking on it and then clicking in the analysis area of the toolkit.



Types of data analysis widgets

You can choose from various analysis types depending on what you want to find out about the data. Most analysis types are available as either a grid or graph.



DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS

Analysis type

Crosstab

Comparison grid or graph that organizes data by two different attributes (i.e., dimensions) to examine cross-sections of data.

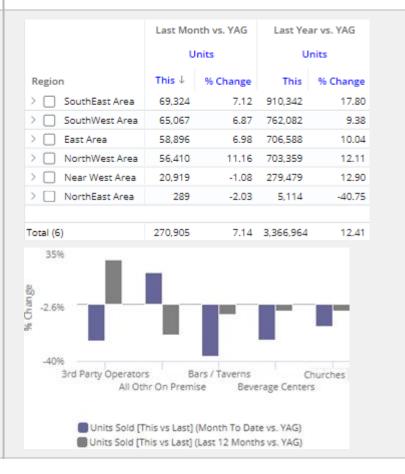
Examples

Region	Our Cola	Our Neon	Our DietCola	Our Lemon- Lime
> 🗌 SouthEast Area	27,332	10,090	9,316	2,650
> 🗌 SouthWest Area	27,513	8,239	9,750	3,362
> 🗌 East Area	25,313	10,343	8,364	2,644
> 🗌 NorthWest Area	23,342	9,620	7,189	2,358
> 🗌 Near West Area	5,634	2,352	2,772	868
> 🗌 NorthEast Area	182	10	32	11
Total (6)	109,316	40,654	37,423	11,893

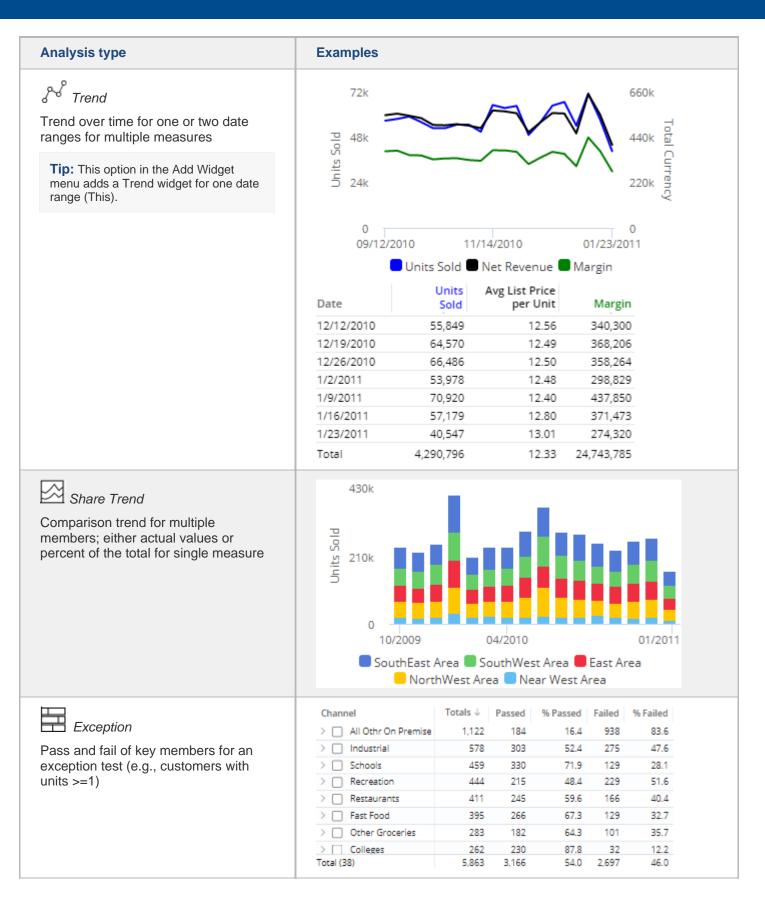
Regional Chains Our Cola	Our Neon Our DietC Our
Coury With Cos	Our Neon Our D
Other Grocentes	Our Neon Our Di
Mass Marchandisars	Our DietCola Our Neon O

Multi Comparative

Comparison of members for any number of date ranges and measures; column filters (see page 159) may be applied to focus on specific subsets of data and provide dynamic benchmark comparisons (see page 161).



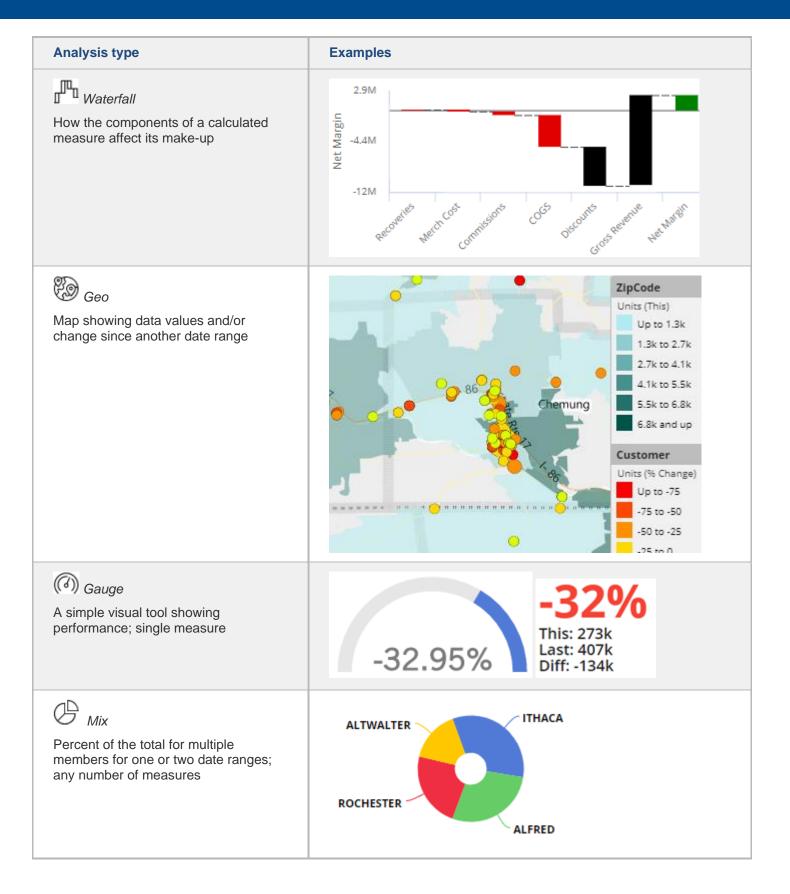
DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS



DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS



DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS



Tips:

- To view record-level data similar to that in SIM's Line Item or Time in Place analysis, you can group the data by <u>Record Details</u> (see page 132).
- <u>Custom views</u> (see page 154) may be configured to show representations of data beyond the graphs and grids shown here.

Add measures

You can add measures or "data fields" to data widgets using the measures area of the toolkit (located under Context). Users will be able to easily show or hide the any of the selected measures (see page 40) using the S button, or go into the edit area to add more measures, depending on dashboard and user account settings.

To add measures

Contex	rt	Comparative				
\bigcirc	Cube Sales	Channel 1. Sele	ect widg	et.		
31	Date Range Month To Date vs. YAG					
₽	Group By Channel > Company					
\mathbb{A}	Filters None					
0	None 2. Op	en measures.		Selected		Q
⇔	Equivalent None	Margin	^	Units Sold		0
		3. Select measures.		Net Revenue Margin Customers Solo	1	0
		Net Margin Net Margin Mix Unit Dead Net Margin Unit Margin			mea	w/hide sures. ional)
		Unit Margin [Budget] Show All	5. Clic	c OK.	ОК	Cancel

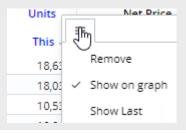
- 1. Select widget Click on the widget if it's not already selected.
- 2. **Open measures -** In the Toolkit panel, click on **Measures**.
- 3. Select measures Under Available, expand the category of the measure. Then, check the box(es) of the measure(s), or drag a measure to the right (Selected) pane to add it at a specific location. You can add all measures in a category by checking the category box. You may want to add several measures to provide easy access for users and then hide some of the measures in the next step. The number of allowed measures depends on the widget type.
- 4. Optionally, hide 🜌 all measures except those that you want to show when the dashboard initially loads.
- 5. Click OK.

Tips:

• In the Measures area, the tools in the right pane allow you to search for a measure, remove a measure, rearrange measures, change measure display settings, create measure groups, and show/hide measures.

			Search		
Measures		Search		Q	
Available	Rearrange	Jeiceur I A	Create New (Group	Group
Unit Margin	Budgetj	Units		0	
🗌 Unit Margin (Forecast]	Net Revenue	1	00	
Unit Margin	w/ AdCost	Variable Op Profit		0	
Unit Net Mar	gin		Remove		
Unit Var Op F	Profit		Kemove	Sho	ow/hide
Var Op Profit	/Drop				
Variable Op I	Profit		Dis	play	
				tings	
Select all				ne and	
🕀 🚺 Causal			-	ision)	
🕀 🗹 Customer Desc	_{ript} Show all m	easures	proc		J
🗄 🗌 Customer Dime	nsi (includ	ing			
4	description	ns and			
Show All	dimensio	ons)	OK Ca	ancel	

- By default, the available measures depend on the context (data cube, By, etc.). You can check the **Show All** box at the bottom of the dialog to see all measures regardless of the context.
- The measures dialog also lets you add descriptions (e.g., name, address, UPC, etc.) and dimensions that can be viewed in a key list (e.g., Customer List). These categories are available if the data is grouped by a "List." If the List is the 2nd By, 3rd By, etc., you may need to turn on the **Show All** option to access descriptions and dimensions.
- Measures may also be limited by the analysis type.
- To hide or show a subcolumn (e.g., This or Last), click the menu icon ≡ in its heading and select **Remove** or **Show**.



Select measures

You can select measures using the measure selection % tool in any mode of Salient Dashboards. (This tool may be turned off in general settings.)

To select measures

- On the widget toolbar, click the S button (visible on mouseover). If the widget only has one measure, this will take you directly to the Measures window (Step 3).
- In the pop-up menu, check the boxes of the measures to show and clear the boxes of the measures to hide; then, click OK. This menu lists the measures that have been added to the widget. If you don't see the desired measure(s), click on Edit Measures and continue to Step 3.

Note: The ability to edit measures in view mode may be restricted by dashboard or user account settings.

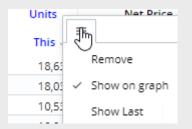
	S 🖬 📶 V C	2:
	Units	
Net ↓ Revenue	Promo	
6,753,484	🖉 Net Revenue	
2,759,992	Edit Measu	ires
2,252,433		
652,907	ОК	Cancel
597,784		
505 705		

3. *To edit measures:* Expand a data category in the left (Available) pane. Then, check the box(es) of the measure(s), or drag a measure to the right (Selected) pane. Click OK when you are finished editing measures.

Measures		Search	Q
Available	Ē	Selected 🗸 🔿	Create New Group
🕀 🗌 Quantities	-	Units	0
🕀 🗌 Income		Promo	X
🕀 🗌 Cost		Net Revenue	0
🖂 🗌 Margin		Margin	0
APO Margin		Margin %	0
APO Net Margin			
APO Var Op Profit			
AVG Margin/Drop			
Avg MC/Buying Customer			
Margin			
Margin %			
Marein w/ AdCost			
	•		
Show All		C	Cancel

Tips:

To hide or show a subcolumn (e.g., This or Last), click the menu icon \equiv in its heading and select **Remove** or **Show**.



In an Exception widget, the measure selection tool N lets you show or hide individual exception columns (Passed, Passed %, etc.). The Measures window (i.e., Edit Measures) controls the measures that will be shown in exception lists.

Insert calculations

Insert difference and percent change

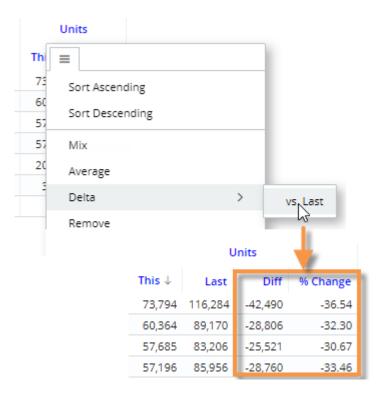
In grids that compare two date ranges, you can insert the difference and percent change (i.e., variance).

To insert difference and percent change

- 1. <u>Switch to the grid</u> (see page 88) if you haven't already.

Tip: To add the difference/percent change between any other values (e.g. This vs. budget), place your cursor over the first subheading in the formula, click the drop-down arrow, and then make your selection.





Insert mix

In grids that compare members, you can insert the percent of the total (mix) contributed by each member. In a Trend or Comparative Time Series widget, this adds the percent of the total for each unit of time. You cannot add mix for fields calculated with multiplication or division (such as per unit fields).

To insert mix

- 1. <u>Switch to the grid</u> (see page 88) if you haven't already.
- 2. Place your cursor on the column for which you want to add mix values.
- 3. Click the menu icon \equiv .
- 4. On the pop-up menu, select Mix.

Units	Units			
75 Sort Ascending	This ↓	Last	Mix (This)	
60 Sort Descending	73,794	116,284	27.0	
57	60,364	89,170	22.1	
57 Mix	57,605	02,2	21.1	
20 Average	57,196	85,956	20.9	
	20,767	33,016	7.6	
	3,613	0	1.3	
	118	320	0.0	

Tip: Additional options are available in Crosstab grids.

- Column (Mix C) percent of the total of all columns within the given row.
- Row (Mix R) percent of the total of all rows within the given column.
- Total (Mix T) percent of the total of all rows and columns.

For example, the following shows Mix for Mocha Coffee in the SouthEast region:

	Mocha Coffee				Total	
		Unit	s		Units	
	Mix - C Mix - R Mix - T This (Units) (Units) (Units)			This	Mix (Units)	
SouthEast Area	185	40.3	69.0	28.4	459	70.5
SouthWest Area	34	39.5	12.7	5.2	86	13.2
East Area	25	45.5	9.3	3.8	55	8.4
NorthWest Area	24	48.0	9.0	3.7	50	7.7
NorthEast Area	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1	0.2
Total (5)	268	41.2	100.0	41.2	651	100.0

Mix - C = 185 (Mocha Coffee in SouthEast)/459 (All brands in SouthEast) x 100% = 40.3%

Mix - R = 185 (Mocha Coffee in SouthEast)/268 (Mocha Coffee in all regions) x 100% = 69.0%

Mix - T = 185 (Mocha Coffee in SouthEast)/651 (total for all brands in all regions) x 100% = 28.4%

Insert average

In comparative grids, you can insert a column that shows the average per day, week, month, or period in the date range. For example, if the view totals data for past 6 months, the average column would show the average value per month.

To insert average

- 1. <u>Switch to the grid</u> (see page 88) if you haven't already. For the average column to be meaningful, the widget should show at least two units of time (days, weeks, months, etc.)
- To add the average for This date range, place your cursor over This column; to add the average for Last date range, place your cursor over Last column.

Units	Units
433 Sort Ascending	This↓ Last (This)
349	433,144 447,981 72,191
339 Sort Descending	349,907 381,401 58,318
317 Highlighting	339,292 357,122 56,549
132 Mix	317,439 344,411 52,907
2	132,793 137,8 <mark>62</mark> 22,132
Average	3,613 0 602
	2,606 4,658 434

Move and resize columns

To move columns

- 1. In a grid, click the heading of the column you want to move.
- 2. Press the left mouse button, drag the cursor to the new location, and release the mouse button.

Un	its [Un	its Net R	evenue	Ma	rgin
This \downarrow	Last	This	Last	This	Last
73,794	116,284	66,972	1,055,429	32,384	497,780
60,364	89,170	53,324	809,507	26,234	391,334
57,685	83,206	50,061	753,924	24,646	363,452

To resize a column

Click and drag the right side of the column to the desired width.

Tip: To go back to the default width (i.e., autosize), click the menu icon at the top of the column and select **Reset to Auto Width**.

	Customer Count w/Sales Units				
% Change	This	Last	Diff	(بے) Khan≣	
7.12	411	433	-22	-5.08	

Expand a calculated measure

Many data values are calculated within the UXT system using other measures. To see the formula for a measure, place your cursor over its heading. If you have the necessary rights, you can expand a measure to see all measures used in its formula.

To expand a calculated measure

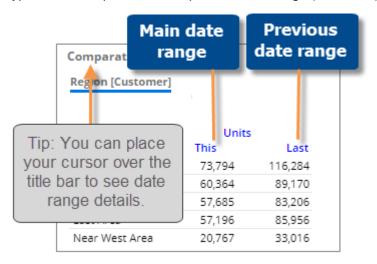
- In a grid, place your cursor over the heading of the measure you want to expand and then click the drop-down arrow.
- 2. On the pop-up menu, select **Expand**.

Tip: To remove the measures, access the pop-up menu and select the collapse option.

Revenu 66 53 50 Remo	ve	l.	
4€ ✓ Show	an papi	Net Revenue	2
	Discounts	Gross Revenue	Net Revenue ↓
	-21,255	88,227	66,972
	-16,877	70,200	53,324
	-17,164	67,225	50,061
	-19,005	65,291	46,286

Select the dates

Each widget shows data for a range of dates (days, weeks, months, etc.). The date range can update automatically over time as new data becomes available. The main date range is referred to as "This" date range. Some widget types allow comparison with a previous date range (i.e., "Last").



Most widget types aggregate data over all dates in a date range (e.g., total of last six months). However, timeseries analysis shows each date (e.g., each month) individually.

Salient Dashboards provide several ways to select the date ranges, including:

- Comprehensive date setup options, including resolution, number of dates, and advanced options, are available in the <u>date setup area</u> (see page 45). Date settings can be applied per widget and/or linked across multiple widgets.
- A date selector (see page 49) allows users to shift the end date.
- A dashboard may include buttons to quickly change the date.

Date setup

Select from the following options to choose the initial date range to display when the user opens the dashboard. You can also select from these options as you investigate the data in Salient Dashboards.

To select the date setup

- Click the date setup icon in the title bar of the widget, or click on the widget and then click on Date Range under Context in the toolkit.
- In the dialog, choose from the following date settings. The available options depend on the dataset and may be preconfigured by your administrator.

Context	
Cube Sales	⊂ <u>1</u> 🖬 🖬 ⊽ Q 🗄
31 Date Range Month To Date vs. YAG	Units This 🌱 Last
	269,924 407,952

DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS

	Name: Mos Resolution Day filters Day Filters					
	Resolution: Month V Week Ending: Sunday V					
Main date range (This)	Month To Date Last Month Last 6 Months Year To Date Last Year Custom Fixed					
	Start: 01/01/2011 Image: 01/31/2011 < Image: 01/31/2011					
	Most Recent Complete					
Previous date range (Last)						
	Start: 01/01/2010					
	Comparison: Matching time frames					
	Reset to saved date range (view mode only) OK Cancel					
	Link/unlink widget's date range					

Option	Explanation
Resolution (i.e. days, weeks, months, or customized periods, etc.)	Choose the units of time from the menu at the top of the dialog. This selection controls which date presets will be available.
Main date range (This)	Under This , click the button of the date range to view (e.g. Month To Date). The available date presets depend on the resolution selected above and the dataset configuration. If you wish, you can customize the date range further after making your selection.
Day filters (optional)	Optionally, click the Day Filters button at the top of the dialog to choose specific days of the week or business days within the date range to analyze. Data for all other dates will be filtered out.

Option	Explanation
Comparison date range (Last) - optional	Under Last, click the button of the previous date range (e.g., YAG). The available options depend on the resolution selected above. If the dialog does not include a Last section, click Add Date Range at the bottom of the dialog to include a previous date range if desired. Tip: A comparison date range is optional in many widget types. If you want to look at a single date range only, you can remove the Last date range. Last remove the Last date range. Last remove the Last Month Last 6 Months Last 6 Months Last 6 Months Last 7 Custom Fixed
Comparison for incomplete timeframes	 A Comparison option at the bottom of the dialog controls the selection of the previous (Last) date range when This date range is incomplete. Matching time frames - Adjust the number of days in Last date range to match the number of days in This date range for a precise view of gain/loss (i.e. how much better/worse are we doing). For example, compare March 1 through 15 of this year with March 1 through 15 last year. Complete last period - Do not adjust the number of days in Last date range; instead show the complete last month or period for a gap or goal perspective (i.e. how much more to go). For example, compare March through 15 of this year with the full month of March last year.
Linked dates (i.e., use dashboard date)	 Toggle the link icon at the bottom of the dialog to link or unlink the widget's date range, depending on whether you want the date range to update with the dashboard date. indicates that the widget's date will update when the dashboard date changes. In view mode, the date ranges of all linked widgets update simultaneously when one of them is changed. indicates that the widget's date range is unlinked and, therefore, has its own stand-alone date range. Tips: Even if date ranges of widgets are linked, they operate independently in edit mode to allow you to set different initial date ranges for the widgets. The date icon setting must be on (in general widget settings) for linked date ranges to function. You can also link/unlink a widget using the Use Dashboard Date setting in general widget settings.

Tips:

The date range selected in edit mode (prior to saving) is used as the default that appears when users open the dashboard in view mode.

In view mode, you can click the Reset button to revert the date range back to the last saved settings.

Tips:

By default Comparative and Multi Comparative widgets will show the data in "This" and "Last" columns, but you can <u>customize the headers</u> (see page 93) to show more information about the date range(s) if you wish.

Multi Comparative widgets can show additional date ranges besides the standard This and Last ranges. To add date ranges, select the widget and then click **Add Date Range** in the toolkit. To edit a date range, click **3** in the widget's toolbar and then select the name of the date range. Multi Comparative date ranges cannot be linked to other widgets.

When custom fiscal periods are selected, you can click the **i** icon to view the start date and end dates of each period.

	U	Units		
Region	Last Week (1/24/2023 - 1/30/2023)		Prior Week /17/2023 - 1/23/2023)	
SouthEast Area	14,3	53	13,808	
NorthWest Area	8,4	91	11,455	
East Area	8,1	41	11,654	
Month To Da Year To Date 6 Months + Add Date Ra		Mon	Year T	To Date o Date ths
			ive> 🗸	

Enable or disable date setup for view mode

By default, the date setup icon 31 is enabled in view mode, allowing users to change the date of a widget. This provides full access to date options including the resolution, number of dates, start/end dates, and more. If you wish, you can disable this icon for any widget. Other methods of date selection, such as an end-date menu or buttons may still be available.

To enable/disable date setup icon for view mode

- 1. Select the widget for which you want to disable or enable the date setup icon.
- 2. Expand General Settings in the toolkit.
- Locate the Show Date Setup Icon in Viewer Mode property and check or clear its box.

(②) General Settings
Y Position:
130 🗘
🗹 Enable Export
Show Date Setup Icon In Viewer Mode

End date selection

A date selector allows users to choose the dashboard end date to shift the date ranges of multiple widgets across the dashboard at once. This type of date selection does not change the resolution (days, weeks, months, etc.) or number of dates in the date ranges.

To select the dashboard end date

- 1. Click a date selector to open it. A date selector may be in the filters panel or within the dashboard as a separate widget, depending on the dashboard's setup. If the dashboard doesn't include a date selector in either of these areas, you can <u>add one</u> (see page 50).
- 2. Select a dashboard end date from the menu. This controls what is considered the current date or "today" and will, therefore, adjust dynamic date ranges relative to this date. Fixed date ranges and date ranges that are unlinked (i.e., do not use the dashboard date) are not affected by end date selection.

As a separate widget in the dashboard:

In filter panel:

Monthly End Date	Monthly End Date	31 📗
Most Recent(7/17/2018)	Most Recent(7/17/2018)	\sim
Most .	Most Recent(7/17/2018)	-
Recent(7/17/2018)	07/2018	
07/2018	06/2018	
06/2018	05/2018	
05/2018	04/2018	
	03/2018	

Tips:

If the resolution of an end date selector is different than a widget's date range, then Salient Dashboards will use an appropriate end date based on the selection. For example, if the date selector is monthly and a widget's date range is last week, the resulting date range is the last full week in the selected month.

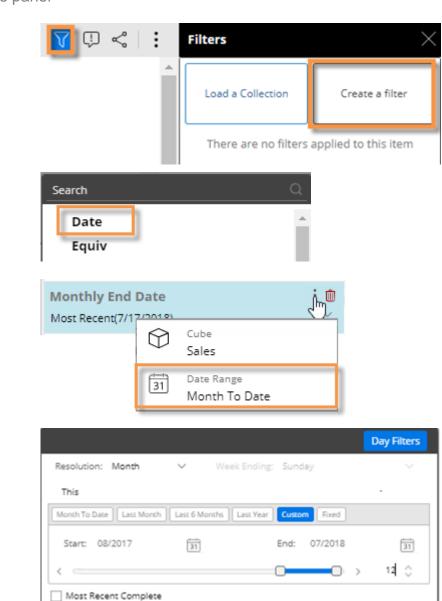
Depending on how it has been set up, the date selector may include a Most Recent or Most Recent Complete option.

A date selector can be selectively turned off for a widget in edit mode (under General Settings, Use Dashboard Date), so that it does not affect the widget's date range. You can see whether a date selector is active or inactive for a given widget by placing your cursor over the widget's title to see the tooltip.

Trend	S III V I
Trend	
Date Range: 2/1/2020 Sat - 1/2	31/2021 Sun (12 Months)
Date Selector: Ac	tive

To add a date selector to the filters panel

- 1. Click the vat the top of the dashboard screen to open the filter panel.
- 2. Click **Create a filter**.
- 3. Click Date.



4. Set the dates that will appear as choices in the menu.

i. Mouseover the date selector in the filters panel, and then click the icon.

ii. Click on Date Range.

iii. Select the resolution of the dates to appear in the menu (e.g., months).

iv. Configure the date range so that it includes all of dates that should appear as choices in the menu. The dates can be fixed or move automatically based on available data. For example, you might want to allow users to select from the last twelve months.

7

Most Recent(1/31/2000)

To add a date selector widget (edit mode only)

This method places a date selector widget within the dashboard and adds a corresponding menu in the filters panel. Users will not be able to remove the selector in view mode.

- 1. Click the Add Widget V button at the top of the screen.
- 2. In the pop-up window, click the Date button or drag it onto the workspace.

Dashboards Add Widget Data × F 200 N Trend Comparative Multi Com Comparative Tim ÷ 井 22 Exception Exception Time Share Trend Cro Series Selector ∇ < 31 Filter Date Equiv **Monthly End Date** Monthly End Date

3. Set the dates that will appear as choices in the menu.

i. Click on the date widget, and then click on Date Range in the toolkit.

ii. Select the resolution of the dates to appear in the menu (e.g., months).

iii. Configure the date range so that it includes all of dates that should appear as choices in the menu.

Tips:

The selected date cube controls the available dates. You may need to change the data cube associated with the date selector to make the desired dates available.

In the Filter panel, this can be done by clicking the icon and selecting **Cube**.

For a date selector widget, the data cube can be selected in the toolkit.



The date selector will affect all widgets that use the dashboard date (i.e., linked dates). This is the default setting, but it can be changed in general widget settings.

Cube

Sales

Date Range

Month To Date

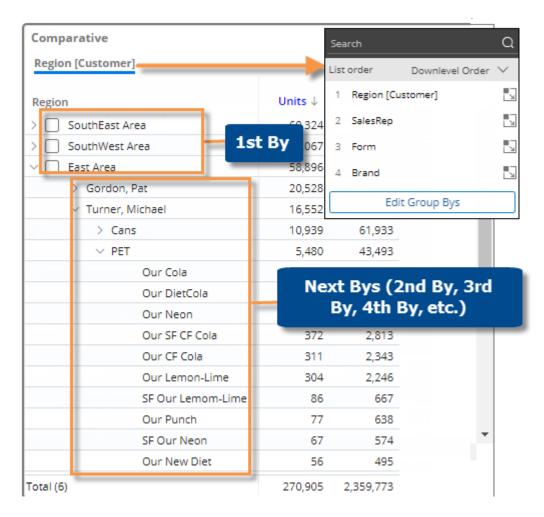
N

31

Group By attributes

The "Group By" attributes control the following aspects of widgets that compare members (Comparative, Multi Comparative, etc.):

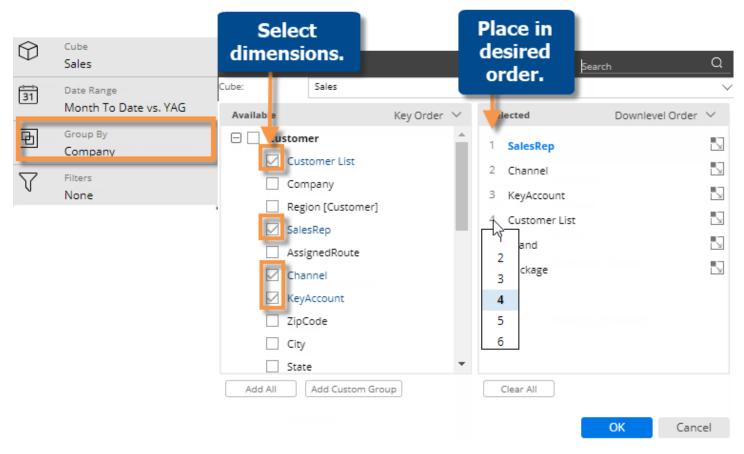
- How data is grouped at the highest level (1st By).
- If and how members can be expanded into additional levels of data (2nd By, 3rd By, etc.).
- The default order of dimensions when drilling down (i.e., drill order).
- What dimensions users can drill into.
- What global filters can be applied.
- What dimensions are available in the Group By menu in the breadcrumb path. (Users will be able to access additional dimensions via an "edit" option.)



To select the Group By (in widgets that compare members)

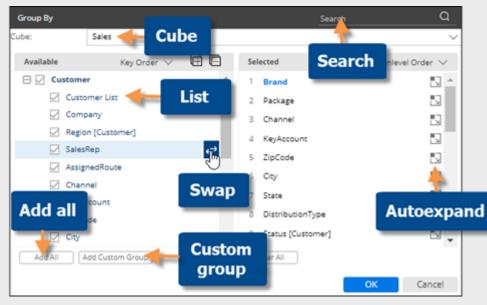
- 1. Click on the widget and then click on Group By in the toolkit.
- 2. In the Group By window, check the box(es) of any dimension(s) you wish to use for grouping the data, including the dimension for the highest-level groupings (1st By) and additional dimensions to use when drilling or expanding members (2nd By, 3rd By, etc.). Also include any dimensions you wish to make available to end users in the breadcrumb menu. To search for a dimension, enter the first few characters in the search box. If the desired By is not listed, you may need to change the data cube at the top of the window.

- 3. In the right pane, place the selected dimensions in the desired order for grouping data, drilling, and expanding members. You can drag and drop dimensions or click the dimension's number to select from a menu.
- 4. (Optional) To turn on auto-expand for a dimension, click the button in the right pane. The icon is blue when auto-expand is on. This will expand all members of the dimension to the next level. The results will be different depending on the type of view: standard grid (i.e., tree) (see page 56); flat view grid (see page 58); or expanded graph formats (see page 60). Auto-expand is available in Comparative, Multi Comparative, and Mix widget types.
- 5. Click OK.



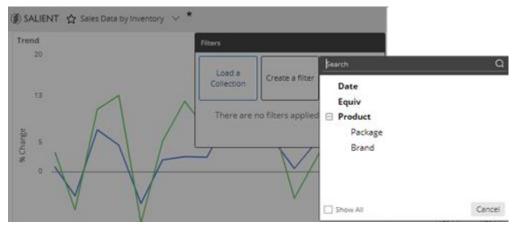
Tips:

- You can swap the selected dimension in the right pane with an available dimension in the left pane to quickly add it.
- You can add all dimensions using a button.
- To view key-level details (e.g., customers), group the data by the "List" option.
- To view <u>record-level details</u> (see page 132), group the data by Record Details, which is located after all keys/dimensions in the left pane.
- You can add a <u>custom group</u> (see page 129) to create your own custom method for grouping and comparing data.



Filter By

In non-comparative widgets (Trend, Gauge, Waterfall, etc.), data is aggregated rather than grouped by a dimension. Therefore, instead of a Group By, a Filter By controls the default filter choices for view mode. Additional dimensions will be available for filtering via a Show All option. For example:



To set the default filter choices (in non-comparative widgets)

- 1. Click on the widget and then click on **Filter By** in the toolkit.
- 2. In the dialog, check the box(es) of the dimensions to set as default filter choices.

	Sales					
31	Date Range 02/1997 - 05/1998 vs. Year Ago					
	Filter By	Filter By			Search	Q
면	Package > Brand	Available	Key Order 🗸	Selected		Default Order 🖂
Y	Filters	Product		Package		
	None	Product List		Brand		
(h)	Measures (2 + 1)	Package				
	Units, Promo	Brand				
1	Fouivalent					

Expand data

Tree expansion

In standard grids that compare members, you can expand one or more members to see subgroupings underneath them. You can expand the 1st By dimension to see the 2nd By, the 2nd By dimension to see the 3rd By, etc. You can expand members individually or auto-expand all members of a dimension (only available in some analysis types).

		Units	
Region	This ↓	Last	% Change
> SouthEast Area 1st By	69,324	64,719	7.12
SouthWest Area	65,067	60,886	6.87
> Stark, Solomon	9,527	18,909	3.27
> Davis, John 2nd B	y _{5,840}	15,009	5.54
 Keller, Brad 	11,730	9,842	19.18
> S.Newburg Dist-Nort	By	4,571	29.88
> Obeck Inc. North	ЪУ	3,032	2.97
Variety Gifts	1,403	1,434	-2.16
Our Cola	705	817	-13.71
Our DietCola	4th By	128	49.22
Our Neon	109	211	-19.91
Our SF CF Cola	53	42	26.19
Our CF Cola	52	56	-7.14
Our Lemon-Lime	43	29	48.28

To expand members individually

Click the > arrow beside the member(s) that you want to expand.

You can expand additional levels of data (e.g., 2nd By, 3rd By, etc.) if you wish.

Tip: The widget must have multiple Group By dimensions; otherwise, the > arrow is not available.

	Units		
Region	This \downarrow	Last	
SouthEast Area	69,324	64,719	
> SouthWest Area	65,067	60,886	
> 🗌 East Area	58,896	55,051	
> NorthWest Area	56,410	50,748	
> 📃 Near West Area	20,919	21,148	

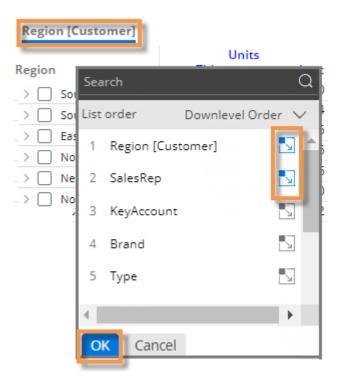
To auto-expand all members of a dimension or key

(only available in Comparative, Multi Comparative, and Mix grids)

- Click the By in the breadcrumb path (underlined) or open the Group By area in the toolkit.
- In the pop-up dialog, click the button beside the dimension(s) and/or key(s) that you want to expand to the next level. The icon is blue when auto-expand is on.

If you skip a level, the view will stop expanding members at that level; however, autoexpansion may resume at a lower level after you drill, manually expand members, or change the By, if the new By is autoexpanded.

3. Click OK.



Tips:

The previous instructions show how to expand members within a standard grid (i.e., tree hierarchy). If you prefer, you can quickly expand dimensions into separate columns using <u>flat view</u> (see page 58). When deciding whether to use tree expansion or flat view, consider the following:

- An expanded tree in a standard grid includes subtotals for the "parent" row; a flat view does not include subtotals for auto-expanded dimensions.
- The rows in a flat view can be sorted independently of the parent-level data; therefore, you can more easily find the highest and lowest performing combinations.

When you save a dashboard, it will remember the expanded rows and show them whenever a user opens the dashboard. In addition, you can make the top number of rows automatically expand (not applicable to auto-expansion). This setting is available in grid settings.

Depending on the grid page size, you may not be able to see all available 2nd By dimension members at once. In this case, you can increase the grid page size or <u>change the sort</u> (see page 66) to bring the desired members closer to the beginning of the list.

Auto-expansion in flat view

In a "flat" view, dimensions and keys can be expanded into columns to provide detailed, cross-key information. Each unique combination of members (i.e., attributes) has its own row. You can interact with rows by drilling, sorting, and more, to investigate performance.

1st By	2nd By,	Brd By, etc.						
	_			Units				
Region	SalesRep	KeyAccount	This ↓	Last	Diff	% Change	liff	% Change
> East Area	Gordon, Pat	All Others	8,715	7,527	1,188	15.78	23	-19.43
> East Area	Turner, Michael	Variety North	8,073	5,820	2,253	38.71	97	-46.29
> SouthEast Area	Office-Lasoski	Serv-Rite	7,916	6,259	1,657	26.47	20	-28.23
> NorthWest Area	Allen, Chris	Village North	7,850	3,640	4,210	115.66	87	-13.13
> SouthEast Area	English, John	S.Newburg Dist-North	7,518	5,578	1,940	34.78	80	-24.71
> SouthWest Area	Keller Brad	S Newhurg Dist-North	5 937	4 571	1 366	29.88	39	-21.70

To expand in a flat view

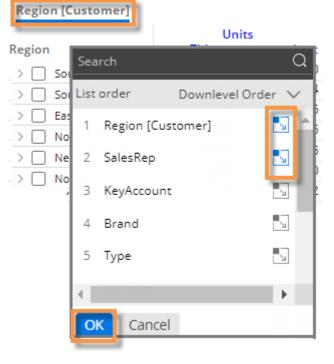
- 1. Start with one of the following widget types in grid format: Comparative, Multi Comparative, or Mix.
- 2. Select dimensions and/or keys.

- Click the By in the breadcrumb path (underlined) or open the Group By area in the toolkit.

- Place dimensions and/or keys in the desired order. This will control the order of columns in flat view (e.g., 1st By will be first column).

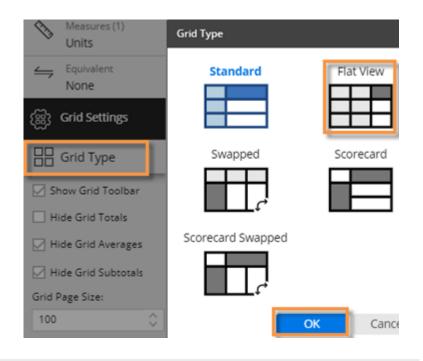
- Click the button beside the level(s) that you want to auto-expand (i.e., show next dimension as separate column). The icon is blue when auto-expand is on.

- Click OK.



To expand in a flat view

- 3. Turn on "flat view" <u>grid type</u> (see page 91) if it is not already selected. This setting is only available in explore and edit modes. In view mode, users can access whatever grid type has been built into the dashboard.
 - In the toolkit, go to Grid Settings.
 - Click on Grid Type.
 - Choose Flat View.
 - Click OK.



Tips:

If you skip a level for auto-expansion, the view will stop expanding members at that level; however, auto-expansion may resume at a lower level after you drill, manually expand members, or change the By, if the new By is auto-expanded.

You cannot auto-expand down to record details; instead, drill down, change the Group By, or expand items individually.

Auto-expansion in graphs

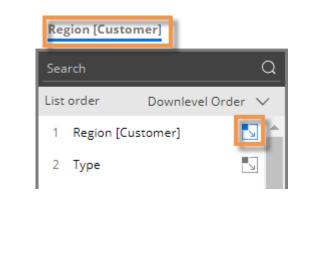
In some graphs, dimensions and keys can be expanded to see granular results. In Comparative and Multi Comparative graphs (see below), you can expand data to visualize performance of subgroupings. <u>Mix graphs</u> (see page 62) can show pie slices for subgroupings—in either a "sunburst" format or as independent pie slices. You can also expand data in a <u>Trellis</u> (see page 116).

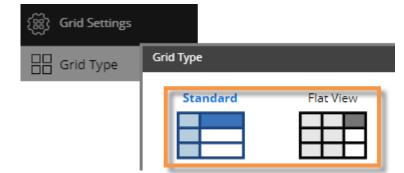
Expand data in Comparative/Multi Comparative graphs

- 1. Go to a Comparative or Multi Comparative graph. In general, horizontal bars can display more data than vertical bars when data is expanded.
- In the Group By menu or toolkit area, turn on auto-expand for the top level (1st By) and additional levels if desired. The icon is blue when auto-expand is on.

If you skip a level, the view will stop expanding members at that level; however, auto-expansion may resume at a lower level after you drill, manually expand members, or change the By, if the new By is auto-expanded.

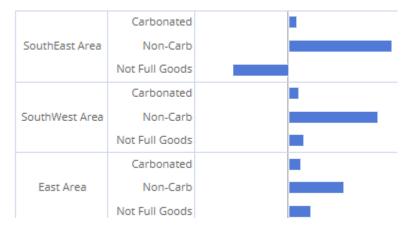
 Under Grid Settings in the toolkit, choose a standard or flat grid type (see below). These options are only available in explore and edit modes.





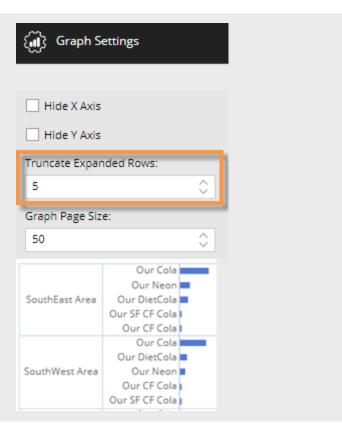
Comparative/multi comparative graph with "standard" grid type

This graph shows subgroupings within the parent-level.



Tips: To limit the number of subgroupings displayed for each expanded member (e.g., top 5 brands for each region), you can change the **Truncate Expanded Rows** setting in Graph Settings. This can help fit the most important information on the screen.

You can also set the page size in this area. Note that the number of members per page includes members in all levels (e.g. 4 regions plus 5 brands per region is 4 + 4x5 = 24).



Comparative/multi comparative graph with "flat view" grid type

This graph has separate bars at the same level for each unique combination. Bars can be sorted independently of the parent level.

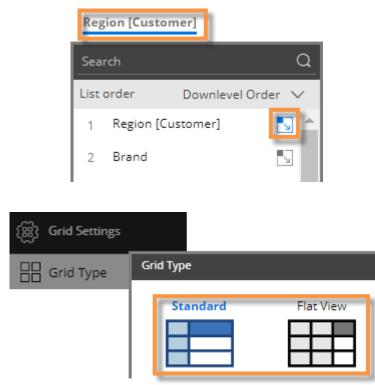


Expand data in Mix graphs

- 1. Go to a Mix graph.
- In the Group By menu or toolkit area, turn on auto-expand for the top level dimension (1st By) and additional levels if desired. The icon is blue when auto-expand is on.

If you skip a level, the view will stop expanding members at that level; however, auto-expansion may resume at a lower level after you drill, manually expand members, or change the By, if the new By is auto-expanded.

 Under Grid Settings in the toolkit, choose a standard or flat grid type (see below). These options are only available in explore and edit modes.



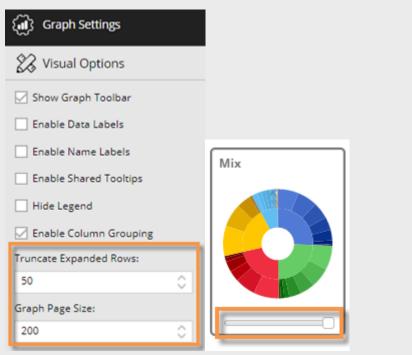
Mix graph with "standard" grid type (Sunburst)

This graph shows the hierarchy and magnitude of data in a "sunburst" chart. The center ring represents the toplevel data (1st By); the data becomes more granular as you move outward. For example, the next ring represents the 2nd By. The slices are sized based on data values and aligned with their parent level to show how much each piece contributed (e.g., brands within each region).



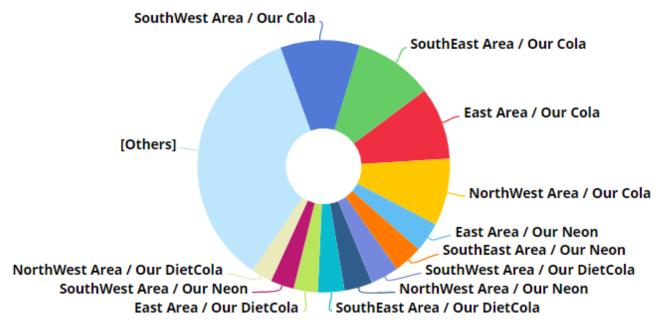
Tip: For a sunburst, we recommend setting the **Graph Page Size** to a large number; otherwise, the pie may only show a subset of the data. To set the graph page size, go to graph settings in the toolkit or use the slider at the bottom of the graph (i.e., drag the slider all the way to the right).

In addition, you can control the maximum number of subgroups (i.e., outer pie slices) for each expanded dimension member using the **Truncate Expanded Rows** setting. If this setting is lower than the actual number of subgroups, the sunburst will show blank space.



Mix graph with "flat view" grid type

This graph has separate pie slices for each combination of members. The pie slices are at the same level to show each unique combination's contribution to the total.



Check members

In standard grids that compare members, you can selectively checkmark any dimension members or key members to view their subtotals, drill down on them, show the checked members in graphs, and more.

To checkmark members individually

Click the \Box box(es) beside the member(s).

> 🔲 SouthEast Area	73,794
> 🔽 SouthWest Area	60,364
> 🗌 NorthWest Area	57,685
> 🔄 East Area	57,196

To checkmark a range (i.e., block) of members

- 1. Click on the top row of the desired range to select it. If you do not select a row, the grid will use the first row by default.
- 2. Press **Shift** as you click on the bottom row of the desired range.

> 🔽	SouthWest Area	989,084	3,857,807
> 🔽	East Area	916,833	3,263,901
> 🔽	NorthWest Area	911 935	3 579 112
> 🔽	Near West Alga	Shift	207
> 🗆	NorthEast Area		579
		4	

After checking members:

You can view subtotals by clicking the subtotal button at the bottom of the widget, or clearing the Hide Grid Subtotals option in Grid Settings.

🖽 To	tal (7)	273,537
No.	Checked (2)	134,158
	Unchecked (5)	139,379
	Total (7)	273,537

You can drill down on the checked members by clicking the Downlevel button and selecting Drill into Checked.

$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ $	JH.	000	∇	Q	:	
	\square	Drill	into F	ocus	Row	
		Drill	into (heck	ed Ro	ws

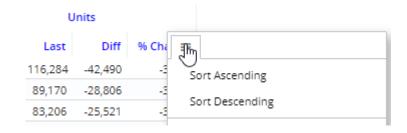
Sort

You can sort data to rank results. In most widgets, you can sort by values, difference, percent change, names, host codes, etc.

To choose the primary sort

Option 1:

- 1. Place your cursor over the heading or subheading of the column by which you want to sort.
- 2. Click the menu icon \equiv .
- 3. In the pop-up menu, select a sort option.



Option 2:

Click the heading to sort by that column; click again to reverse the sort order.

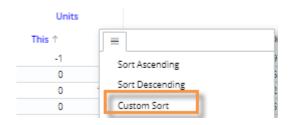
% C[hnpge ≡
-63.13
-37.10
-36.54

Additional sort levels (custom sort)

To control the order of members with matching values (e.g., zeros or matching names) for the primary sort, you can set additional sort levels.

To set more sort levels (custom sort)

- 1. Place your cursor over a column heading.
- 2. Click the menu icon \equiv .
- 3. In the pop-up menu, select **Custom Sort**.



To set more sort levels (custom sort)

- 4. In the Custom Sort dialog, click + Add Sort to add a sort level(s).
- For each level, select the column by which to sort and choose ascending 1 or descending ↓.
 To rearrange levels, click and drag the = icon.

Cust	om Sort		
=	Units - This	~) til 🔟
=	Brand	~	ti 🗊
=	Units - Last	~	ļ₹ 💼
+/	Add Sort		
		Apply	Cancel

Any rows that have the same values for the primary sort will be ranked according to the secondary sort; any rows with the same primary and secondary sort values will be ranked according to the 3rd sort level; and so on. For example, list products that didn't sell this month (zeros), grouped by brand and then ranked by sales for last month.

2nd		1st	3rd
Brand	Package	This ↑	Last
> Our Cola	8PkCnsPa	0	1,230
> Our Cola	8Pk Cans	0	923
> Our Lemon-Lime	16Oz NR	0	319
> Our Neon	8PkCnsPa	0	443
> Our Neon	8Pk Cans	0	263
> Our New Diet	16PNR8	0	668
> Our New Diet	8PkCnsPa	0	190
> Our New Diet	16PNR8Pa	0	167
> Our New Diet	24Oz NR	0	163

Crosstab sorting

By default, Crosstab widgets use the same sort method for rows and columns; however, you can choose different sort methods if you wish. For example, you could sort rows (accounts) by name and columns (packages) by sales units. (Note that the sort is based on total values.)

	12Pk	Cn	2Lt	r-8	6Pk	Cn U	nits
Name	Unit	5	Un	its	Un	its (This)
KeyAccount	This	Last	This	Last	This	Last	
> 🔄 A Plus Marts	89	144	593	477	69	70	
> Acorn Mkts	6	105	0	59	0	0	
> All Others	7,845	6,800	8,188	7,493	24,375	18,228	
> 🗌 American Food & Vend	0	0	0	0	845	780	
> Arrow Mart	220	115	160	295	20	7	
> B. English-North	122	129	192	78	2	78	
> B. English-South	0	134	0	0	0	0	

To sort Crosstab widgets

- 1. Place your cursor over a column heading in a Crosstab grid.
- 2. Click the menu icon \equiv .
- 3. In the pop-up menu, select Custom Sort.

Units		
This ↑	=	5
-1	Sort Ascending	ž
0	-	5
0 1	Sort Descending	2
0	Custom Sort	3

 In the Custom Sort dialog, leave Sync Row Sort checked to use the same sort method for rows and columns. Then choose sort options.

OR

Clear the **Sync Row Sort** box to use different sort methods. Then, choose how to sort rows and columns. For each sort, you can select the measure, add sort levels (for matching values), and toggle between ascending $\uparrow \equiv$ and descending $\downarrow =$.

Custom Sort	
Row Sort	
Name	✓ 11
+ Add Sort	
Column Sort	
Units - This	√ ↓₹
+ Add Sort	
	Apply Cancel

Tips:

To sort a graph, switch to the grid format and then perform these same tasks; then switch back to the graph.

When sorting by dimension member, additional options are available in the menu. You can use either sorting method even if host codes are not currently displayed.

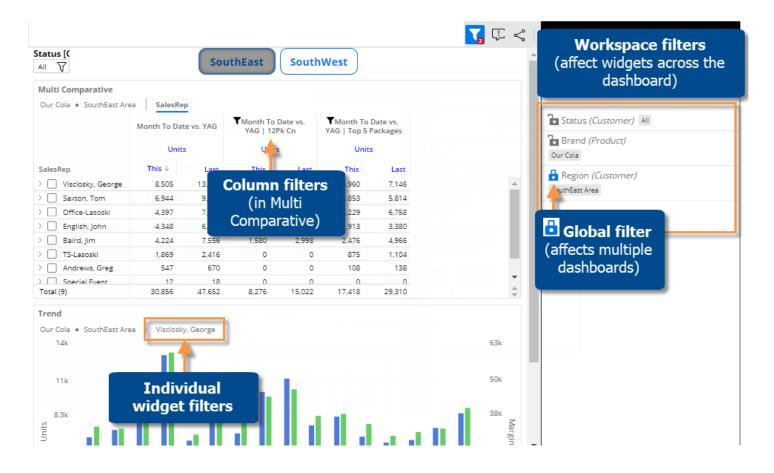
- Sort Ascending/Descending uses dimension member names.
- Sort Host Code Ascending/Descending uses dimension member codes.

1 31 🔨	⊻ <mark>88</mark> 7 Q : ₩
	New
↓ Region	፹ኯ
Near West A	Sort Ascending
NorthEast A	Sort Descending
SouthEast Area	Sort Host Code Ascending
SouthWest A	Sort Host Code Descending

Filter

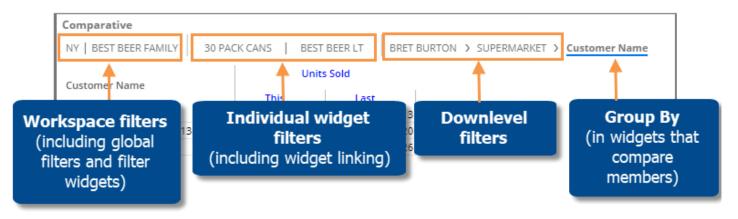
Filters allow you to narrow down on the exact information needed. You can filter data globally as you use different dashboards, filter across a single dashboard (e.g., workspace filters), filter an individual widget, and apply a filter to a column (in Multi Comparative widgets). Filtering methods include simple menus to select one or more members, saved sets of members (i.e. collections), and dynamic filtering based on tests. When building a dashboard, you should determine what filtering options should be available to users. You can:

- Apply filters prior to saving the dashboard to provide specific, action-oriented information that is immediately available when the user opens the dashboard.
- Provide a high-level dashboard and allow users to narrow on whatever information interests them via menus, <u>downlevel functions</u> (see page 87), filter <u>buttons</u> (see page 25), <u>linked widgets</u> (see page 167), or other methods.



Breadcrumb path

The breadcrumb path at the top of the widget shows the filters currently applied. Just click on a filter in the breadcrumb path to edit or remove it.



Tip: The breadcrumb path does not show filters based on collections, filters based on user account rights (e.g., password collections), or column filters. However, you can place your cursor over the title bar to see a tooltip that shows all filters.

Collections are saved sets of members. Collections can be applied to a single widget or the workspace (i.e., all widgets) to filter the data. If the collection is applied to a single widget, it is considered to be a "widget filter"; if the collection is applied to the workspace (i.e., workspace filter), it filters across the dashboard.

Dynamic filters are based on test criteria (e.g., volume greater than zero) rather than a static set of members. When a dynamic filter is applied to a widget, the Salient Dashboards application runs a test and filters out data for members that do not meet criteria. This type of collection is only available for key members (e.g., customers). Dynamic filters may be saved as dynamic collections so they can be reused and shared.

Workspace filters

A workspace filter affects widgets across the dashboard. A filter panel provides streamlined access to these filters.

To use workspace filters

Click at the top of the screen to open the filter panel (*keyboard shortcut: f*). This button is blue when the filter panel is open.

Tips:	Filte	ers	\times
 The red number 1 indicates how many workspace filters are currently on (does not include filters set to "All"). 	La	oad a Collection	Create a filter
• A contrasting symbol 5 or 1 means that at least one <u>global filter</u> (see page 74) is turned on.	Worl	kspace Filters	1↓ Add group
		egion (Customer)	
		hWest Area ackage <i>(Product)</i> All	

In the filter panel, choose from existing workspace filters or create a new workspace filter (see page 72).

Option	Instructions			
Make a filter selection (e.g., select a different member)	Click on the workspace filter and make your selections in the pop-up window. Click Apply .			
	Chain (Customer) All BEST BEER GRAIN			
	BEST BEER LT			
	BEST BEER LT CHECKED			
	Product Type (Product) Exclude Checked Show All			
	Save Apply Cancel			
	Tips:			
	• By default, the window only shows members with data in the current context. You can click Show All in the dialog to list all members.			
	• You can <u>import a file</u> (see page 85) to quickly filter on a list of members. Click at the top of the pop-up window to access this option.			

Brand (Product)

Our Cola

DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS

Option	Instructions		
Reset a filter	Place the cursor over the filter and click the ${\bf X}$ button. The filter will still be present but will show data for all members.		
	BEST BEER		
Remove a filter	Reset the filter as explained above. Then, place the cursor over the filter and click the 🔟 button.		
	Brand (Product) All		
	Product Type (Product) All		

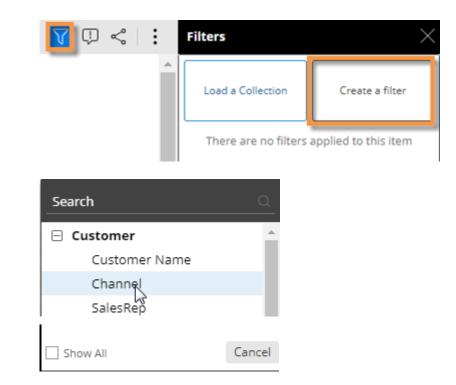
Create workspace filters

You may want to build workspace filters into the dashboard to make filter selection easier for users.

To create workspace filters

- 1. Click the vat the top of the dashboard screen to open the filter panel.
- Click Create a filter. This option allows you to select members from a menu. If you prefer, you can filter on a <u>collection of members</u> (see page 77).
- 3. Select the dimension for which to create a filter.

If you do not see the dimension listed (in view mode): Check the **Show All** box to access dimensions besides those that were built into the dashboard.



To create workspace filters

 Checkmark the member(s) to filter on, or leave checkboxes cleared if you wish to create the menu without immediately filtering on members.

Tips:

• The **Exclude Checked** option lets you show data for all members <u>except</u> the selected members.

• You can import a file (see page 85) to quickly select members. Click if at the top of the selection window to access this option.

• You can optionally click **Save** to create a collection of the checked members so that they can be reused later.

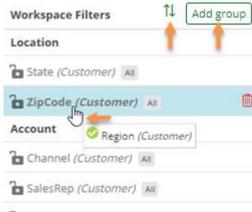
- 5. Click Apply.
- Repeat steps 2 through 5 to create additional workspace filters if you wish.
- 7. *(Optional)* Organize the filters by arranging them in groups, sorting them, and/or reordering them (drag and drop).

Group: Click **Add group** at the top of the panel and enter a custom name for the group; then drag it to the desired location and arrange filters underneath it.

Sort: Click the 11 icon at the top of the filter panel and then select an option. To switch from ascending to descending order, select the option again. When used with groups, these options sort the filters underneath each group.

Reorder: Drag and drop a workspace filter to move it up or down in the list. To move an entire group, press Shift as you drag and drop it onto another group.

Search) @
Available: 35	Selected	l: 2	÷
Channel			
Colleges	;		•
🗹 Conv With Ga	s		
<<>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>>	-	1	of 1
Exclude Checked	Show	All	
Save	Apply	Car	ncel



🔁 Region (Customer) 🔠

Tips:

If you want to include a separate menu in the dashboard, you can add a filter widget rather than using the previous method to add the workspace filter. You could also add a <u>button for filtering</u> (see page 25).

Dashboards 🗸 *	Add Widget 🗸	1		
× ~	Data Comparative	Multi Comparative	ूर्भ Trend	Com Tim
	Exception	Exception Time Series	Share Trend	Cri

The filter panel is on by default, but it may be hidden in <u>dashboard settings</u> (see page 114) if you wish to disable this feature.

By default, workspace filters affect all widgets in the dashboard; however, you can turn off these types of filters for a specific widget (for example, to show summary-level data) by clearing **Use Workspace Filters** in general settings.

If the data cube of a widget does not include the key/dimension of the filter, then the filter is not applicable and, therefore, does not affect the widget. For example, if the widget shows weather data that is only associated with a customer key, then a product filter, such as brand, will not affect the widget.

Global filters

A global filter is a workspace filter that is "locked" is so that it stays on when you open other dashboards. You can access these filters using the filter panel just like other workspace filters.

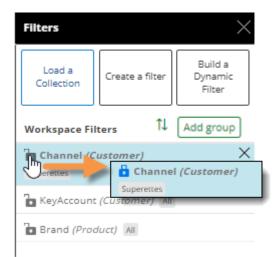
To turn on a global filter

- 1. Click the \bigvee button at the top of the dashboard screen to open the filter panel.
- 2. In the filter list, locate or create the filter you want to turn on globally.
- 3. Click the lock/unlock button to "lock" the filter. The locked symbol is blue

When you open another dashboard, it will automatically use global filters. Note that only applicable global filters will be applied (i.e., attribute matches a "Group By" in the dashboard).

Tip: The filter button at the top of the screen shows a contrasting filter symbol if global filters are on:

😼 if panel is closed; 🋂 if panel is open



Individual widget filters

Individual widget filters let you filter data in a specific widget without affecting the entire dashboard.

To create a widget filter

 Click the filter button at the top of the widget (visible on mouseover if enabled).

			40	
	Units	Sold		
	Diff	% Change	Last	
2,691	283	11.75	2,408	*
2,605	-154	-5.58	2,759	
2,483	617	33.07	1,866	
2,148	97	4.73	2,051	

2. In the pop-up dialog, click **Create a Filter**.

Other options may be available:

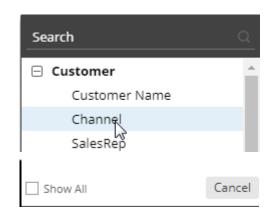
• **Checked** - If the widget has checked members, you can filter on them.

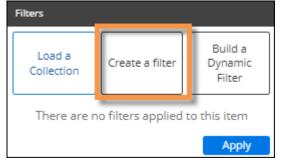
• Load a Collection - You can filter on a saved <u>collection of members</u> (see page 77).

• Build a Dynamic Filter - You can <u>filter based on test criteria</u> (see page 78).

3. Select the dimension (i.e., attribute) for which to create a filter.

If you do not see the dimension listed (in view mode): Check the **Show All** box to access dimensions besides those that were built into the widget.





To create a widget filter

4. Checkmark the desired member(s).

Tips:

• By default, the filter choices only include members with data in the current context. If you wish, you can check **Show All** to list all members.

• The **Exclude Checked** option lets you show data for all members <u>except</u> the selected members.

• You can <u>import a file</u> (see page 85) to quickly select members. Click \checkmark at the top of the selection window to access this option.

• You can optionally click **Save** to create a collection of the checked members so that they can be reused later.

- 5. Click **Apply** to apply the filter to the selected widget only.
- 6. Click **Apply** again in the filters area.

Search		_ @
Available: 35	Selected: 2	৶
Channel		
Colleges		*
🗹 Conv - NoGas	5	
🗹 Conv With Ga	as	

<< <	\rightarrow			1	of 1
Exc	lude	Check	ed 🗌 Shov	/ All	
Save			Apply 🗸	Ca	incel

Widget Filt	ers	
Channel (Cu	stomer)	
Conv - NoGas	Conv With Gas	
		Apply

Tip: To allow viewers to create widget filters, make sure widget's filter button is enabled (on by default) in general settings.

Filter data by a collection

Collections can be applied to a single widget, individual column, or the workspace (i.e., entire dashboard) to filter the data by a saved set of members.

To apply a collection as a filter

- 1. Do one of the following to open the filters area:
 - To apply a collection to a single widget: Click the filter ∇ button at the top of the widget (visible on mouseover).
 - To apply a collection to the entire dashboard: Click the filters V button at the top of the screen to open the Filters panel. In edit mode, you should then select the workspace by clicking the blank area of the dashboard or pressing w on the keyboard. In view mode, the workspace is automatically selected. (Collections cannot be applied to the workspace in explore mode.)
 - To apply a collection to an individual column (in Multi Comparative only): Click the column header, and select Filter Date Range.
- 2. Click Load a Collection.



- In the Collections dialog, locate the collection and place a checkmark beside it. You may need to expand a key, dimension, and category to find the collection. A search option is also available.
- 4. Click Apply.

Tips:

• If you select more than one collection within the same key or dimension, results will be limited to members that are common to all selected collections.

• The \overline{V} symbol represents a <u>dynamic collection</u> (see page 78). This type of collection updates dynamically based on test criteria.

• The 🔁 symbol represents a dynamic collection that has been created in SIM. You can apply this type of collection but not edit it in Salient Dashboards.

• The button lets you merge multiple collections into a single new collection.

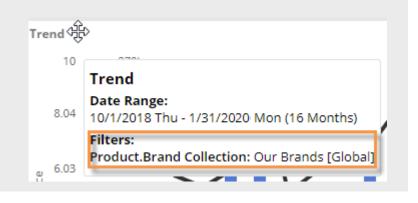
Collections		
Create New Collec	tion	6
Search		Q 🖗
🗆 🖻 Channel		
🗆 🖻 Global	Tip: Click	thic
Church	button to	
Clubs and bar	the collec	tions
Convenience		
🗹 Food Service		
No-DFT_Channe	els	
colleges/bars		
🕀 🗁 Private		-
Refresh	Apply	Cancel

5. By default, collections that were applied in edit mode will be locked in view mode. This means that viewers will not see the collection listed in the filters area and will not be able to turn the collection off. To show a classic collection in the filters area of view mode and, therefore, allow users to turn the collection off, click the icon in the filter panel.

Tips:

The breadcrumb path does not show when collection-based filters are on, but the widget tooltip (shown when placing the cursor over the title bar) shows collection filters even if they are hidden in view mode.





Dynamic filters

Dynamic filters are based on test criteria (e.g., volume greater than zero). When a dynamic filter is on, the widget only includes data for the members that meet the test criteria. The filter updates automatically based on the data context rather than storing a static list of members. Dynamic filters may be saved as dynamic collections so they can be reused and shared.

To apply a dynamic filter

1. Go to the filters area for the widget or column:

To apply a dynamic filter to a widget - Select the widget and click the filter ∇ button in its upper-right corner (visible on mouseover).

To apply a dynamic filter to an individual column (in Multi Comparative only) - Click the column heading and select **Filter Date Range**.

2. Click Build a Dynamic Filter.



- 3. In the **Dynamic Filter** area, choose the key to test from the Accumulate By menu (e.g., create a cohort of customers that pass the test).
- 4. Set up one or more rules:
- Select the measure to test.

- Select the date range (This or Last) or the variance (Diff or % Change) you wish to test. By default, the date
 ranges correspond to the widget date ranges. For example, if the widget compares the month-to-date with the
 prior month, then a rule for "This" would look at the month-to-date and a rule for "Last" would look at the prior
 month. If the widget does not have a Last date range, then a rule for "Last" will default to one year earlier
 (YAG) than the "This" date range. If you prefer, you can test a different date range (i.e., something other than
 the widget date range) by changing the Advanced settings as explained below.
- Select an operator (e.g., greater than).
- Enter a value to compare against.
- To use multiple rules, click Add Rule, repeat the above steps, and choose AND or OR to control which rules must be met.

Tip: If the desired key or measure is not available, you may need to change the cube under Advanced Options.

Dynamic Filter				
Accumulate By				
Customer				~
AND OR Measure	Data Type	Operator	Value	Add rule
Units 🗸	This 🗸	greater 🗸	0	
∽ Advan	ced Options			

5. Optionally, expand the Advanced Options area and choose settings to refine the test.

Advanced option	Explanation
Cubes	To test based on data from a different cube, select from the Cubes menu. This controls which keys and measures are available for selection.
Equivalent	To test data after it has been converted to equivalent units (if applicable), select from the Equivalent menu. An equivalent table selected here overrides an equivalent table applied to the widget.
Passed In	 Choose the part of the date range to consider for the test. These options affect the outcome when the date range includes multiple units of time (e.g., 12 weeks). All Periods (In Total) - looks at the entire date range (e.g., total of all 12 weeks). First and Last Period - looks at the first and last units of time (e.g., 1st week and 12th week); both units of time are needed to pass the test. First Time Period - only considers first unit of time (e.g., 1st week). Last Time Period - only considers last units of time (e.g., 12th week). Any Period (Individually) - considers all units of time individually with only one unit of time needed to pass the test (any week). All Periods (Individually) - considers all units of time individually with all units of time needed to pass the test (e.g., every week).

Advanced option	Explanation
Date Range	 Choose the date range to test. Dynamic Date Range (default) - When this option is on, the test will use the date range of the widget. For example, if the widget shows the month-to-date, the test will look at that month to determine which members pass. If the month updates over time (e.g., November to December) or the widget timeframe changes (e.g., one month to 6 months), then the test will automatically update to look at the new dates. Specific Date Range - You can choose this option to test data for a specific date range, which can be different than the widget's date range. For example, you might want to find new products based on three months of data but look at data for a longer timeframe in the widget. After choosing this option, the date setup dialog will appear. You can then select the date range (s) for the test. Any "This" rules will look at the "Last" date range. The date range(s) can be fixed or update over time based on the current date (e.g. month-to-date). However, the resolution and number of dates used in the test will not change.
Filters	 To filter the data used in the test based on a static selection of members, click the arrow beside the Filters menu and load a collection or create your own filter. This option will filter the data used in the test but will not directly filter the data shown in the widget. In addition, the filter will be static; it will not change if you adjust widget or workspace filters. For example, create a cohort of customers that bought more than 10 units of a specific brand. Also see the following examples. As in other areas of dashboards, you can combine multiple filters.
Dynamically Applied Filters	 To dynamically filter the data used in the test based on filters that are applied to the widget, dashboard, and/or notifications, click the arrow beside the Dynamically Applied Filters menu and select the type of filter(s) to apply. Filter types include workspace filters, downlevel filters, widget filters, linked widget filters, and notification (i.e. per recipient) filters. In general, this option will filter the data used in the test and the data shown in the widget based on whatever is selected at the time. For example, create a cohort of customers that bought more than 10 units of whatever brand is selected. Also see the following examples and a notification example (see page 152). For workspace filters, additional settings are available in the General Settings area to control what the workspace filters affect. Use Workspace Filters - When this setting is on and "Workspace" filters are selected in the dynamic filter setup, the data shown in the widget is filtered and the data being tested is filtered regardless of the following setting (e.g., only show data for the selected brand for the customers that bought more than 10 units of the brand). Always Apply Workspace Filters to Dynamic Filters - This setting is only applicable when Use Workspace Filters is off and "Workspace" filters are selected in the dynamic filter setup. In this case, you can turn on Always Apply Workspace Filters to Dynamic Filters if you do not want to filter the data shown in the widget but you do want to filter the data used in the test (e.g., show data for all brands for the customers that bought more than 10 the selected in the dynamic filter setup. In this case, you can turn on Always Apply Workspace Filters to Dynamic Filters if you do not want to filter the data shown in the widget but you do want to filter the data used in the test (e.g., show data for all brands for the customers that bought more than

- 6. Do one of the following:
 - To immediately apply the filter without saving it, click **Apply**.
 - To save the filter as a dynamic collection, click **Save**. Note that this will save the test criteria rather than a list of members.

Example - Active customers

You could use a dynamic test to filter on active customers. In this example, a customer would be included if it had volume of greater than zero during This date range (based on the widget's This timeframe). Because no additional filters are applied (under Advanced), a customer would be considered active it it purchased any product.

			\sim
			Add rule
Data Type	Operator	Value	
∽ This ∽	·] [>	~ O	
otions			
		Equivalent	
	~	None	~
		Date Range	
otal)	~	Dynamic Date Range	~
		Dynamically Applied Filters	
	× ×	Select	~
		v This v >	This > 0 otions Equivalent V None Date Range Date Range otal) V Dynamic Date Range Dynamically Applied Filters

If your definition of an active customer is based on a more precise timeframe (e.g., sales during last 12 months), you could assign a specific date range that is not based on the widget date range. This would allow you to change the date range of the widget without affecting the test.

Cubes		Equivalent	
Sales	~	None	
Passed In		Date Range	
All Periods	(in Total) 🗸 🗸	Specific Date Range 🗸 🗸	
	-		
liters	Name: Last 12 Months [1 Month	i Lag] vs. YAG Day F	ilter
Filters	Name: Last 12 Months [1 Month Resolution: Month	Lag] vs. YAG Day F	ilter ~
Filters			
Filters	Resolution: Month This		
Filters	Resolution: Month This	✓ Week Ending: Sundøy	

Example - Customers with increased sales

You could use a dynamic filter to focus on customers with significantly improved sales volume. In this example, a customer will be included if change in sales units is greater than 5% (based on the widget's This and Last timeframes). Because no additional filters are applied, the filter will look at overall sales for each customer.

		~
		Add rule
Operator	Value	
×	√ 5	
	Equivalent	
~	None	\sim
	Date Range	
~	Dynamic Date Range	\sim
	Dynamically Applied Filters	
× ~	Select	
	× ×	> > 5 Equivalent None Date Range Oynamic Date Range Dynamically Applied Filters

Now suppose you are interested in customers with increased sales for a brand rather than overall sales. You could turn on dynamically applied filters in the advanced area to allow users to customize the test for whatever brand interests them. This example uses a workspace filter; other types of filters could be used for this purpose as well.

∧ Advanced Options				
Cubes		Equivalent		
Sales	~	None		\sim
Passed In		Date Range		
All Periods (In Total)	~	Dynamic Date Range		\sim
Filters		Dynamically Applied Filters		
	× v	Workspace X	×	\sim
		Workspace : All		

Then, add a workspace filter to the dashboard and select a brand.

Workspace Filters	Î↓ Add group
Brand (Product) Our Neon	
Widget Filters	_
Customer {{[Units (change)] > 5	

By default, workspace filter will affect both the test and the data shown. As a result, the widget will will show sales of the selected brand (Our Neon) to customers that bought more of the brand (>5%) this period.

Our Neon Cu	stomer List				
		Units			
Customer	CustName	This ↓	Last	Diff	% Change
> 🗌 11628	VARIETY NORTH #8022-01/V432596	1,193	893	300	33.59
> 🗌 70466	S NEWBURG DIST # 715	1,003	752	251	33.38
> 🗌 11901	VILLAGE NORTH CG/# 15	973	606	367	60.56
> 🗌 70469	S NEWBURG DIST # 935	776	632	144	22.78
> 🗌 70481	S NEWBURG DIST # 15555	699	510	189	37.06
> 🗌 11902	VILLAGE NORTH # 71	597	465	132	28.39

Because the filter is dynamically applied, the test will update if a user selects a different brand in a workspace filter. For example, view sales of spring water to customers that bought more spring water (>5%) this period.

Spring Water	Customer List				
			Units		
Customer	CustName	This ↓	Last	Diff	% Change
> 🗌 06663	LINDLEY NE 2957-918289	52	18	34	188.89
> 🗌 70469	S NEWBURG DIST # 935	43	5	38	760.00
> 🗌 11623	VARIETY NORTH # 6232	37	31	6	19.35

Example - New products

You could use a dynamic filter to find and analyze products that were recently introduced. In this example, a product would be included if it had volume greater than zero during This date range (based on the widget's This timeframe) and volume of zero or less during Last date range (based on the widget's Last timeframe).

ynamic Filter				
Accumulate By				
Product				~
AND OR				Add rule
Measure	Data Type	Operator	Value	
Units	✓ This ✓	>	0	Ŵ
Measure	Data Type	Operator	Value	
Units	✓ Last ✓	<= ~	0	ÎÎI

✓ Advanced Options

Now suppose you are interested in products that are new to convenience customers (Conv - No Gas and Conv With Gas). You could use a filter in the advanced area of the test to find those products. Unlike the previous example, this test filter is static; it will always be based on sales to convenience channels.

∧ Advanced Options			
Cubes		Equivalent	
Sales	~	None	\sim
Passed In		Date Range	
All Periods (In Total)	~	Dynamic Date Range	~
Filters		Dynamically Applied Filters	
Channel (2) X	× ~	Select	\sim

When this setting is on, the test runs on the filtered data (e.g., sales for convenience stores only) but does not directly filter the data in the widget. In this example, the widget includes data for other channels, but the results are filtered on products that are new to convenience channels.

	Units	
↑ Channel	This	Last
> 3rd Party Operators	86	27
> 🗌 All Othr On Premise	301	47
> Bars / Taverns	44	0
> Beverage Centers	459	127
> Churches	38	2
> Clubs	24	4
> Colleges	312	72
> Conv - NoGas	216	0
> Conv With Gas	1,861	0
Dain/Storag	60	2
Total (32)	12,538	1,743

Import filters

You can import a text file (i.e., local collection) to quickly select members for a filter as explained below. This method works for several types of filters, including workspace filters, individual widget filters, and filter widgets. In addition, text files can be used when creating filter buttons and collections. This feature may be turned off globally by your administrator.

In addition to the method explained below, you can <u>import options, including filters, from other dashboards</u> (see page 31). However, this option is not available for filter widgets.

To import a text file for a filter

- If you haven't already, create a text file that lists the members. It should have the CSV extension. Each line should list the host code of a single member.
- 2. Go to the selection window for the filter. For example, to import a text file for a workspace filter, click on the workspace filter in the filters panel.
- Click the button at the top of the window.

Example CSV file 91857 11904 11880 00000

Filters		\times	
Load a Collection	Build	Q	
	Available: 3173	Selected: 0 🕹	
Workspace Filters	Customer	CustName	CustA
Company (Custon	00006	ADDISON AUTO PARTS	46
	00007	A & A COUNTRY STORE	ROU
Customer All	00008	GAS & GOODIES #6	124
	00009	A-PLUS VENDING	55
Search Available: 3173	Selected: (Q 😃	
Choose File		er_num_inactive.csv er_num_single.csv	3/1/2021 1: 3/1/2021 1:
	<	a franciský skoletky	3/1/202111
	me: customer	r_num_inactive.csv	Microsoft Excel (
Import	: Complete		Open
4 of 4 Adde	4 ed Successfully	— Г	
	ОК		

4. Choose the file and click Open.

Salient Dashboards will show a summary of the members imported.

5. Click Apply.

Drill down (i.e., downlevel filters)

You can drill down on one or more members to filter the data in a widget. When you drill, Salient Dashboards adds a downlevel filter to remove data for all other members.

Drilling is only available in data widgets that have multiple Group By dimensions.

To drill down on a single member

Double-click on the row, bar, pie slice, etc., representing that member.

Tip: You can also drill by clicking on a member to select it and then clicking the \square button at the top of the widget.

Channel	This ↓	Last
> 🗌 Regional Chains	87,307	73,745
> Conv With Gas	29,431	30,153
> 🗌 Mass Merchandisers	23,893	18,932
> Other Groceries	20,611	21,147
> 3rd Party Doub	le-click t	o drill
> Drug Stores	14,250	10,7 52

To drill down on multiple members

- 1. <u>Check the desired</u> <u>members</u> (see page 65) in a grid.
- Click and on the title bar at the top of the widget.
- 3. If a drop-down appears, select **Drill into Checked Rows**.

Comparative		۲ ا	i n V Q i
Channel	Un	its	Downlevel to SalesRep
Channel	This \downarrow	% Change	
> 🔽 Regional Chains	87,307	18.39	A
Conv With Gas	29,431	-2.39	
> 🗹 Mass Merchandisers	23,893	26.20	
> 🗌 Other Groceries	20,611	-2.53	
> 🗌 3rd Party Operators	14,376	23.33	

Tips:

When you drill, the By becomes what was previously the 2nd By. You may be able to change the By and/or downlevel order as you drill to follow a flexible drill path.

After you have drilled down, you can drill back up at any time by clicking \square on the widget toolbar.

You can drill down on expanded grid rows to filter on multiple levels at once. In this case, drilling back up will remove all the drill levels simultaneously.

Regional Chains	87,307
> Johnson, Louise	13,811
arsigma Baird, Jim	10,353
> Village North	4,651
> S.Newb Double	e-click

Tips:

If a custom drill-down is configured, drilling down may take you to another dashboard with the downlevel filters applied.

Drilling affects other widgets in the dashboard if the dashboard has a corresponding workspace filter.

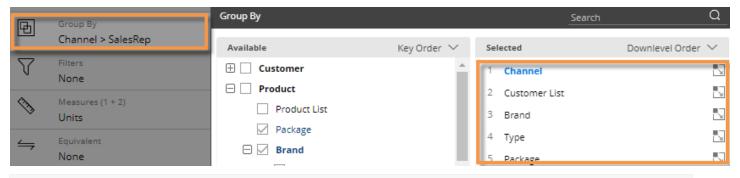
Set up drill-down capabilities in a dashboard

The following settings control drilling capabilities for end-users in view mode.

How the Group By affects drilling

If a widget has multiple <u>Group By dimensions</u> (see page 52), users can <u>drill down</u> (see page 86) through those dimensions in view mode to narrow their view of the data; therefore, you should select those dimensions in the group by area during the dashboard design process if you wish to enable drilling. (Group By dimensions are not required for <u>custom drill-downs</u> (see page 138).)

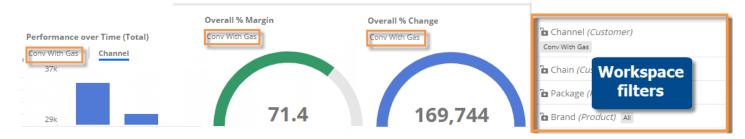
In addition, the Group By order controls the default drill down order for a widget.



Tip: Users cannot drill in non-comparative widgets (e.g., Trend, Gauge, etc.); instead, they can add filters if enabled in the <u>Filter By area</u> (see page 55).

Concurrent drill-down across a dashboard

Drilling can affect other widgets in the dashboard if the dashboard has a corresponding workspace filter; the dashboard will automatically populate the workspace filter when you drill. Therefore, you may want to add workspace filters (see page 72) (even if they are set to "All") to enable downlevel filters to work across the dashboard. For example:



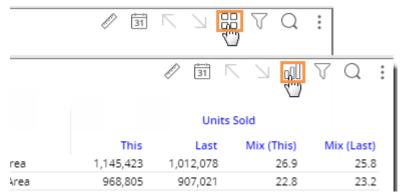
Customize widgets

Switch between grid and graph

Most data analysis widgets are available in grid and graph formats.

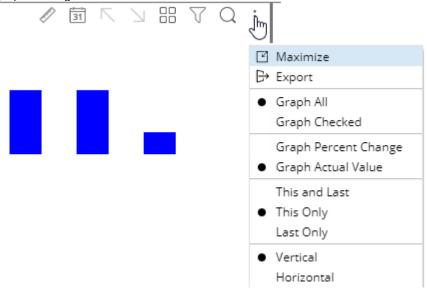
To toggle between a grid and a graph

On the title bar of the widget, click 🔟 (visible on mouseover) to change from grid to graph or 🗄 to change from graph to grid of numbers. (This button may be deactivated in general settings.)



To select a graph format

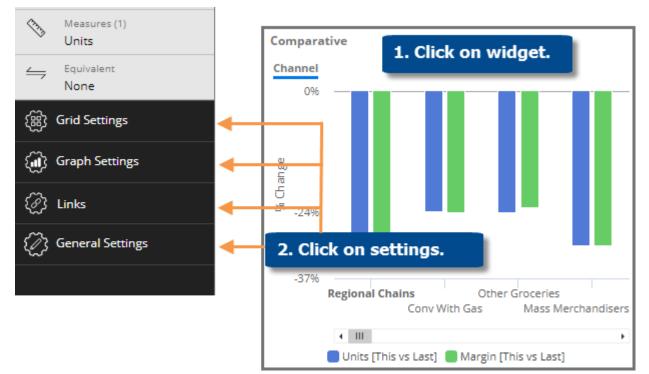
For graphs, click in the upper-right corner of the widget (visible on mouseover) to select from available graph formats for the analysis type (e.g. percent change, actual value, bar, pie, etc.). Additional options are available in graph settings.



Tip: If the widget uses custom programming (i.e., custom view), the graph/grid button is not available.

Grid, graph, and general widget settings

In edit mode, you can configure several widget options by clicking on the widget and then clicking one of the settings areas in the toolkit.



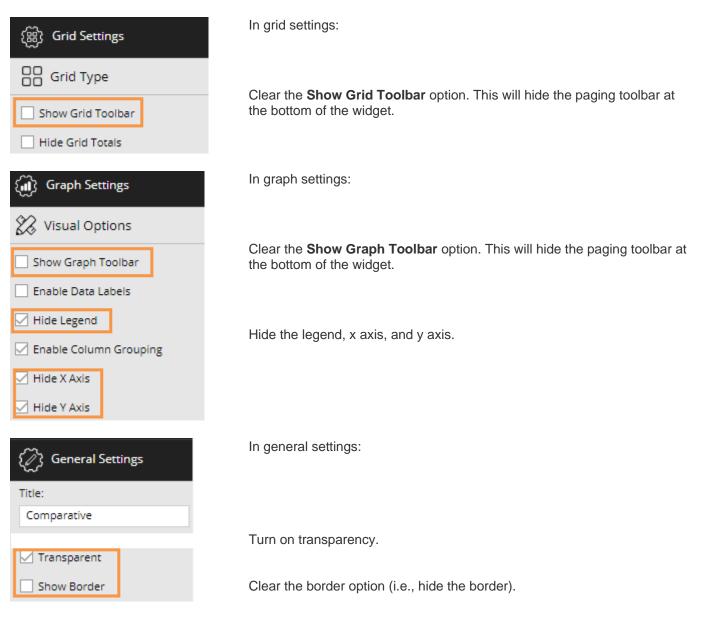
Area	Settings
Grid Settings	 Settings that control the appearance and functionality of grids, including: <u>Grid types</u> (see page 91) Show or hide grid components such as totals, averages, paging toolbar, etc. Number of members to show per page (i.e., grid page size) Method for accessing members beyond the grid page size: infinite scrolling or paging
Graph Settings	Graph page size; orientation; show/hide the legend and other graph components; visual options (see page 94), etc.
Links	Navigation links (see page 169) to other dashboards and links between widgets (see page 167) for interactive filtering
General Settings	Widget title, style, size, position, transparency, enable/disable options for view mode, show/hide in mobile, <u>date display</u> (see page 93), etc. Tip: Set the desired layer order (i.e., what widgets are on top) using the following buttons in general settings. End-users will not be able to change this order. Image: Set the desired layer order (i.e., what widgets are on top) using the following buttons in general settings. End-users will not be able to change this order.

Simplified widgets

In settings (located in the toolkit), you can turn off the legend, axis labels, and more, to create simplified widgets (for example, mini-widgets for optimal display on smaller devices).



Recommended settings for simplified widgets



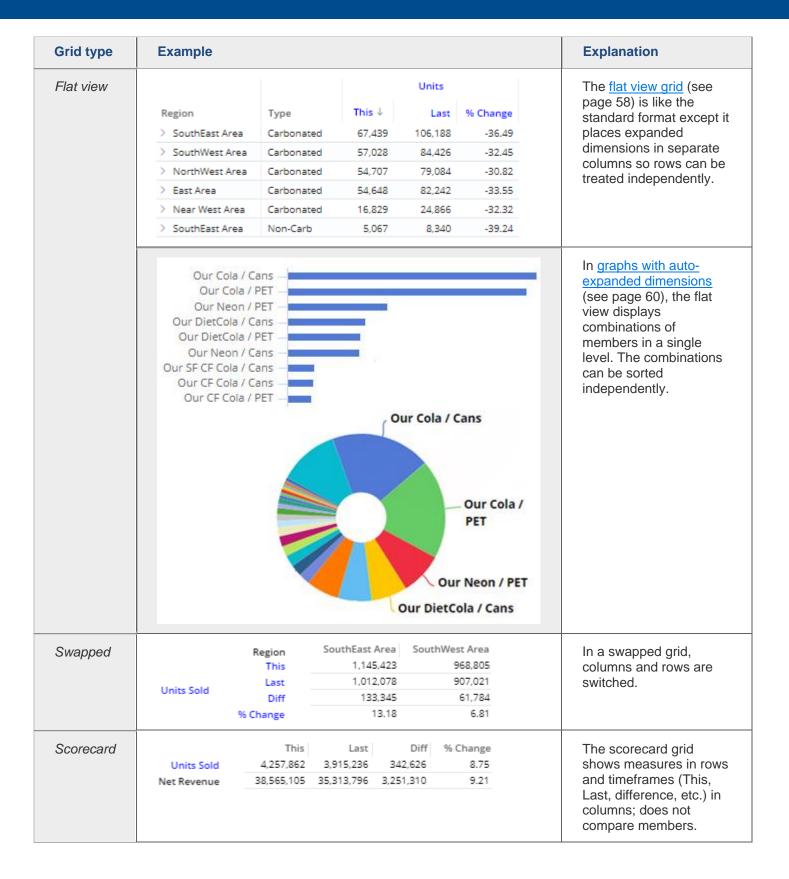
Grid types

The grid type affects the layout of columns and rows. In addition, some grid types affect the format of graphs when auto-expand is on (see page 60). To change the grid type, go to Grid Settings in the toolkit and click on Grid Type. In explore mode, you may need to check Advanced at the bottom of the toolkit to see these settings. The available types depend on the selected widget.

typee depend	on the colocida magoti				
(麗) Grid Set	tings				
Grid Type		Grid Type			
Show Grid	Foolbar	Standard	Flat View	î.	
Hide Grid T	otals				
Hide Grid A	verages				
Hido Crid S	ubtotals	Swapped	Scorecard		
Grid type	Example				Explanation
Standard		Uni	ts		In general, a standard grid shows measures in
	Region	This ↓ L	ast % Change		columns and members
	> 📃 SouthEast Area	73,794 116,3	-36.54		in rows.
	> 🗌 SouthWest Area	60,364 89,	170 -32.30		Expanded dimensions
	> NorthWest Area	57,685 83,2	206 -30.67		will be in a "tree."
	East Area		956 -33.46		
	> Carbonated		242 -33.55		
	> Non-Carb	1,956 2,9	966 -34.05		
	Our Cola	PET name		=	In <u>graphs with auto-</u> <u>expanded dimensions</u> (see page 60), the
	Our Neon C	PET ans			standard grid type will cause members to be
	Our DietCola	ans PET lass			grouped under the parent category.
		PET OUT	Cons Our Cola		

Our ... J PET

DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS



Grid type	Example		
Scorecard swapped	This	Units Sold 4,257,862	Net Revenue 38,565,105
	Last	3,915,236	35,313,796
	Diff % Change	342,626	3,251,310 9.21
	5		

Date display settings

You can customize the column headers in Comparative and Multi Comparative grids to show information about the dates being reported rather than the default "This" and "Last" labels. The headers can include descriptions based on the date settings and/or the beginning and ending dates of the date ranges.

				Units		
	Units			Last Week (1/24/2023 - ↓	Prior Week (1/17/2023 -	
Region	This ↓	Last	кеgion	1/30/2023)	1/23/2023)	
> 🗌 SouthEast Area	14,353	13,808	> 📄 SouthEast Area	14,353	13,808	
> 🗌 NorthWest Area	8,491	11,455	> 📄 NorthWest Area	8,491	11,455	
> 🗌 East Area	8,141	11,654	> 📄 East Area	8,141	11,654	
> 🗌 SouthWest Area	7,594	12,199	> 🗌 SouthWest Area	7,594	12,199	
> 📃 Near West Area	3,068	4,493	> 🗌 Near West Area	3,068	4,493	

To choose date display settings

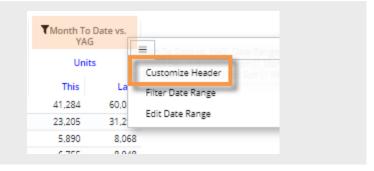
- 1. Select a Comparative or Multi Comparative widget.
- 2. In the toolkit (in edit or explore mode), expand **General Settings**, and click on **Date Display**.
- 3. Check the following boxes to show information about the date range.

	Comparative	
31 Date Display	Date Display	
Widget Style:	Z Date Description	Ir
Default V	Detailed Date	[
Title:	□ Include Day of the Week	в
Comparative		
Title CSS:	OK Cancel	
	> SouthWest Area	7,594
	> Near West Area	3,068

- Date Description Show a date range description, which is based on the resolution, number of dates, and customizations such as offsets or most recent complete settings. Examples include Month To Date, Last 6 Months, Year To Date, Last 4 Weeks, YAG, Prior Month, etc.
- Detailed Date Show the start and end dates of the date range (e.g., 10/1/2023-10/20/2023).
- Include Day of the Week Include the day of the week in the detailed date (e.g., 10/1/2023 Sun 10/20/2023 Fri).

DATA ANALYSIS WIDGETS

Tip: In Multi Comparative widgets, you can also customize the top-level column header.



Visual options

Using visual options, you can customize the colors and styles used in most graphs.

To access visual options

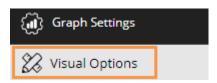
In view mode:

Click \checkmark in the graph legend (visible on mouseover if the legend is enabled).





In explore/edit mode: Expand Graph Settings in the toolkit. Click on Visual Options.



Choose a color palette

At the top of visual options, click \swarrow to change the color palette, which controls the default colors of most graph components. Salient Dashboards will apply the selected palette's colors in the order they are shown (e.g., blue to first component, green to second component, etc.). The available palettes depend on the dataset configuration.

Chart Visual Op	tions		Char		
Chart Palette				Change color palette	•
	Current co	lor palette		Vodern Pastel	
			_	ОК	Cancel

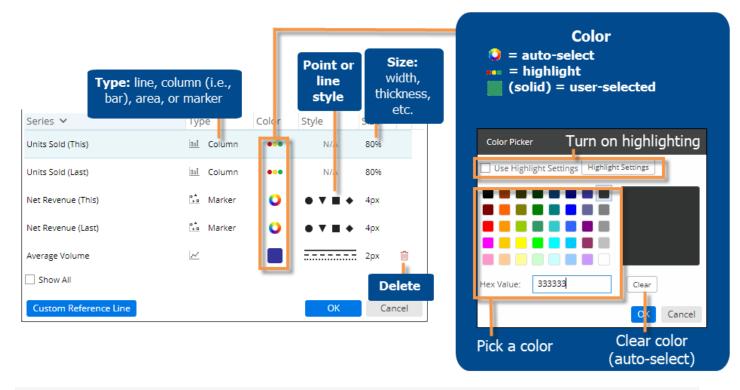
Tip: You can override the selected palette by:

• choosing a color for an individual graph component as explained below.

• applying <u>member coloring</u> (see page 98) to make colors consistent across the dashboard for the defined dimension members (only available in some graph types).

Customize graph components

Depending on the graph type, you can customize individual graph components (e.g., bars, lines, points, etc.). In visual options, click in the row of the component to make the following changes:



Tip: If you don't see the measure/format, checkmark the Show All box.

Axis management

You can customize the axes of several graph types, including Trend, Comparative, and Multi Comparative.

To customize axes

Before proceeding, add the desired measures (see page 38).

- 1. Click in the upper-right corner of the widget, and select Axis Management, or click on Axis Management under Graph Settings in edit mode.
- For an actual value graph, choose the axis to customize (e.g., Quantities, Total Currency, etc.). Depending on the selected measures, the graph may include multiple axes, each of which represents a measure or data family.

For a percent change graph, all % change data will be plotted along a single axis so this step is not necessary.

- 3. To change the axis title, click Q.
- 4. Choose the axis location.
- 5. Show or hide the axis title.
- 6. Show or hide the axis scale.
- Choose scale settings, including the minimum, maximum, and tick interval. These may be automatic or custom values.
- 8. Click Save when you are finished.

Axis Management		
Quantities		
Total Currency		0
Axis Location:		
Right	\sim	
Show Axis Title		
Show Axis Scale		
Axis Min:	Axis Max:	
1000000 🗌 Auto	5000000	Auto
Tick Interval:		
500000 Auto		
Reset		

🔊 🗊 品

Vertical

Horizontal

Axis Management

Member coloring

You can assign custom colors to specific dimension members to enhance visual understanding in some types of graphs. For example, you might assign blue to represent a certain region. The colors will be applied consistently in all applicable widgets, which include Mix, Share Trend, and some Crosstab graphs (see the following tips), within the dashboard. For members with assigned colors, the member coloring will override the <u>color palette</u> (see page 94). Member colors do not carry over from one dashboard to another; however, you can <u>import settings for member</u> coloring (see page 31).

To apply member coloring

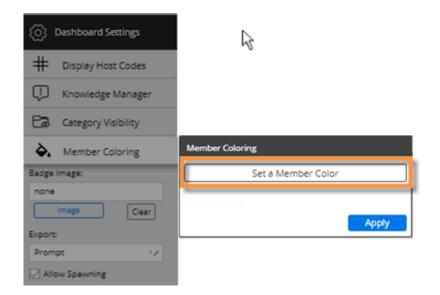
1. In edit mode, click in the workspace (i.e. not on a widget).

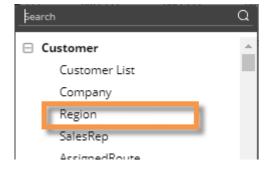
In explore mode, click on Advanced at the bottom of the toolkit.

- In the toolkit, expand Dashboard Settings, and click on Member Coloring.
- 3. Click on Set a Member Color.

Tip: This menu shows a summary of the member colors that have already been defined. You can click on a dimension to edit its colors.

4. In the next menu, choose the dimension.





To apply member coloring

- 5. Locate a member to which you want to assign a color. If you wish, you can search for a member.
- Click the square beside the member and choose a color. Repeat this step to choose colors for additional members. You may skip a member(s); in this case, the default color from the palette will be applied to the member(s).
- 7. When you are finished choosing colors for a dimension, click **Apply**.

Search			<u>ش</u> 2	
Avai	lable: 8	Selected:	7	
Color	Region			
	East Area	a		
Hex \	/alue: 33	866FF	Clear	
0			ок	Cancel
R	estore Def	ault Member Co	lors	
		Apply	Cancel	

8. Click **Apply**, or repeat this procedure to choose coloring for additional dimensions.

Member Coloring						
Set a Member	Color					
Company (1)						
Region (7)						
	Apply					

Tips:

Only Mix, Share Trend, and Crosstab graphs with static colors show member coloring, because other types of widgets use coloring to represent measures, percent change, pass/fail, etc.

To turn on static colors for a Crosstab so that member coloring can be utilized, go to its color setup in **Visual Options**. Crosstab static coloring (in visual options):

		>	
Туре	Color	Style	Size
Mondrian	0	N/A	Units (Tř
	Color Set	up	
	Color:	Static O	Variable
	Color By: Cross By		\sim

Highlight data

You can highlight data based on custom criteria or percent of the total (i.e., heatmap) to spot areas of concern or importance. The availability of highlighting depends on the widget type.

Grid highlighting based on custom criteria

SouthEast Area	69,324 🔴	4,605	7.12
SouthWest Area	65,067 🔴	4,181	6.87 —
East Area	58,896	3,845	6.98 —
NorthWest Area	56,410	5,662	11.16 🕇
Near West Area	20,919	-229	-1.08 🔶
NorthEast Area	289	-6	-2.03 🔶

To highlight data based on custom criteria in a grid (in edit or explore mode)

- 1. Place your cursor on the heading of the column to highlight. You can highlight actual values (This or Last), percent change, difference, etc., for any measure.
- 2. Click the menu icon \equiv .
- 3. Select Highlighting.
- In Highlight Settings, check Green highlighting, Yellow highlighting, and/or Red highlighting, depending on the highlighting color(s) you want to use.
- For each color range, type a minimum value and maximum value. If you use multiple ranges, they cannot overlap.
- Optionally, check Include Totals/Avg Values to apply the highlight settings to applicable totals, averages, and subtotals (i.e., checked/unchecked) in the grid.
- 7. From the **Style** drop-down, select a highlighting style. The style controls the symbol used in grids.
- 8. Click OK.

Diff	% Chi	ᆁᆔ			
4,605		Sort Ascending	Highlight S	ettings	
4,181		Sort Descendir		een Highlighting	
3,845		Sort Descendir			
5,662	11.1	Highlighting	Min:	10	\bigcirc
			Max:	1000000	\circ
			Ve Ye	llow Highlighting	
			Min:	0.01	\bigcirc
			Max:	9.99	\bigcirc
			Re Re	d Highlighting	

🗹 Include Tota	ils/Avg Value	s
Style		
Arrows		\sim
Heatmap		
_		
	ОК	Cancel

Heatmap highlighting in grids

You can highlight grid cells based on the percent of the total for a given column to create a "heatmap"; the darkest shades represent the largest values. This method does not require you to enter criteria because the shades are calculated automatically.

Form	Units ↓	Net Revenue	Margin
> Cans	21,320	15,773	7,444
> PET	17,360	17,516	9,229
> 🗌 Fountain Tank	1,192	1,718	1,009
> 🗌 Cups & Lids	1,152	101	-35
> Glass	962	1,462	628

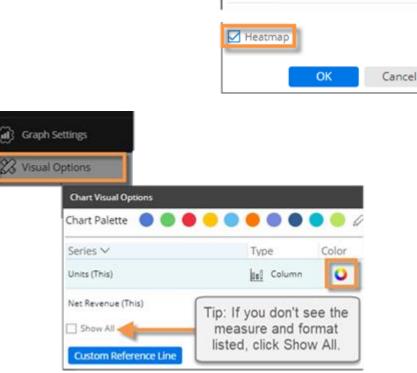
To turn on heatmap highlighting (in edit or explore mode)

- 1. Place your cursor on the heading of the column to highlight.
- 2. Click the drop-down arrow that appears.
- 3. Select Highlighting.
- 4. In Highlight Settings, check the **Heatmap** box.
- 5. Click OK.
- (Fr Cans 21 Remove PET 1 Show on graph Fountain Tank Sort Ascending **Highlight Settings** Cups & Lids Sort Descending Glass Green Highlighting Fountain BIB Highlighting Fountain Plastic 🗹 Heatmap OK

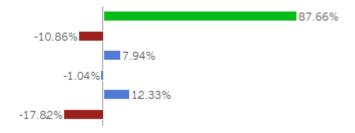
Unit

6. Optionally, choose a custom color in Graph Settings, Visual Options. Locate the specific measure and format (e.g., Units for This date range) and then click in the Color column. This color will serve as the darkest shade possible, with other shades calculated accordingly.

> If you skip this step, then the grid will use the color of the data type (i.e., blue for volume, black for revenue, etc.)



Graph highlighting



To highlight data in graphs

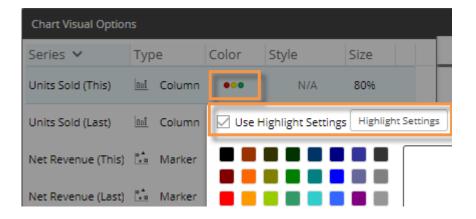
 Access visual options by clicking a in the graph legend (available on mouseover if the legend is enabled).

Tip: You can also access visual options under Graph Settings in the toolkit (in explore or edit mode).

- 2. For the measure/format to highlight, click in the Color column.
- 3. Check the **Use Highlight Settings** box.
- If highlight settings are not already configured, click the Highlight Settings button and set highlighting ranges as explained below.

Andrews, Greg Baird





To highlight data in graphs

- For each color you wish to use, check the box and type a minimum value and maximum value. Ranges cannot overlap.
- Optionally, check **Include Totals/Avg Values** to apply the highlight settings to applicable totals in the graph. This setting only affects graphs that compare members and include the graph total, which can be turned on in graph settings.
- Select a style. In graphs, the style controls custom highlighting colors if they are configured.
- When you are finished, click OK.

Highlight Settings				
Gr Gr	een Highlighting			
Min:	10000	0		
Max:	1000000	0		
🗹 🛛 Ye	llow Highlighting			
Min:	5000	<u>.</u>		
Include Style	Totals/Avg Values			
Arrows		\sim		
🗌 Heatma	P			
	ОК	Cancel		

Show barcodes

If the dataset includes UPCs and barcode rendering is set up by your administrator, you can display scannable barcodes within Salient Dashboards.

To show barcodes

- 1. Add or select a grid that compares members (e.g., Comparative widget).
- 2. Group the data by a key list or dimension that has UPCs (e.g. Product List).
- 3. Add the description field that contains the UPCs.
- 4. In the grid, click on the header of the UPC field and select **Show Barcode**.

Product List

			Units	
Product	ProductDescription	UPC_Coc	聏	
7871	MSTC SPTKiwi Strbry	8939615	Sort Ascending	
8594	16RNFRSTTrop'l Ornge	8939615	-	
2048	200Z NR Vernors	7143400	Sort Descending	
3002	1G SyrupOur DietCola	1200040	Custom Sort	
7833	MSTC SPTOrange Mango	8939615	Remove	
3184	200Z ND StrwbryMelon	1096500	Show on graph	
8573	16RNFRSTTrop'l Berry	8939615	Show Barcode	1
2105	200Z PA Their RB	41710513	Show barcode	
_				

5. Click on the UPC or 🖭 icon in the grid to view a barcode.

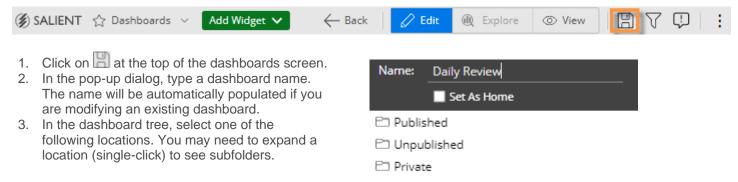


Save & share

Save and publish dashboards

We recommend saving dashboards frequently to avoid losing any changes. To "publish" a dashboard so that it is available to end-users, save it under the "Published" folder.

To save and publish a dashboard



Published - Select this location or one of its subfolders to publish the dashboard so that it is available to all users in browser-based dashboards and the Salient Mobile app. (Access may be restricted based on user account settings).

Unpublished - This option makes the dashboard global so that it is available to other Dashboard Designers but is hidden from viewers.

Private - This option makes the dashboard private so that you are the only user who can access it.

4. Click OK.

Tips:

We recommend previewing a dashboard in view mode (click ^O View on the toolbar) prior to publishing it.

You can check the **Set as Home** box to make this dashboard the home dashboard.

After saving a dashboard, you can access the its URL (see page 108) to share it or go directly to the dashboard in a browser.

How users can access dashboards

Use any of the following methods to open a dashboard.

Go to a da	ashboard URL.				
\leftarrow \rightarrow C https://myc	ompany/sdm/SDM.aspx?ds=	=int_bottling&view	v=viewer&dashbo	ar 🍳 🕁	:
🛞 SALIENT 🏠 Dashboards 🗸 🔶	Select a dashboard		Edit 🛈 Explore	③ View	
Welc	from menu.	Go back	or forward.		
Recent					
Channel Overvie					
¢ ۲ Click و	on built-in links	۵	≎#	(\mathbf{G})	☆
Pricing Trend C	or buttons.		nd Performance	Channel Overview - SouthEast Chains	Cł
☆	<u>ک</u> ۲	□			
URL	Go directly to a specific das on a link (e.g., in an email) 108) or a temporary URL cr	This may be the da	ashboard's perma	anent <u>URL</u> (see pa	
Built-in links	Click on buttons, links, icon	s, etc., in the porta	al or other dashbo	ards.	
Dashboards menu	Open the dashboards menu click on a dashboard name.		screen <i>(keyboard</i>	<i>shortcut: o</i>); then,	
Back & forward buttons	Go back and forward to das session. Click the browser's dashboard toolbar. Note tha	s back and forward	d buttons or use th	ne back button in th	he

On a mobile device:

Access dashboards through the Salient mobile app for optimal viewing, or user a browser if you prefer. Going to a dashboard URL will prompt you to choose one of these methods. (To reset your preferred method, clear browser cookies.)



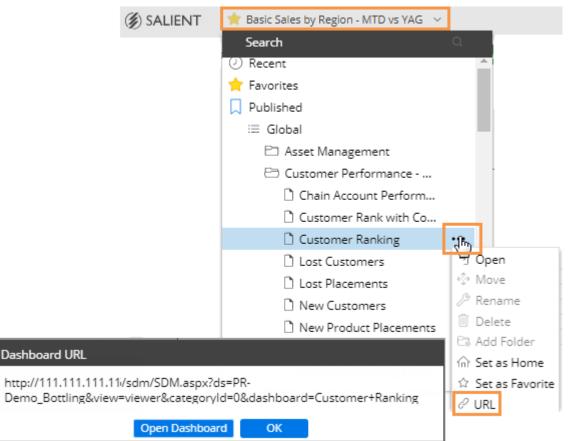
Additional installation and setup are required for the mobile app.

Access a dashboard's URL

A dashboard URL allows you to go directly to a dashboard, share the URL with other users, create a link to a dashboard, save the dashboard as a bookmark in your browser, and more.

To access a dashboard's URL

- 1. Click the dashboard menu at the top of the screen.
- 2. Locate the dashboard and place the cursor over it.
- 3. Click the ... button that appears.
- 4. In the pop-up menu, select URL.
- 5. A dialog shows the URL of the dashboard. You can copy and paste it into an email program or other application.



Tip: If you wish, you can add parameters to the URL to do the following.

• Filter the dashboard to see data for specific key or dimension members. For example:

...&filters=Customer&filterValues=11901

• Open specific tabs if the dashboard has tab groups. For example: . . . &tab=1-0_2-1

Share a dashboard

Sharing a dashboard creates a temporary dashboard URL, which you can access in future sessions and/or share with other users. A shared URL retains any changes that you made, such as filters, date range selections, etc., and is therefore, a useful method for returning to a dashboard with your preferred settings already applied.

The URL is valid for a number of days (set by your administrator) after the last time it is accessed; therefore, if users continue to access the URL, it will remain available.

To share a dashboard

- 1. Open the dashboard and make the desired changes. For example, you might filter or change the date.
- 2. Click sin the upper-right corner of the screen.
- 3. In the **Share Dashboard** window, copy the URL using the browser controls (for example, right-click and select Copy in most desktop browsers).
- 4. Share or save this URL for use by other users or in future sessions.

🏈 SALIENT 🔺 Channel Compari	son 🗸		Click Share	button	≪ :
Comparative	1	Mix			
Channel 0%	Share Dashboard Copy and paste this link over IM or email:				
	http://salient.com/SDM_EXTJS5/SDM.aspx?sharedu This URL will be disabled after 30 days of not		Copy URL.		
-21%			Close		

Limiting export options for users

If allowed, users can export dashboard data by clicking the button and selecting Export. The default export options include an Excel, comma-separated, or UXT-compatible file. If you wish, you can turn this capability off or limit the allowed formats.

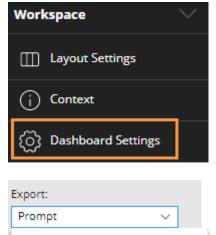
	k 🛛 🗞 🗊 📶 V Q 💽
	Aaximize
	Duplicate Widget
	ப் Export
Export	
Salient Intera	ctive Miner (.uxt) V
Salient Inte	eractive Miner (.uxt)
Excel (.xlsx)	
Comma Sep	parated (.csv)

To turn off or limit export options for all widgets in a dashboard

Note: This method does not affect explore mode.

- 1. Click the workspace to select it.
- 2. In the toolkit, select Dashboard Settings.

3. From the Export menu, select a single format, None to turn off exporting, or Prompt to allow all formats.



None Salient Interactive Miner (.uxt) Excel (.xlsx) Comma Separated (.csv) **Prompt** To turn off exporting for a single widget

- 1. Click the widget to select it.
- 2. In the toolkit, select General Settings.
- 3. Clear the Enable Export box.

	Comparative
Y Position:	12Pk Cn KeyA
330 🔿	KeyAccount
	🕀 🗌 A Plus Marts
Enable Export	🕀 🗌 Acorn Mkts
	TI All Others

Tip: These methods do not limit the ability to create a PDF file.

Knowledge Manager

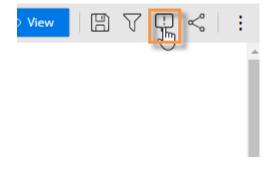
Knowledge Manager enables users to organize thoughts or "soft knowledge" for collaboration. You can add text descriptions, upload images or other resources, and add comments. In addition, this information can be shared between all users across multiple devices in SIM, Salient Dashboards, and the Salient Mobile app (additional setup required).

To show the Knowledge Manager panel

Click the Knowledge Manager button at the top of the screen to open the panel.

Knowledge Manager includes the following tabs.

Tip: The use of Knowledge Manager depends on your user account rights.



Dashboard Info

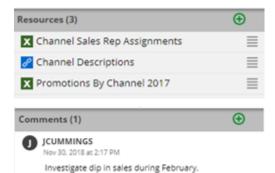
Allows users who create dashboards to write descriptions and purposes for them.

Resources (links to web pages, pictures or documents) and comments can be included as future reference materials become available.

Knowledge Manager X Channel Comparison Image: Q Image: Q Image: Q Image: Q Image: Q Description Image: Q

Comparison of channel performance for MTD versus last year (matching number of days)

 Sort grid to see biggest differences vs. YAG
 Pie chart offers a quick visual of most significant channels.



SAVE & SHARE

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Member Info

Allows you to connect media or non-media information to specific customers, sales reps, products, dates, etc.

Entries can be filtered and sorted to keep the most current information on top.

Media examples include news stories, events or related websites.

Non-media can be details on location, entry, specific contact info, or security issues.

General Info

Add global information such as manuals, training material, or information about the dataset.

🔗 Google Lookup General Ô. Creat JCUMMINGS Feb 15, 2018 at 11:37 AM Regional map JCUMMINGS Feb 15, 2018 at 11:33 AM Significant volume decline in the East area for March versus last year. General Info @ Q 000 8 0 Overview 0 Salient Performance Management gives every user the tools needed to improve performance and efficiency. Resources (3) \odot 📙 Salient Dashboards Training Guide (For Designers)

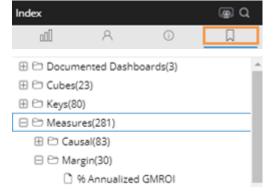
Member Info: Region [Customer].East Area

000

Global Info

Index/Search

Search, view, or add information about the schema (keys, dimensions, measures, etc.).



Salient Client Resources

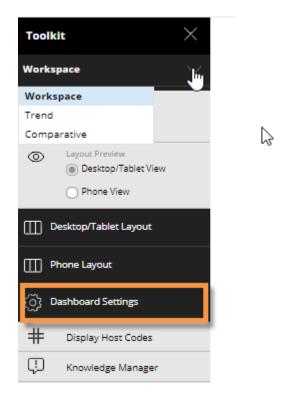
Additional concepts

Dashboard settings

Dashboard settings allow you to control a variety of options, such as a member coloring, host code display options, badge image, export choices, etc. You can select these settings in the toolkit, as explained below, or <u>import</u> <u>settings from other dashboards</u> (see page 31).

To access dashboard settings in edit mode

- In edit mode, select the workspace by clicking in a blank area of the dashboard, selecting Workspace in the toolkit menu, or pressing w on the keyboard.
- 2. Expand Dashboard Settings the toolkit.



To access dashboard settings in explore mode

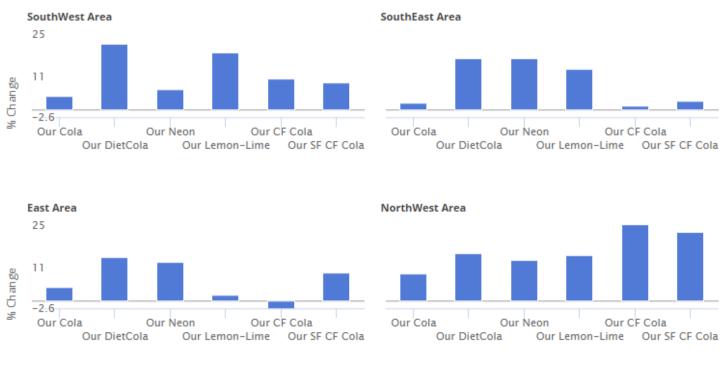
Click on Advanced at the bottom of the toolkit and then select Dashboard Settings.

Setting	Explanation
Display Hostcodes	If you wish, you can display dimension member codes along with or instead of their descriptions throughout the dashboard.
Knowledge Manager	Click Knowledge Manager to select settings for the Knowledge Manager panel.
Category Visibility	In this area, you can control which global and private collection categories are available or "visible" in view mode. Power Viewers will be able to access and/or create collections within these categories, depending on their user account settings.

Setting	Explanation
Member Coloring	In this area, <u>choose specific colors to represent members in the dashboard</u> (see page 98). This allows you to apply consistent colors across multiple widgets.
Badge Image	Optionally, select an icon to represent the dashboard. This icon will appear in dashboard widgets (e.g., in the portal) if enabled. If you skip this selection, the icon will be based on the analysis type of the widget in the upper-left corner.
Export	Select the format for exporting data when the user selects the Export option in a widget. In addition to this setting, you can disable exporting for any widget in its settings.
Allow Spawning	Check this box if you want users to be able to create new widgets by clicking or double- clicking.
Show Standard Widget Title	Check this box to include the standard text describing the widget's timeframe after the widget title. (The widget title is defined in the widget's general settings.)
Add Cube Name to Data Field	Check this box to display the name of a data cube from which the measure originates in measure headings and the Measures area.
Use Metric Colors on Grid	Check this box to color grid headings based on the measure category (e.g., blue for volume), or clear the box to use dark gray for all measure headings across the dashboard.
Restrict Power Viewers from adding Measures, Bys, and Filters in View Mode	To provide unlimited editing of measures, Group By dimensions, and filters in view mode, leave this box cleared. To limit these selections to what was built into the dashboard, check this box.
Docked Filter Panel Position	Choose display options for the panel that allows users to manage <u>filters</u> (see page 69). To disable this panel, choose Hidden .
Open Filter Panel on Load	Check this box to automatically expand the filters panel when the user opens the dashboard.
Remove Filter Widgets from Dashboard	This option removes all filter widgets from the dashboard but retains them as workspace filters, which can be accessed using the collapsible filter panel. This option maximizes screen space and is useful when upgrading your existing dashboards to Version 7.10+ if you want to use the new streamlined format.
Clear Workspace Filters	This option deletes all workspace filters, including global filters.

Trellis setup

A trellis chart (i.e., small multiple) repeats the same graph for multiple sub-categories to break the data into smaller pieces. When a standard trellis is on, the widget shows an array of small graphs; each graph shows data for a member of the 1st By (e.g., each region). The data is then broken down according to the 2nd By (e.g., brands in each region). The trellis allows Dashboard Designers to build several visualizations into a dashboard using a single widget.



Units [This vs Last]

A measure trellis (see page 120) is also available.

To set up a trellis

- 1. Start with a comparative graph.
- 2. To show a series of subgroupings (i.e., standard trellis), select how to group the data:

- Choose at least two levels (i.e., 1st By and 2nd By).

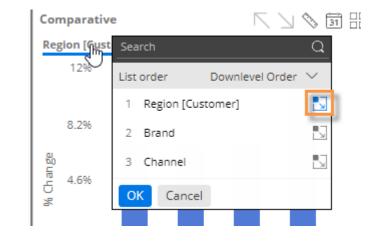
- <u>Turn on auto-expand</u> for at least the top-level dimension or key.

The trellis will show small multiple charts for individual members of the 1st By. The data in each small graph will be grouped according to the 2nd By.

- In the toolkit (in edit or explore mode), expand Graph Settings, and click on Trellis.
- 4. Check the **Enable Trellis** box.
- 5. In the **Setup** tab, choose from the following:

To create a standard trellis that shows a small graph for each subgrouping, leave Single By selected. Alternatively, you can create a <u>measure trellis</u> (see page 120).

Choose the number of columns and rows for the trellis array. For example, 2x2 will result in four small graphs.



(ii) Graph Settings	Trellis Setup
X Visual Options	Enable Trellis View
← Axis Management	Setup Styling
Trellis	Columns:
Show Graph Toolbar	2
Enable Data Labels	Rows:
Enable Shared Tooltips	2

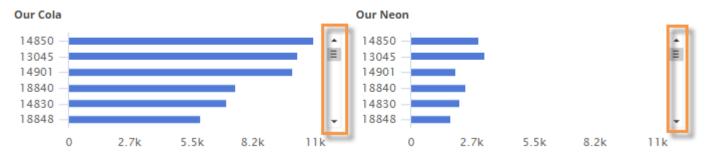
To set up a trellis

6.	In the Styling tab, choose the following:	,	Setup Styling
•	Optionally, enter css code to apply formatting to small graph headings. For example: font-size: 14pt		Header CSS: Spacing:
•	To add space around the small graphs, enter a spacing value in pixels.		Show Border Enable Shared Legend
•	To add borders around the small graphs, check the Show Border box.	l	Enable Matching Categories
			Apply Cancel

- Leave the **Enable Shared Legend** box checked to share the legend between small graphs. In general, this is recommended.
- Check or clear the Enable Matching Categories box.

Enable Matching Categories on

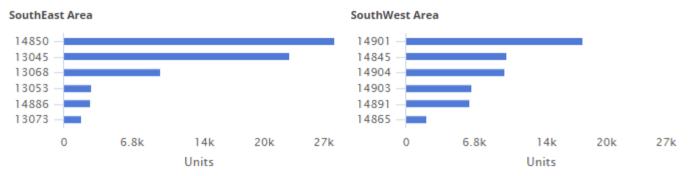
To order subgroupings consistently in the small graphs (i.e., same order in graph 1 as graph 2, graph 3, etc.), check the **Enable Matching Categories** box. In general, this option is recommended if the small graphs have most subgroupings in common because it allows for easier comparison and synchronous scrolling. For example:



The trellis uses an asterisk (*) to indicate that a member is <u>not</u> in the top results for that particular small graph but is included because it is in the combined list.

Enable Matching Categories off

If small graphs do not have common subgroupings, you should generally turn off the **Enable Matching Categories** option. This will allow each small graph to sort and size its subgroupings independently.

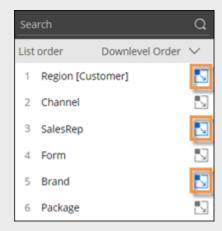


Note that matching categories is disabled in the following situations: two or more levels of auto-expansion (i.e., 1st By and 2nd By auto-expanded) or key-level as the 2nd By.

7. Click Apply.

Tip:

To enable drilling through a series of trellis graphs, every other level should be expanded; otherwise, users will need to manually turn on auto-expand after drilling.



Near West Area

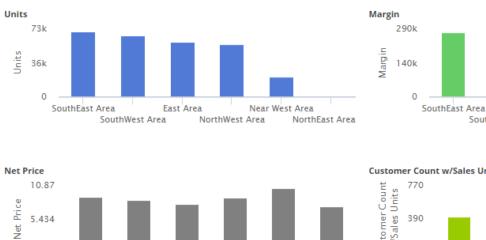
NorthEast Area

NorthWest Area

Measure trellis

0

A trellis can show a small graph for each measure rather than each sub-category. In this case, all graphs break down data according to the top-level dimension (and additional levels if auto-expand is on). A measure trellis may be useful when comparing several measures across a dimension.



East Area

SouthWest Area



East Area

SouthWest Area

Units (This) Margin (This) Net Price (This) Customer Count w/Sales Units (This)

To set up a measure trellis

SouthEast Area

1. Add the measures to the comparative widget in the order you want them to appear.

NorthWest Area

Near West Area

2. Set up a trellis as previous explained except choose the Measure option in the Trellis Setup area.

NorthFast Area

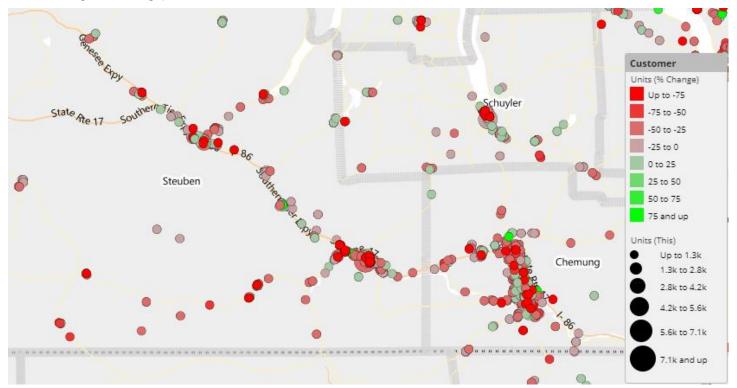
(iii) Graph Settings	Trellis Setup
💥 Visual Options	Inable Trellis View
Axis Management	Setup Styling
Trellis	Single By Measure
	Columns:
Show Graph Toolbar	Rows:
Enable Shared Tooltips	2
Hide Legend	Apply Cancel

Geo

Geo is a type of widget that provides geospatial intelligence by showing performance for individual locations (i.e. points). Depending on its setup, the map may also aggregate performance across areas to reveal geographic trends. This widget requires additional installation and setup.

Geo point map colored and sized by measure

The Geo map typically has markers that represent member locations (e.g., customer locations). The color and/or size of markers can indicate data values, difference, or percent change (e.g., green indicates positive change; red indicates negative change).



To set up a geo point map colored and sized by measure

- After adding a Geo widget, access marker setup by clicking Add Marker under Markers in the toolkit. (If you have already added the marker, you can click on its name to edit it.)
- 2. In the **Marker Setup** dialog, select the following settings.

Tip: Users will be able to change the marker setup in view mode by clicking on the map legend.



To set up a geo point map colored and sized by measure

Marker Layer - Select the key or dimension to plot on the map (e.g., customer).

Measure - Click **Select a Measure** to add the measure, or select from the **Measure** drop-down menu if measures have already been added. measuremeasure

Data Type - Select values (This or Last), Diff, % Change, etc.

Color - Select from the following.

- Auto Markers are colored in shades of teal based on data; uses the default number of equally-sized buckets (i.e., ranges); requires no additional setup.
- Static uses the same color/shade for all points regardless of data. You can also select the opacity of static markers.
- Variable (see the following instructions) Allows you to choose the bucket selection method, colors, opacity, number of buckets.

Size - Select from the following.

- Auto Markers are sized based on data; uses the default number of equally-sized buckets; requires no additional setup.
- Static uses the same point size for all markers regardless of data.
- Variable (see the following instructions) allows you to choose the bucket selection method, pixel size, and number of buckets.

Marker Setup		
Marker Layer:		
Customer		\sim
Measure:	🖉 Data Type:	
Units	∨ This	\sim
Color: Sel	ect a Measure	
Auto Static	🔵 Variable	
6 Buckets		
Size:		
Auto Ostatic	🔘 Variable	
10px to 30px - 6 Buckets		
Delete	OK Cancel	

Tip: If you select variable for one option (color or size) and use Auto for the other, then the map will automatically use appropriate Auto settings that correspond to the variable settings (i.e. number and size of buckets will match).

Variable (i.e., customized) point color and size options

The variable color and size options in Geo allow you to do any of the following:

- Select the number of buckets (e.g., 8 ranges of percent change)
- Select how the buckets are determined (equal size, standard deviation, or user-defined)
- Select a color gradient (2 or 3 color stops)
- Select a level of opacity
- Select a range of point size in pixels
- Use different measures or data types for color and size (e.g., size based on values and color based on percent change)

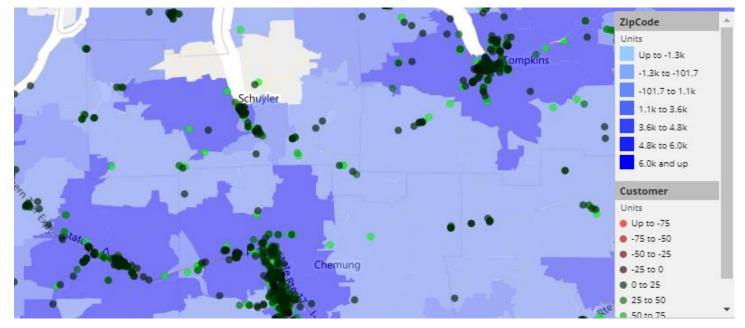
ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS

To access these options, choose the variable option for color or size in the Marker Setup dialog.

	Color:	
Variable Color	Auto Static Variable	
Measure: Data Type: Units V % Change V	8 Buckets Size:	Variable Size
✓ 3 Color Stops Reverse	O Auto O Static Variable Units/This 10px to 30px - 6 Buckets	Measure: Data Type: Units Sold ~ This ~ Marker Size:
Opacity: 80 🗘		5 🛟 to 30 🛟 Reverse Bucket Width: Deviation:
Bucket Width: Deviation: User Defined 1		Equal \checkmark 1 🗘
Number of Buckets:		Number of Buckets:
OK Cancel		OK Cancel

Geo area map colored by measure

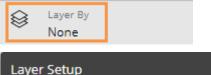
Geo maps can shade areas based on data totals, data averages, percent change, or difference, for each area within a layer. The map can overlay <u>points</u> (see page 121) on the colored areas, or you can view the area map without points. For example, view zip codes by units sold (darker areas have higher values).



To set up a geo area map colored by measure

- 1. After adding a Geo widget, access layer setup by clicking **Layer By** in the toolkit.
- 2. In the **Layer Setup** dialog, check the box of the layer for which want to color areas. Only preconfigured spatial layers are available for selection.
- 3. Select from the following options.

Tip: Users will be able to change the layer setup in view mode by clicking on the map legend.



Layer Setup	
Geo Layers	
State	
🗌 Zip Code	

To set up a geo area map colored by measure

Measure - Click **Select a Measure** to add the measure, or select from the **Measure** drop-down menu if measures have already been added.

Data Type - Select values (This or Last), Diff, % Change, etc.

To customize the colors, select from the following options.

- **3 color stops** Optionally, use three color stops to define the lowest, average, and highest data points with a gradient in-between. Or, leave this option cleared to use a two-color gradient.
- **Colors** Click each stop in the color bar to define the color. You can also click **Reverse** to reverse the colors.



• **Opacity** - Select the level of opacity for the layer. A low opacity value will allow you to see background layers; a high opacity value may hide other layers behind the marker layer, depending on the zoom level.

Color Setup	
Measure:	Data Type:
Units	Select a Measure
3 Color Stops	Reverse
Opacity:	80 🗘
Bucket Width:	Deviation:
Equal	✓ 1 0
Number of Buckets:	
6	\bigcirc
	OK Cancel

To customize the buckets (i.e., ranges represented by various shades), select one of the following from the **Bucket Width** menu:

- Standard deviation centers the buckets around the mean.
- Equal creates a defined number of equallysized ranges between the minimum and maximum values.
- User Defined allows you to create custom buckets.

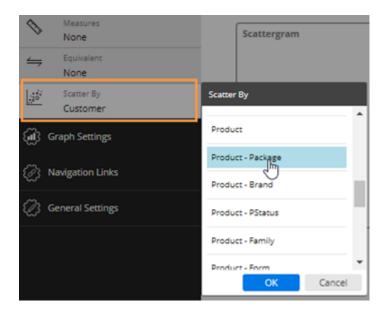
Bubble chart

The bubble chart is a scattergram that sizes its points based on a variable to show the relative importance of the items that they represent in addition to trends and outliers.



To configure a bubble chart

- 1. In edit or explore mode, add or select a Scattergram graph.
- 2. Select the "Scatter By" to control what will be plotted on the bubble chart.



To configure a bubble chart

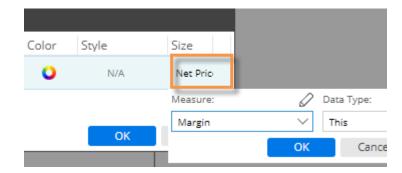
3. Add measures for the x axis and y axis as well as a measure for sizing the bubbles. The bubble size measure can be the same or different than an axis measure.

(h)	Measures	Measures	Search	Q
	None	Available	Selected \downarrow \uparrow <u>C</u>	Create New Group
4	Equivalent None	🕀 🗌 Quantities	X 🗸 Net Price	0
	Scatter By	🕀 🗌 Income	Y V Units	0
	Product - Package	🕀 🗌 Cost	- 🗸 Margin	0
		😑 🗌 Margin		

- 4. Under Graph Settings in the toolkit, click on Visual Options.
- 5. Click under Type in Visual Options and select Bubble

Scatter By Product - Package	Scattergram 80k				
🥡 ဲ Graph Settings	•				
🔀 Visual Options	Chart Visual Options				
Show Graph Toolbar	Series 🗸	Туре	Color	Style	Size
Enable Data Labels	Scattergram	👘 Scatter	0	• • = +	4рх
Enable Name Labels	Show All	💒 Scatter	- III		
Hide Legend	Custom Reference Line	🛃 Bubble		ОК	Cancel
Hide X Axis					

 Click under Size in Visual Options to choose the measure and type (timeframe or calculation) to use for sizing bubbles. If you don't see the measure listed, click of to add it.



To configure a bubble chart

7. *(Optional)* Click under Color in Visual Options to choose bubble colors. You can choose a static color or a variable color to represent data values.

Color	Style	Size	
0	N/A	Margin (
Color Se	tup		
Color:			
O Static	: 🖲 Variable		-
Measure		🖉 Data Ty	pe:
Units		∨ % Cha	nge 🗸
☑ 3 Co	lor Stops <table-cell> Align</table-cell>	Zero	Reverse
🗌 Use	Highlight Settings	Highlight Se	ttings

8. (Optional) Go to graph settings to turn on labels showing what each bubble represents and/or data values.

Custom groups

A custom group lets users create their own unique methods for organizing and comparing results based on collections. Each custom group can include any number of collections within an attribute. When the custom group is turned on as the "group by," the widget will roll up the results for each of its collections so that you can compare and investigate them. If a custom group is selected as a Group By for a widget, users can then select it to group the data just like regular Group By attributes. Custom groups are only available in widgets that compare multiple members.

Comparative Brands by Year Introduced			-	(i.e., cust g at the d	
Brands by Year Introduced	This ↓	Last	- Diff	% Change	
> 🗌 Old Brands 2017 and earlier	1,571,87	Roll	ed-up r	esults by	v I
∨ 📃 New Brands 2018	28,50		collec		·
> Our New Diet	21,588			20.00	
V Our Orange	969	0	969	100.00	
> Premix	883	0	883	100.00	
> Post Lcl	46	0	46	100.00	
> PostmxNT	27	0	27	100.00	
> PremixSP	13	0	13	100.00	
Package - 4 of 4					
> Blue Raspbry	878	282	596	211.35	
> Cherry Ice	743	272	471	173.16	
> StrwbrySizle	650	0	650	100.00	
Total (2)	1,578,794	1,653,755	-74,961	-4.53	

Add a custom group

- 1. Click on the widget and then click on Group By in the toolkit.
- 2. In the dialog, click the Add Custom Group button.
- 3. Select the attribute (i.e., dimension) for which to create a custom group.

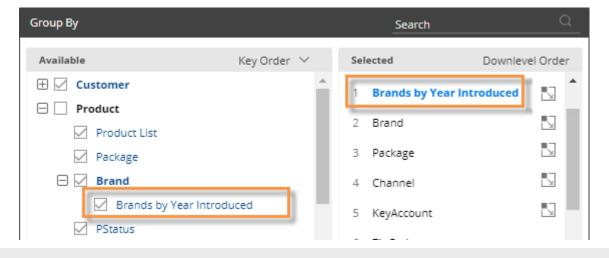
Comparative	
Brand	Units
Group By	This ✓ Last Diff % Change
Available Customer Customer List Company Region [Customer] SalesRep AssignedRoute Channel KeyAccount ZipCode City	Key Order Selected Downlevel 19 SalesRep 20 Channel 21 Region [Customer] Search Q • Customer Product Package Brand PStatus
Add All Add Custom Group	Family
	Brand Brand Group By Available Customer Customer List Company Company Region [Customer] SalesRep SalesRep SalesRep Channel Channel Channel City State

- 4. In the next dialog, checkmark all of the collections you want to compare and investigate in the custom group.
- 5. Type the name of the custom group at the bottom of the dialog. This name will appear as the "By" when the custom group is selected.
- 6. Click Apply.

Brand Collections	
Create New Collection	
Search	Q 🕲
Coffee Brands	
Energy Brands	
Isotonics	
Juice Brands	
🗹 New Brands 2018	-n
Old Brands 2017 and earlier	
Other Carbonated Brands	-
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	- + -
Name: Brands by Year Introduced	
Refresh Apply	Cancel

Turn on a custom group

The custom group is available underneath its attribute in the Group By area. You can select it and place it in the desired drill order just like any other dimension. This will also make it available in the breadcrumb path (if enabled) so that it can be selected in view mode.



Tips:

Custom groups are available across a dashboard and, therefore, can be used in other widgets within the same dashboard.

ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS

Tips:

If a collection changes (e.g., a new member is added to a collection), any custom groups that include the collection will be automatically updated.

If you want to switch out the collections in a custom group, you can edit it. Place the cursor over the custom group in the in the Group By area and click the \checkmark button.

Group By				Search	1	
Available	Key Order	\sim	Selecte	۱d	Downley	vel Order
Customer Customer Custome Company Region			2 Br 3 Re	ands by Year Intro and gion [Customer] annel	duced g	

Custom groups may contain overlapping members. Therefore, the total of a custom group is not necessarily the sum of all rows, but rather the total of all unique members.

Record details

Salient Dashboards can show record-level data (e.g. invoices, work records, inventory, etc.) in a graph or grid. To see data at this level, group the data by "Record Details." The details show each individual record for the given context. Record details may include dates (single date for transactions or start/end dates for non-transactional data), measures, key descriptions, dimensions, and invoice numbers (if configured).

Record details may be used as the primary way of viewing the data (i.e., 1st By) or further down in the hierarchy to allow flexible drilling into record details. The details may be filtered like other views to show any subset of data records. Record details are the lowest-level data possible; therefore, you cannot drill or expand beyond record details.

Comparat	ive					
SouthEast	Area > Reco	rd Details				
Date	Invoice	CustName	ProductDescription	Units	Gross Revenue	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	2LTR-8 Vernors	2	2	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	12PK CN Our New Diet	8	8	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	2LTR-8 Our New Diet	4	4	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	1Ltr-15 Our New Diet	2	3	
1/2/2020	00506008	OBECK INC # 3211	12PK CN Our Cola	408	418	
1/2/2020	00506008	OBECK INC # 3211	12PK CN Our DietCola	204	209	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	16PNR8 Our Cola	140	190	
1/2/2020	00506008	OBECK INC # 3211	12PK CN Our Neon	102	104	
1/2/2020	00506005	VILLAGE NORTH # 17	2LTR-8 Our Neon	80	87	

To build record details into a widget (in edit mode)

- 1. Add a comparative or mix widget if you haven't already. Record details are limited to these analysis types.
- 2. Optionally, switch to a graph/grid format (see page 88) that supports record details. These include:

• Mix - grid only (If you attempt to group by record details in a mix graph, it will automatically switch to a grid.)

• Comparative - grid or actual value graph (If you attempt to group by record details in a percent change graph, the widget will show a message as explained in the following tips.)

(i) Context	Comparative	
Cube Sales	Cube	
	Sales	
	Depr	
	OK Cancel	*

 Choose the data cube for which to view record details. The cube represents the activity or source of the data records.

3. Group the data by Record Details—either as the 1st By to immediately see record-level details or further down to allow drilling to record-level details.

Group By Record Details		Group By		Search	Q
_	Record Details	Available	Key Order 🖂	Selected	Downlevel Order 🖂
		🕀 🗌 Customer		1 Record Details	
		🕀 🗌 Product			
		🕀 🗌 Driver			
		🕀 🗌 ActualSalesRep			
		🕀 🗌 Asset		ecord Details are	
		🗆 🗹 Sales Cube		st in the Group By	
		Record Details	area (under the cube).	

- 4. Add at least one measure. Available measures are limited to those in the data cube.
- 5. Optionally, add the invoice number. If configured, this is located under Record Details in the Measures area. You can rename this field if you wish.
- 6. Optionally, add descriptions and/or dimensions for the keys in the records.

ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS

Measures None	Measures		Search	Q
None	Available		Selected \downarrow \uparrow	Create New Group
	Quantities		Invoice	0
	🗄 Income		CustName	0
	🕀 Cost		ProductDescription	0
	🕀 Margin		Units	0
	Record Details		Gross Revenue	Ô
	Invoice		Discounts	O
	Customer Descriptions			
	Customer CustName CustAddress			
Tips:				
If you see a message that none of the selected measures are graphable, make sure that you are <u>not</u> in a Percent Change	Comparative Record Details	🛃 Ma	aximize	
graph. This graph type does not support record	No	ne o 🗎 🛤		
details. Instead, switch to a	selecte	Exp	plore From Here ose Widget	
grid or an Actual Value graph.	are gra	un h n		_
9.45.11	the cur		aph All Record Details aph Checked Member(s) in F	Record Details

The data cube must include at least one measure to allow viewing of record details in Salient Dashboards.

Records details are limited to one million records. If records exceed this limit, reduce the amount of data using filters or by changing the date range.

The auto-expand option does not expand down to record details; instead, drill down, change the Group By, or expand items individually to reach record details.

Record details provide information similar to SIM's Line Item analysis (for transactional data) and Time in Place analysis (for non-transaction data).

Graph Percent Change
 Graph Actual Value
 This and Last

Reference lines

You can add custom lines to enhance data visualizations. Custom lines can show thresholds, important dates, and calculated values such as averages, totals, moving averages/totals, cumulative values, and projections.

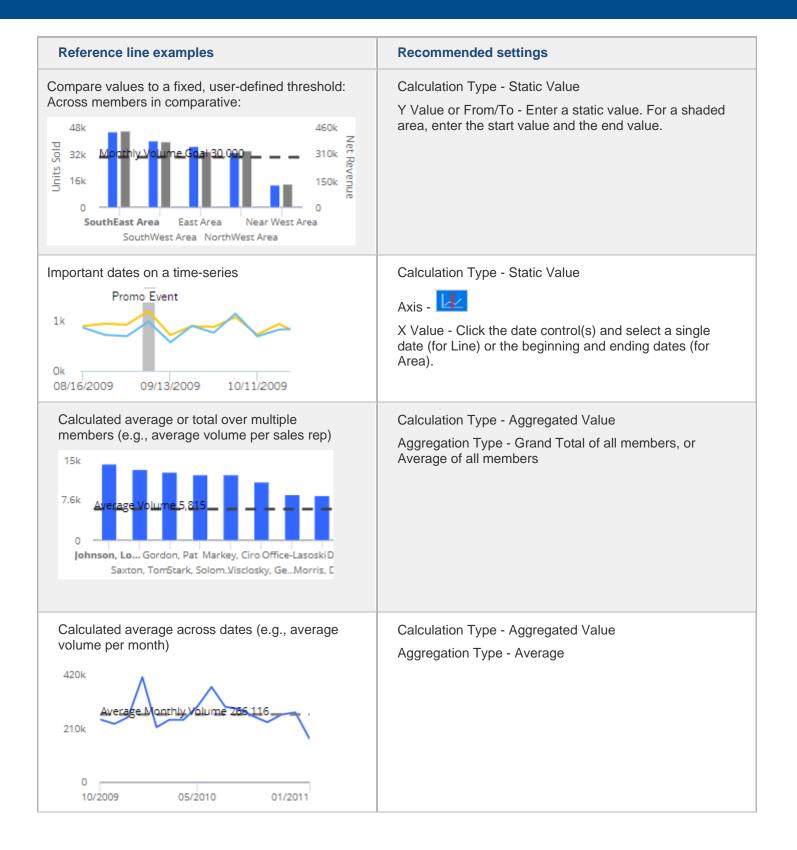
To add reference lines

- Go to <u>Visual Options</u> (see page 94) under graph settings in the toolkit or by clicking in the graph legend (visible on mouseover).
- 2. Click the **Custom Reference** Line button.
- 3. Select from the available settings, depending on what you want the reference line to show.

Chart Visual Options			
Series 🗸	Custom Reference L	ine	
Units (This)	Calculation Type		
Show All	Static Value	Aggregated Value	Linear Regression
Custom Reference Line	Aggregation Type		
L	Grand Total	Cumulative Total	Moving Total
	Average	Cumulative Average	Moving Average
	Series Tures		
	Series Type		
	📈 Line	Area	
	Measure:	Units (This)	\sim
	Placement:	In front of series	\sim
	Label:	Average Monthly Vo	lume 🖉
	Display value aft	er label	
		0	K Cancel

Reference line examples	Recommended settings
Compare values to a fixed, user-defined threshold: Over time in time-series: 420k 210k 0 10/2009 04/2010 01/2011	Calculation Type - Static Value Axis - 🗁 Y Value or From/To - Enter a static value. For a shaded area, enter the start value and the end value.

ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS



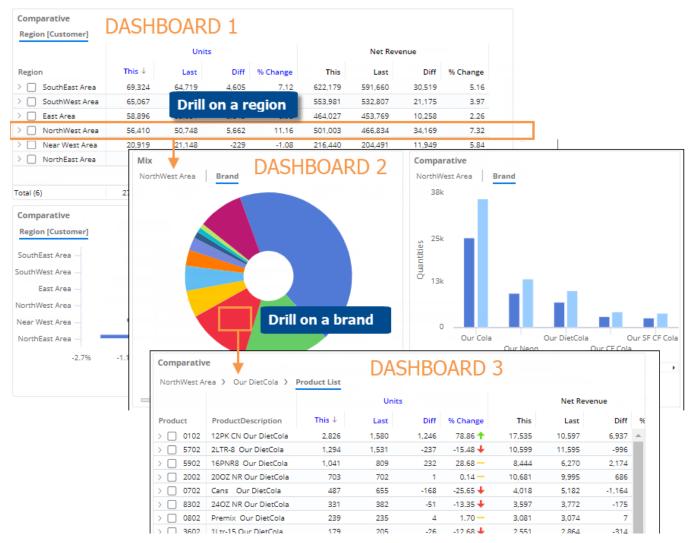
ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS

Reference line examples	Recommended settings
Cumulative average or total over date range (e.g., cumulative volume over time)	Calculation Type - Aggregated Value Aggregation Type - Cumulative Average or Cumulative Total
Moving averages or totals for a set number of prior dates; smooths data fluctuations	Calculation Type - Aggregated Value Aggregation Type - Moving Average or Moving Total Duration - Select the number of prior dates to include in the calculation.
Calculated trends with future projections	Calculation Type - Linear Regression Projection Duration - Select the number of future dates for which to project data based on a linear regression.
Scattergram quadrants based on averages	Calculation Type - Aggregated Value Aggregation Type - Average Series Type - Line Measure - X Axis Measure Repeat for the Y Axis Measure.

Custom drill-downs

A custom drill-down is a set of preconfigured dashboards through which the user can drill. The custom drill path can include a variety of widget types and display settings to optimize the investigative process while allowing the user to select the item(s) on which to drill.

Custom drill-downs must be <u>created</u> (see page 139) in edit mode by a Dashboard Designer. All dashboards in a custom drill-down must be published.



Create a custom drill-down

1. Create, configure, and publish a dashboard to use for each "step" in the drill-down. Within each dashboard, make sure you select and save the appropriate widget type(s), By dimensions, date range, display settings, etc. Consider the following when building the dashboard steps.

Filters - When the user drills, the selected member will automatically be used as a filter in the next dashboard; therefore, you do not need to manually add the filter for the "drill" attribute in subsequent dashboards. In addition, the following filters will automatically be carried forward from the previous dashboard: downlevel filters, widget and workspace filters (except those that use saved collections), and selections from filter widgets. Collections that are used as filters will not be carried forward to the next dashboard automatically; therefore, you may want to manually apply those prior to saving.

By - Configure one or more Group By dimensions to determine what should be available for By and filter selection. Depending on the following settings (Step 2v), you can require users to drill through all the configured By dimensions before going to the next dashboard, or skip the Bys and go straight to the next dashboard.

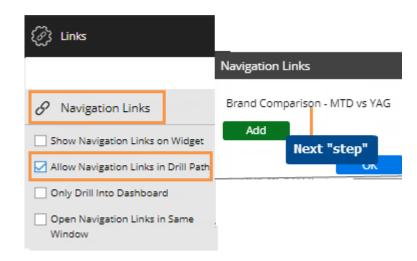
2. Open the first dashboard or "step" and set up the navigation link(s).

i. Click on a widget for which you want to set up custom drill-down. The widget must compare members.

ii. Expand Links in the toolkit and then click on **Navigation Links**.

iii. Select the dashboard to use as the next step. You can add multiple dashboards if you want the user to be able to select which one to go to when they drill.

iv. Under Navigation Links, check the **Allow Navigation Links in Drill Path** box.



v. Choose an option for handling additional By levels (2nd By, 3rd By, etc.) in the widget. To go straight to the next dashboard (i.e. skip Bys) when the user drills, check **Only Drill into Dashboard**. To drill through all By levels within the widget before going to the next dashboard, clear this option.

vi. Check or clear the option to open the link in a same window. If cleared, this option will open the link in a new tab or browser window.

vii. Repeat for all widgets from which custom drill-down should be allowed.

3. Save changes to the dashboard.



- 4. Repeat Steps 2 and 3 for each dashboard used as a step in the drill-down (except the last step)—specifying the next step and saving each one.
- 5. Share the dashboard of the first step with users.

Notify

Salient Dashboards can send automated notifications based on dashboard data. Notifications can use custom business conditions (e.g., negative change since last month) to determine whether to send a message. Alternatively, you can turn off conditions to simply send messages according to your preferred schedule. Messages may be sent as emails and/or mobile app notifications (Salient mobile app required). Upon receiving a notification, a user can quickly go the underlying data in the associated dashboard: tapping on a mobile notification will open the dashboard in the Salient mobile app; clicking on an email notification will open the dashboard in the browser-based dashboard application. Users can interact with the data and investigate it further in either application. Notifications may also include the data itself embedded in the message or as an attachment (email only).

You can create and manage notifications in the Salient Dashboards browser-based application if you belong to a user group with rights to save notifications.

Widget requirements for notifications

Each notification is based a widget in a dashboard. The widget must meet the following requirements.

Analysis type

The widget must be Comparative, Multi Comparative, or Share Trend.

Measures/columns

The widget should include the measures and subcolumns (e.g., This, Last, Diff, % Change) to report. If the notification will have conditions, the subcolumn to test should also be included.

If the widget is Multi Comparative and the notification will have conditions, the <u>first</u> main column of the grid should contain the data to be tested.

Format

The grid format of the widget must be standard or flat view.

Groupings

The widget should group the data by the attribute to be reported in the notifications. For example, if the Group By is package, the notifications will report packages.

Date range

The widget should use the date range(s) on which to report. In general, the date range should move over time (i.e., not fixed) so that notifications continuously look at new data.

Filters

To filter on the same subset of data for all notification recipients (e.g., same region), apply filters prior to saving the dashboard.

To apply custom filters based on notification recipient (e.g., different regions for various recipients), you can apply filters in the Recipients area of the notification setup as explained below. This type of filter may also be used to send a notification <u>for each</u> selected subset of data (e.g. a separate notification for each region).

To automatically apply filters based on user account, an administrator can create and apply password collections in the Admin Portal.

A combination of these filter methods may be used as shown in the following example (see page 149).

Security

The widget and its data should be available to the intended recipients. Otherwise, the recipients will not have the necessary rights and errors may occur.

Save location

The dashboard should already be saved. If not, you will be prompted to save it in the next step. In general, the dashboard should be saved in a global folder. Notifications for a private dashboard can only be sent to the associated user account.

Create a notification

- Open the dashboard containing the widget on which the notifications will be based. The widget should meet the previously explained requirements.
- Click the button in the upperright corner of the widget and select Notify.
- 3. In the next screen, enter the following settings that determine what notifications will be sent, how and when they will be sent, what they will include, and who will receive them.

Tip: If you wish, you can import a notification rather than creating a notification from scratch.

		$ \ \ \square \ \square \ \ \lor \ \ \bigcirc \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$
	Units	Aximize
This \checkmark	Last	Duplicate Widget
73,794	116,284	ீ Export
60,364	89,170	Explore From Here
57,685	83,206	P Notify
57,196	85,956	
20,767	33,016	 Graph All Region [Customer]

	Create/Edit Notify Rules		Manage Notify Rules
	Name:	Category: Currency Table:	
	Regions with volume loss	General settings one	\checkmark
	Basic by Channel - Comparative ~ Month To	Date vs. YAG	
Time Frame:	Conditions		
Aggregate V	_	Conditions	
Aggregate	AND OR	(rules and groups)	Add rule Add group
All Periods Consecutive Periods	Units 🗸 This 🗸 greater	r 🗸 Value 🗸	Delete
Any Period	MEASURE/ OPE	RATOR COMPARISON	
Any Period	SUBCOLUMN	VALUE/MEASURE	
Timeframe	Frequency Advanced Schedule:	Sector End:	
options (share	Daily - Mornings (8:30 am) 🗸 🗸	Frequency 🗊	
trend data only)			
	Delivery Method 🛈	Delivery	
	Mobile Email Mobile & Email	method	Fine-tune
	Send if no members pass Send whe	n members update Show only new members	frequency &
			content
	Message		
	Subject:		
	Notification: {{dashboardName}} Message: Add Quick Expression	ssage subject & body	
	There are {{numMatches}} {{firstByDimensi	on}}s that need your attention	
	Template:		
	MMK-index	Email template &	
	Separate messages for mobile and e	attachments	
	Email data export (.xsls)		
	Email PDF of dashboard Setup		
		Add External Recipient	Add Recipients
	Recipients	Filters Select Recipients	
	× (JCUMMINGS)	Recipients & filters	
	Active	La	ist Name Username
			USER1
			USER2 USER3
			OSENS

Setting	Explanation
Name	Enter a unique name for the notification.
Category	The category controls who can access and edit the notification definition, but not who can receive the notifications.
Currency	If the dataset has multiple currency tables, select the currency on which to base the notifications.

Setting	Explanation
Conditions	Conditions off: To always send the notification without basing it on conditions, turn off the Conditions
(optional)	control:
	Conditions Image: Conditions With this option off, the notification will function like an automated report. Note that you may also want to turn off Send when members update and Show only new members under Delivery Method.
	Conditions on:
	To use conditions to control when notifications are sent and what they include, leave this option on and enter test condition(s). You can enter one or more rules and, optionally, group them <u>as explained below</u> (see page Error! Bookmark not defined.) to create complex logic statements. For each rule:
	 Select the measure and subcolumn (This, Last, Diff, % Change) to test. Note that a test on a Multi Comparative will look at whatever subcolumn is selected for the <u>first date range</u> in the grid.
	 Select an operator (e.g., less than). Choose what to compare against, which can be a static value, another measure,
	or budgets for the test measure (if added to the widget).
	 When multiple rules/groups are used, choose AND or OR to control which rules must be met.
	In general, notifications are sent when data meets the conditions. You can fine-tune frequency and contents using options in the Delivery Method section.
- Timeframe (only for share	For share trend data only: Select a timeframe option to determine which value(s) within the date range will be compared to condition(s) for each member.
trend with	Aggregate - Use the aggregate value over the entire date range.
conditions on)	 All periods - Evaluate all individual units of time (e.g., all weeks) in the date range. <u>All</u> units of time must meet criteria to send a notification.
	• <i>Consecutive periods</i> - Consider values for consecutive, individual units of time in the date range. Enter the number of time periods to evaluate (e.g. increasing values over three months).
	 Any period - Send notifications if <u>any</u> individual unit of time in the date range meets criteria (e.g. any week over 100).
	For comparative or multip comparative data: The test will always aggregate data. No timeframe selection is required.
Frequency	• Choose a schedule for checking the data and sending notifications if conditions are met. Select a preconfigured schedule from the drop-down. Or, create your own schedule by checking Advanced and entering a chron expression that is compatible with Quartz.
	 Choose the start and end dates for the notifications. If you omit the end date, notifications will continue indefinitely.

Setting	Explanation
Delivery method	Choose the method of delivery:
- Mobile, email, or both	 Mobile - Send notifications to recipients' mobile devices. The Salient mobile app must be installed on recipients' devices and notifications must be allowed. Tapping the mobile notification will go to the underlying data in the mobile app. Email - Send emails to recipients. The email message can include attachments and/or link to the underlying data in a browser-based dashboard. Mobile & Email - Send to mobile devices and email as described above. When using both methods, you can optionally check the Separate messages for mobile and email box (below the message and template section) to use different messages (e.g., a shorter message for mobile and a longer, more detailed message for email).
- Settings for fine- tuning message frequency and content	 Use the following options to adjust how often messages are sent and what they contain. You may want to clear the second option to ensure that notifications are sent according to your preferred frequency regardless of whether the list of returned members changes between runs. Send if no members pass - If conditions are on, this option will send notifications even if no members pass the test conditions. If clicked, a notification with zero passing members will lead to the original widget (i.e. will show all members).
	If conditions are off, this setting does not affect notifications.
	Send when members update -
	This option will only send notifications if the list of returned members changes from the previous run. The resulting widget (if opened by clicking the notification) will show all members returned for the current run. The exception is a notification that returns zero members with "Send if no members pass" also on; in this case, the resulting widget will show the original widget without conditions applied.
	OR:
	Show only new members -
	Like the previous option, this option will only send notifications if the list of returned members changes from the previous run. The resulting widget (if opened by clicking the notification) would show <u>only</u> new members in the current run that did not pass in the previous run. If this option is selected, the previous options are not available.

ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS

Setting	Explanation
Message - Subject and message	Enter the notification subject and message, or leave as is to use the default settings. These fields can include a combination of text and variables. Click the Add Quick Expression button to insert any of these variables into the message. You may also use these variables in the subject by copying them or manually typing them.
	 {{dashboardName}} - The name of the dashboard on which the notification is based.
	 {{dashboardUrl}} - The URL to open the dashboard in the Salient Dashboards browser-based application.
	• {{dashboardMobileUrl}} - The URL to open the dashboard in the Salient mobile
	 app. {{widgetTitle}} - The title of the widget on which the notification is based.
	 {{firstByKey}} - The key associated with the 1st By (e.g., customer).
	 {{firstByDimension}} - The 1st By dimension or key.
	 {{numMatches}} - The number of 1st By members that meet the test criteria or total members if conditions are off.
	 {{matchedMembers}} - A listing of the 1st By members that meet the test criteria or all members if conditions are off.
	• {{embeddedGrid}} - A grid showing the data returned by the notification. If conditions are on, the grid shows data that meets the test criteria. If conditions are off, the grid includes all data for the widget. The grid is limited to the maximum number of rows defined in the configuration files (default of 50).
	 {{totalRowGrid}} - The total row from the grid (e.g., total of regions).
	 {{averageRowGrid}} - The average per row for the grid (e.g., average per region).
	 {{totalAverageRowGrid}} - The total row and average per row.
	• {{totalColumnGrid}} (for Share Trend only) - Information about the total column in the grid (i.e., total across all dates), including the average per row and total row.
	 {{averageColumnGrid}} (for Share Trend only) - Information about the average column in the grid (i.e., average across all dates), including the average per row and total row.
	 {{totalAverageColumnGrid}} (for Share Trend only) - Information about the average column and total column, including the average per row and total row.
	 {{widgetDatePlaceholder}} - Descriptions of the dates being reported.
	 {{foreachOptionMemberNames}} - The name of the member being reported when the "for each" option is on.
	 {{foreachOptionMemberCodes}} - The code of the member being reported when the "for each" option is on.
	For email messages, a text editor allows you to apply formatting.
Template	Select a template to control the appearance of the email message.
(for email only)	To create or edit templates, click the Manage Templates button to go to the Admin Portal. Additional rights may be required. See the <i>Salient Dashboards Installation and Configuration Manual</i> for more information.

Setting	Explanation
Attachments	Optionally, check either or both of the following boxes to include attachments:
(for email only)	 Email data export - XLSX file containing the data returned by the notification. If the notification includes conditions, this will only include the passing members. Click Setup to choose export options. Email PDF of dashboard - PDF file of the original dashboard. Click Setup to choose options.
Recipients	The notification creator is automatically added as the first recipient.
- Salient users	To add recipients that have user accounts in the Salient system:
	Click Add Recipients.
	Select recipients from a list of dataset users. You can search for a user at the top of the window.
	The recipients should meet the requirements for the selected delivery method(s):
	Mobile - Salient mobile app installed with notifications allowed
	• Email - email address defined for the Salient user account (Email addresses can be added in the Admin Portal.)
	Each recipient's account rights will control what data can be sent.
- external	To add an external recipient (i.e. no Salient account):
recipients (for email only)	Click Add External Recipient.
•	Enter the email address.
	Click OK.
	Notes:
	• This option requires that the notification creator belongs to a user group with permission to email external addresses. See the <i>Salient Dashboards Installation and Configuration Manual</i> for more information.
	 Use caution when sending notifications that could contain sensitive information because external messages cannot be filtered based on individual user account rights. Instead, external email messages will use the security context of the first recipient that has a Salient account and permissions to email externally. By default, this is the dashboard creator account.
	• Links to dashboards will not work for users without Salient accounts; therefore, you may want to customize a template that does not have a "Go to Dashboard" button for use with external accounts. See the <i>Salient Dashboards Installation and Configuration Manual</i> for more information

Setting	Explanation						
Recipient filters	 Add the recip Click in the F Click Create a Collection 	ilters column for that recipient. a filter to choose the key/dimension to choose a saved collection of mem Ild send each sales representative hi	bers (classic or dynamic $\overleftarrow{\mathcal{V}}$).				
	Recipients	Filters	For Each Options				
	× (JBAIRD)	Customer.SalesRep: Baird, Jlm	None				
	× (LJOHNSON)	Customer.SalesRep: Johnson, Louise	None				
	× (PGORDON)	Customer.SalesRep: Gordon, Pat	None				
	member(s) to All, All (78) in the source widg subsets of the data. T See the following <u>exa</u>	work with <u>benchmarking</u> (see page 1 Others, or custom cohorts. In addition get can use notification filters to dyna his requires a special setting in the c <u>mples</u> (see page 149).	n, a <u>dynamic filter</u> (see page mically focus on different lynamic filter advanced setup.				
	Note: If you select multiple members and leave For Each off (None), the notification will aggregate data for those members.						

 Add the recipient. Click in the Filters to send notification the checkboxes cl choose a collectio Click in the For Ea key/dimension/col 	ation <u>for each</u> filter member to t s column to choose the key/dim ns. You can check specific men lear (i.e. set to All) to send notifi on to send notifications for each ach Options column and check lection. You can turn on the "fo ver, you should carefully conside	ension and members for which nbers, exclude members, leave ications for all members, or of its members. It he box of the r each" option for multiple
 Click in the Filters to send notification the checkboxes clichoose a collectio Click in the For Ea key/dimension/collicategories; howey 	ns. You can check specific men lear (i.e. set to All) to send notifi in to send notifications for each ach Options column and check lection. You can turn on the "fo ver, you should carefully conside	nbers, exclude members, leave ications for all members, or of its members. the box of the r each" option for multiple
 to send notification the checkboxes cl choose a collectio Click in the For Ea key/dimension/col categories; howey 	ns. You can check specific men lear (i.e. set to All) to send notifi in to send notifications for each ach Options column and check lection. You can turn on the "fo ver, you should carefully conside	nbers, exclude members, leave ications for all members, or of its members. the box of the r each" option for multiple
For example, you could se	For Each Options SalesRep OK	ach sales representative to a
Recipients	Filters	For Each Options
× (JCUMMINGS)	Customer.SalesRep: All	SalesRep
	recipient. Also see the foll Recipients X (JCUMMINGS) Note: When setting up "for be generated. For example generate an unmanageable keys/dimensions (e.g., for example practical limits. A configuration	SalesRep OK For example, you could send a separate notification for exprecipient. Also see the following examples (see page 149) Recipients Filters

Tips:

To test the notification, go to Manage Notify Rules and click . For a test run, the notification will only be sent to the user who tests it.

Leave the **Active** button on to immediately activate the notification, in which case it will run at the next scheduled time, or turn this option off to leave the notification deactivated (e.g., if you are not finished setting it up).

A notification will run according to the timezone of the user who created it.

To edit and manage existing notifications and see notification history, Click the	1	button in the upper-right corner
of the dashboards screen and select Notifications.		

Notification examples

Example: Multiple types of filters in notifications

The following example uses multiple types of filters to send an alert to a regional manager for each of his or her sales representatives that have declining volume (less than -20% change) for one or more products within a certain group.

The widget has a "static" filter to focus on a group of 20-ounce products. Because this filter is applied to the widget itself, notifications for all recipients will be filtered on this group of products.

Comparative						Filters			
Product List			Units			Loa		Create a filter	Build a Dynamic
PNO_IbI	Description_lbl	This	Last	Diff ↑	% C	Colle	ction		Filter
> 🗌 2004	200Z NR Our Neon	6,098	6,721	-623					
> 🗌 1639	200Z ND Spring Water	427	924	-497		Widget	Filters		
> 🗌 2002	200Z NR Our DietCola	2,971	3,258	-287		Dealers	(Due d		
> 🗌 2035	200Z NR Our RootBeer	145	304	-159		Package 20 Oz [(CL)	
> 🗌 2025	200Z NR Tea Mix	259	364	-105		20 02 [alopalj		
> 🗌 2007	200Z NR Lmn-Lime	675	761	-86					Apply
> 🗌 2091	20OZ NR Flavors	0	84	-84					
> 🗌 2135	20OZ PA Our RootBeer	18	53	-35	-	66.04			
> 🗌 2030	200Z NR Our SF Neon	540	569	-29		-5.10			
> 2117	200Z PA Cherry Lmn-Lime	20	39	-19		48.72			

The notification has the following recipient filters to further limit the data returned:

- Each recipient (manager) has a region filter to limit the data to his or her area.
- Each recipient also has a sales rep filter to report on each sales representative separately. Notice that the "for each" option is on for this filter.

Recipients	Filters	For Each Options
(JCUMMINGS)	Customer.Region: SouthEast Area; Customer.SalesRep: All	SalesRep
(JDOE)	Customer.Region: SouthWest Area; Customer.SalesRep: All	SalesRep
(BSMITH)	Customer.Region: NorthWest Area; Customer.SalesRep: All	SalesRep

A recipient might receive multiple notifications—one for each sales representative—depending on the data. Each notification will contain any products in the 20-ounce group that meet the test criteria (< -20% change) for that sales representative.

		U	nits U	nits	Units	Units			
PNO	Description	1	lhis L	ast	Diff	% Change			
1639	20OZ ND Spri Water	ing	20	46	-26	-56.52			
2035	F There	are 6 Produ	Sales	rep Kel e 20 uz i			your atte	ntion	
3186	PNO_LIL		scription_U	110	igory th	Units	Units	Units	
2048	2030	200Z NR 0	our SF Neon		2	7	-5	-71.43	1
	7675	20OZ ISOB	lue ISO		1	6	-5	-83.33	
fotal (4)	1639	There	are 7 Produ			TS-Lasosk		our attenti	
	2019	mere	are / Produ	cts in the		Units	Units	Units	Units
	7682	PNO_Ibl	Des	scription	lbl	This	Last	Diff	% Change
	3184	2004	200Z NR 0	Our Neon		53	85	-32	-37.65
	Total (6	2002	200Z NR 0	Our DietC	ola	37	48	-11	-22.92
		2005	200Z NR T	heir RB		9	16	-7	-43.75
		2030	200Z NR 0	Our SF Ne	eon	4	9	-5	-55.56
		1639	200Z ND S	Spring Wa	ater	1	4	-3	-75
		2025	200Z NR T	ea Mix		0	2	-2	-100
		2035	200Z NR 0	Our Rooti	Beer	0	1	-1	-100
		Total (7)				104	165	-61	-36.97

Example: Benchmarking with notification filters

The following example sends a separate notification for each sales representative—grouping the sales data by package and comparing the sales representative to a benchmark of all other sales reps.

The source widget is multi comparative and includes a column to show the sales representative's data and another column to show data for all other sales representatives. A recipient filter will be used to narrow down on each sales representative; therefore, the sales representative column (first column) is unfiltered in the source widget. The All Others column has a Sales Rep filter set to "All Others" in <u>Advanced filter settings</u> (see page 161).

	Last Month	Last Month
Package	Units \downarrow	Units
> 🗌 12Pk Cn	79,172	79,172
>2Ltr-8	47,979	47,979
> 🔄 6Pk Cn	33,742	33,742
> 🗌 200z NR	24,875	24,875
> 16PNR8	19,531	19,531

The notification has the following recipient filter with "for each" turned on to return a notification for each of the selected sales representatives.

×	(JCUMMINGS)	Customer_Ibl.SalesRep_Ibl: Baird,	For Each Options SalesRep_Ibl	
		Jim, Cline, Jose, Davis, John		

The recipient would receive a notification for each of the selected sales representatives. Each notification would filter the first column by the sales representative and show All Others in the second column.

Baird, Jim - Package Sales

Last Month Last Month All O						
Package	Units	Units				
12Pk Cn	4,028	75,144				
2Ltr-8	2,224	45,755				
16PNR8	1,621	17,910				
6Pk Cn	692	33,050				

Example: Notification filters in dynamic filters

The following example sends an alert for each brand—listing out customers that purchased less of that particular brand (<-20% change) during this timeframe versus last.

The source widget has a dynamic filter to narrow down on customers that declined in volume. In the advanced area of the dynamic filter setup, "Notification" is selected to dynamically apply the notification filter when the notification is sent (i.e., filter on customers that bought less of a given brand).

Dynamic Filter			
Accumulate By			
Customer_lbl			~
AND OR			Add rule
Measure Data Typ	e Operator	Value	
Units_Ibl v % Cha	v <	~ -20	
∧ Advanced Options			
Cubes		Equivalent	
Sales_Ibl	~	None	~
Passed In		Date Range	
All Periods (In Total)	~	Dynamic Date Range	~
Filters		Dynamically Applied Filters	1
	× ~	Notification X	× ~
		Notification : All	

The notification has the following recipient filter with "for each" turned on to return a notification for each of the selected brands.

	Recipients	Filters	For Each Options
×	(JCUMMINGS)	Product,Brand: Our Neon, Our Lemon-Lime, Our Cola	Brand

Because the dynamic filter has "Notification" filters applied, each notification will include data for customers that passed the test for that particular brand (e.g., customers that declined more than 20% for Our Cola). The customers could be listed out individually as shown below or grouped by attribute.

Notification: Brand Alert: Our Cola

		Units	Units	Units	Units
Cust	Name	This	Last	Diff	% Change
12119	XTRA MARTS	328	412	-84	-20.39
70227	OBECK INC # 3211	992	1,248	-256	-20.51
06631	LINDLEY NE # 3174/918289	1,073	1,350	-277	-20.52

Customize the portal dashboard

The dashboard installation comes with a portal dashboard to provide users with easy access to dashboards. The default portal dashboard opens automatically at initial login, and may be accessed through the Salient button in the upper-left corner of the screen. You can configure and choose a different portal dashboard if you wish.

🛞 SALIENT 🏠 basic-portal 🕚	✓ * Add Widget ✓				← Back
Toolkit X Button V	🧭 Welcome	2			Explore Mode
Sutton	Recents × Fav	vorites × All Das	* hboards		
C General Settings					Resources
Widget Style:	2	*	*	*	Salient Dashboards Training Gui Designers)
Default 🗸	84				Salient Dashboards Training Gu
Window Width:	Pricing Trend	Basic by Channel	Customers by Volume	MTD Brand	Viewers)
160 🗘				Performance	🔗 Salient Client Resources
Window Height:					Image resource 12/13/18
30 🗘	<u>⇔</u>	ث ۲		<u>⇔</u>	🔗 for a test
X Position:		(3)			🔼 Logo
780	Accounts MTD vs YAG	Financial Overview	Channel Performance -	Basic for Mobile	
Y Position:			12 Months		
25 Û					

To customize a portal dashboard

- 1. Start with a blank dashboard or the default portal dashboard.
- 2. Go to edit mode.
- 3. Add widgets to provide links to commonly-used dashboards, include other information, and enhance the appearance of the portal. The following widgets are useful when creating portals:

<u>Dashboard widgets</u> (see page 27) - provide a set of links to other dashboards, such as recent dashboards, favorite dashboards, all dashboards, published dashboards, or a custom assortment of dashboards.

<u>Button widgets</u> (see page 25) - allow users to quickly go to a URL, open a dashboard, change the date, or filter the current dashboard. To create a button that goes to another mode (i.e., explore or edit mode), select the URL option and enter the appropriate URL (see below).

<u>Tab group widgets</u> (see page 19) - organize widgets and maximizse screen space by providing a tabbed or carousel view.

Knowledge Manager widgets - shows the general overview or general resources from Knowledge Manager.

<u>Text/HTML</u> (see page 23), <u>Line</u> (see page 26) and <u>Image</u> (see page 29)widgets - enhance the appearance of the dashboard and provide content.

- 4. When you are finished, save the dashboard (see page 106).
- 5. To make it the default portal for users:

i. Export the dashboard to an sdm file. Do not use the name StandardPortal.sdm.

ii. Open the Admin Portal, go to Default Dashboards (under System Settings), upload the sdm file, and then select it as the portal dashboard (requires Dashboard Designer licensing).

Buttons for dashboard modes

You can configure a button to go to a specific mode in Salient Dashboards. Add the button, select the URL action, and enter the URL. At minimum, the URL should include the following parameters after the sdm.aspx page location:

- view Enter one of the following to control the mode: viewer for view mode; explore for explore mode; or sdmView for edit mode.

Examples:

This URL would open the default dashboard for exploring (e.g., comparative widget) in explore mode.

http://mycompany.com/SDM.aspx?dashboardId=6e6ff843-c167-499a-ad6c-b55152391ddb&view=viewer

This URL would open the dashboard with the given dashboard ID in view mode.

http://mycompany.com/SDM.aspxdashboardId=b382a462-9a2c-46d9-976d-b1feef821c39&view=explore

This URL would open the dashboard with the given dashboard ID in explore mode <u>if the dashboard was saved in</u> <u>explore mode</u>. Otherwise, the dashboard will open in view mode.

Custom views

You can build custom views to create visualizations beyond those available in standard widget types. The Salient Dashboards installation provides some custom view templates as shown in the following <u>examples</u> (see page 156). You can use these templates and/or build your own custom views.

Data in custom views will update like other widgets when a user makes changes, such as adjusting the date range, changing the Group By, and filtering. In addition, users can switch to a grid to see the underlying data.

To build a custom view (in edit mode)

 Add a widget and configure it to include the data for the custom view by choosing the analysis type, adding a measure(s), and selecting the Group By. Data will be limited to the first page of data for the 1st By dimension (i.e., cannot expand data). If the custom view will not be used to display widget data, the context selections are not relevant. To build a custom view (in edit mode)

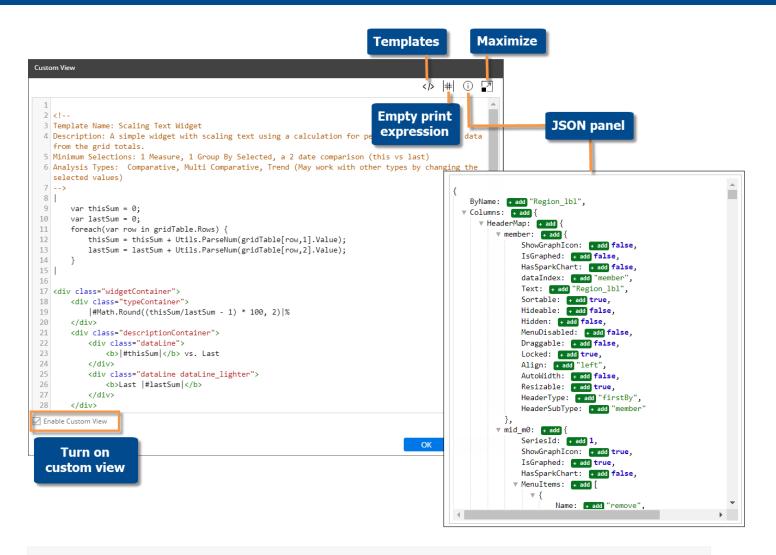
- 2. Click in the upper-right corner of the widget and select Custom View from the menu.
 Image: I
- 3. In the editing window, enter code to define the custom visualization. You can start with any of several predefined templates (if configured), or create a custom view from scratch.

To start with a predefined template, click $\langle \rangle$ at the top of the window and choose the template. This will populate the editing window with the template code, which you can customize further. The comments at the top show the requirements for the template, including supported analysis types and measure(s). If you don't see the template button, the dataset may not be configured to use templates. See the *Salient Dashboards Installation and Configuration Manual* for more information.

Both HTML and JavaScript may be used. In addition, you can query and select data using a simple, built-in scripting language similar to C#. To display data, enclose it in the print expression |#|. To access a list of available values, open the JSON panel by clicking (i) at the top of the editing window. You can then click **+ add** to insert any values from the underlying grid. The following libraries are built into Salient Dashboards, so that you may use them without importing them: some Highcharts modules (bullet, exporting, funnel, heatmap, solid-gauge, treemap), Jquery, Open Sans font style.

4. When you are finished, check the **Enable Custom View** box at the bottom of the screen, and click **OK**. <u>If you</u> <u>do not check this box, the custom view will not display.</u>

ADDITIONAL CONCEPTS



Tip: If a template does not display as expected (e.g., blank or error), make sure the widget meets the requirements in the notes at the top of the template code.

5. Optionally, adjust widget settings to restrict functions and/or data based on the purpose and context of the custom view. For example, if the custom view compares two date ranges, you may want to lock down date settings by removing the date setup icon in general widget settings.

Custom view examples

The Salient Dashboards installation includes the following custom view templates. Your organization can modify these templates and/or provide additional templates.

Scaling text widget

-32.95%

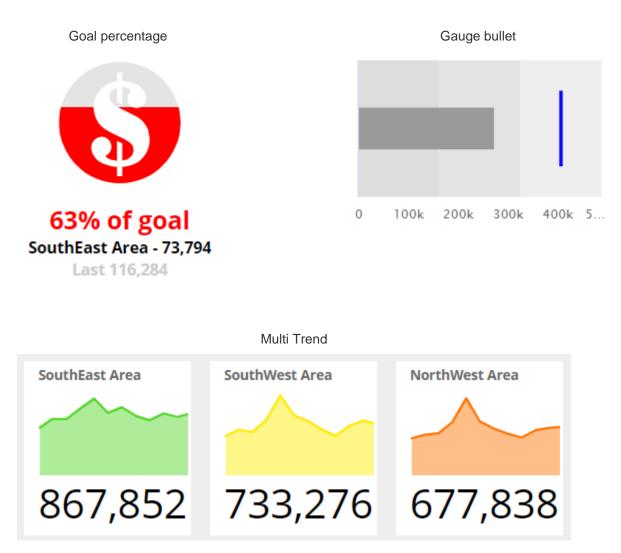
273537 vs. Last

Last 407952

Simple sentence

SouthEast Area (73794) is less than SouthWest Area and NorthWest Area combined (118049)





Calendar trend tiles



Column filters (in Multi Comparative)

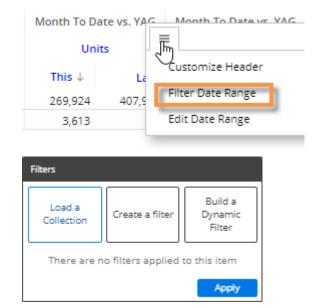
The columns in a Multi Comparative widget can be filtered on various subsets of data. The filters, date ranges, measures, and equivalents can be the same or different across columns. Any number of columns can be included to provide a customized view of performance. For example, compare performance across individual brands, packages, and custom groups of products in one view. A filter icon **T** indicates that a column is filtered. The filtered data is also available when you switch to graph format.

	All Pro	oducts	T Our Cola		T 12 Pa	ck Cans	Our Carbonated Brands		Products with Net Price > \$10		
	Ur	its		Units Units		Units		Units			
Channel	This ↓	% Change	This	Last	% Change	This	% Change	This	% Change	This	% Change
> 🗌 Regional Chains	87,307	18.54	35,909	29,847	20.31 🔵	38,902	2.26	80,345	20.11 🔵	5,365	-18.64
> Conv With Gas	29,431	10.01	12,751	11,590	10.02	5,568	14.54	26,121	10.67	12,266	-6.59
> 🗌 Mass Merchandisers	23,893	-27.25 🔴	10,975	15,990	-31.36 🛑	15,290	-40.53 🔴	23,059	-27.99 🛑	1,798	2.98
> Other Groceries	20,611	4.06	8,880	7,889	12.56	3,185	88.46 🔵	17,308	8.88	7,557	-12.16
> 🔄 3rd Party Operators	14,376	-8.29	5,523	5,951	-7.19	201	55.81 🔵	12,165	-9.69	5,953	-16.47
> Drug Stores	14,296	10.74	5,965	5,797	2.90	7,311	3.32	13,532	9.89	1,223	8.71
> 🗌 Local Chains	11,851	5.16	5,377	5,191	3.58	4,195	6.91	10,979	5.96	1,118	-18.45
> 🗌 Industrial	9,576	8.47	2,151	2,159	-0.37	1	-80.00 🔴	5,241	4.78	2,215	6.70
> Superettes	9,020	-7.84	3,681	4,215	-12.67	2,349	-25.31 🔴	7,875	-10.14	1,551	-22.84 🛑

The following instructions explain how to filter individual columns. Column filters can also be set up to work with dashboard filters to compare whatever is selected to <u>benchmarks</u>, (see page 161) such as all, all others, or custom cohorts.

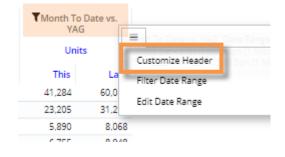
To apply a filter to a column

- 1. Add or select a Multi Comparative widget. Column filtering is only available in this widget type.
 - The widget must have at least one measure.
 - The widget must be in grid format.
- 3. Select Filter Date Range.
- In the next menus, choose how to filter the column. These options are the same as those available for other types of filters. For example, you can <u>filter on a saved collection</u> (see page 77), <u>create a new filter for any available</u> <u>dimension</u> (see page 75), <u>apply a dynamic filter</u> (see page 78), etc.



To apply a filter to a column

- 5. *(Recommended)* Customize the column header to indicate what the column is filtered on:
 - Place the cursor over the column and click the \equiv menu icon.
 - Select Customize Header.
 - Choose header options.



Tips:

• Column filters also allow you to apply equivalents to individual columns to compare converted data within a widget. Equivalents are available via the **Create a filter** option.

• Depending on the dataset configuration, you may be able to include <u>custom calculations</u> (see page 165) that compare one column to another (e.g., difference between one brand and all products). This feature requires temporal measures.

Benchmarking

Benchmarking allows you to compare the performance of any part of your organization to other parts that represent standards and industry bests. In Salient Dashboards, you can dynamically benchmark performance of whatever is selected against "all", "all others", or custom peer groups (i.e., cohorts) using advanced options in Multi Comparative column filters. For example, compare a single account to all other accounts and/or a top-performing group of similar accounts. The results update dynamically based on whatever filter is selected at the time; just pick from the filter to benchmark a different part of the organization (e.g., a different account).

Multi Comparative									KeyAccount (Customer)
R D Foods Form									R D Foods
_	Last Month vs. YAG R D Foods				▼Last Month vs. YAG Benchmark Group: Target Conv with Gas Acct			0	
		Uni	ts			Uni	its		
Form	This ↓	Diff	% Change	Mix (This)	This	Diff	% Change	Mix (This)	
> PET	3,188	-785	-19.76	87.1	4,440	739	19.97	59.9	
Glass	164	92	127.78	4.5	226	55	32.16	3.0	
> 🔄 Fountain Tank	161	-14	-8.00	4.4	10	15	300.00	0.1	
Cans	148	150	7,500.00	4.0	2,659	-1,314	-33.07	35.9	
Cups & Lids	0	0	0.00	0.0	48	48	100.00	0.6	
> Fountain BIB	0	0	0.00	0.0	28	19	211.11	0.4	
									1

The filtered data is also available when you switch to graph format.

To compare performance to a benchmark

- 1. Add or select a Multi Comparative widget. Column filtering is only available in this widget type.
 - The widget must have at least one measure.
 - The widget must be in grid format.
 - The widget should have at least two date columns, which should typically use the same date (e.g. MTD vs.
 - YAG) as each other to provide a direct comparison.
- 2. Apply a workspace filter to focus on the member (e.g., account) that you want to compare to a benchmark. The workspace filter may be applied via a filter widget, filter panel, or other method. To preview results as you work, select a member from the filter (e.g., a single account). A different member may be selected at any time; the columns will update dynamically.

» 🖻 *	$\leftarrow \oslash$		> 🖪	ζ. 🗘	Ś	Filters	
						Load a Collection	Create a filter
Multi Comparati	ve						
R D Foods Pa	ckage					KeyAccount (Custon	ner)
	Month To Date vs. YAG		Month To Date vs. YAG			R D Foods	
Package	This \downarrow	Last	This	Last			
> 🗌 2Ltr-8	2,564	3,312	2,564	3,312	<u>^</u>		
> 🗌 200z NR	1,143	1,616	1,143	1,616			
> 🗌 1Ltr-15	313	424	313	424			
> Premix	135	170	135	170			

3. Leave at least one column as is to show results for whatever is selected in the filter.

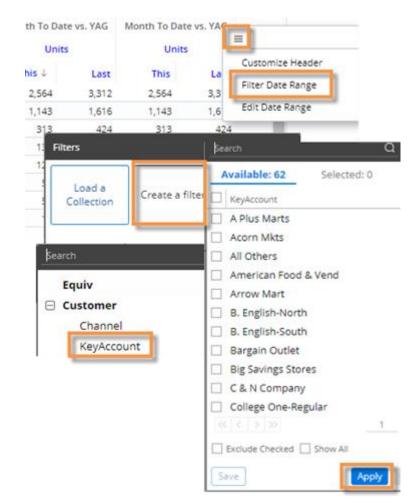
To compare performance to a benchmark

4. In another column, apply a filter for the same dimension or key as the workspace filter (e.g., key account)—leaving it set to All.

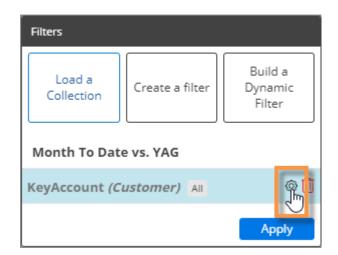
- Place the cursor over the column and click the \equiv menu icon.

- Select Filter Date Range.
- Click Create a filter.
- Select the dimension or key list.

- Do not check any members. Click **Apply** once.



 In the Filters area, place the cursor over the new filter and click the button to access advanced settings.



To compare performance to a benchmark

6. Select one of the following from the Advanced Filter Modifier menu:

Option 1: Compare to All

To show data for all members <u>including</u> the member you are filtered on, select **All**.

Option 2: Compare to All Others

To show data for all members <u>except</u> the member you are filtered on, select **All Others**.

Option 3: Compare to a Cohort

To show data for a custom group of members (must be pre-defined by an administrator), make the following selections and click OK.

Select Named Cohort.

From the Cohort Selection menu, select the name of the cohort group. The Salient Dashboards application will search within this group to find the corresponding cohort for the filter member (e.g., target account for R D Foods) and show results for the cohort member(s).

Advanced Settings	
Advanced Filter Modifier	
None	~
None	
All	1
All Others	
Named Cohort	
	concer

Advanced Settings	
Advanced Filter Modifier	
Named Cohort	~
Cohort Selection	
Target Account	~
Cohort Options	
Non-Modified	~
ОК	Cancel

From the Cohort Options menu, choose from the following options to add or remove the filter member from the results:

- Non-Modified Leave the cohort as is; do not add or remove the filter member.
- Include Filtered Members If the cohort does not include the filter member, add it to the results.
- Exclude Filtered Members If the cohort includes the filter member, remove it from the results.

7. After choosing Advanced Settings, click **Apply** to apply the filter to the column.

To compare performance to a benchmark

- 8. *(Recommended)* Repeat the following steps for each column to modify headings so that they show what the column is filtered on:
- Place the cursor over the column and click the ≡ menu icon.
- Select Customize Header.
- In the **Filter Options** section, select **Auto** and then select the filter dimension to automatically show the member(s) that the column is filtered on; then click OK. Other options for custom headers are available.

Month To Date vs.	
YAG	To Dataver, VAG" Data Parser
Units	Customize Header
This La	Filter Date Range
41,284 60,0	
23,205 31,2	Customize Header
5,890 8,068	Date Options
6,755 8,948	 Auto
76,015 122,456	O User Defined
1,415 1,890	
1,709 2,252	
179 228	
237 0	Filter Options
671 968	O None
269,129 402,068	 Auto
	KeyAccount 🗙

Tips:

For a cohort comparison:

- If the filter member does not have a cohort within the selected group, the column will show zero data and the column header will show "Group Not Found" (if filter label is on).
- You cannot compare a cohort to multiple members at once (i.e., filter on multiple members); the column will show zeros if multiple members are on.

Depending on the dataset configuration, you may be able to include <u>custom calculations</u> (see page 165) that compare one column to another (e.g., difference between an account and a target account). This feature requires temporal measures.

See the Salient Dashboards Installation and Configuration Manual for information about creating and editing cohorts.

To provide automatic comparisons of user-assigned data to benchmarks (e.g., how am I doing compared to everyone else), your organization can use password collections to filter the data in a column and include another column with "all", "all others", or cohorts applied. This feature requires additional setup.

Custom calculations for columns

In Multi Comparative columns, you can override the formula of a temporal measure to apply special calculations such as difference in volume for one sales rep versus another or number of customers buying one package versus all other packages—based on columns rather than specific timeframes (This/Last). This feature requires that the dataset has temporal measures that can be overridden to show the desired information.

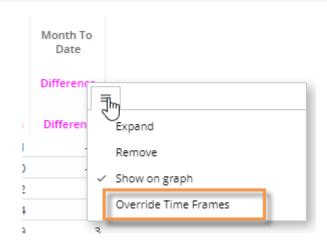
Multi Comparative			
Our New Diet Channe	el	I	
	Month To Date Our New Diet	Month To Date All Others	Month To Date All Others vs. Selected Brand Difference
Channel	Buying Customers	Buying Customers	Difference
Conv With Gas	87	141	54
Other Groceries	68	150	82
Drug Stores	40	52	12
Regional Chains	32	34	2
Mass Merchandisers	18	19	1
Superettes	18	22	4
Conv - NoGas	16	23	7
Industrial	11	196	185
Beverage Centers	10	24	14
Total (33)	369	2,064	1.695

To apply custom calculations to a Multi Comparative column

- 1. Add or select a Multi Comparative widget. The widget should be in grid format.
- 2. Set up <u>individually filtered columns</u> (see page 159) and/or <u>benchmark columns</u> (see page 161) for the date ranges and members you wish to include in the custom calculations.
- 3. Add a temporal measure in its own column or a subcolumn. Its formula should correspond to the information you want to show. In the measure's formula, "#1" indicates the first timeframe (This) and "#2" indicates the second timeframe (Last). You will be able to swap out these timeframes with specific columns in the following steps. For example, to show difference in Buying Customers for two different columns, the temporal measure should calculate difference in Buying Customers for two timeframes.

Tip: To see a measure's formula, add it and then place your cursor over its name in the heading.

- 5. Select Override Time Frames.



To apply custom calculations to a Multi Comparative column

- 6. In the first menu, select the column to substitute for the #1 timeframe in the formula (e.g., Month to Date | All Others).
- 7. In the second menu, select the column to substitute for the #2 timeframe in the formula (e.g., Month to Date | Our New Diet).
- 8. Click OK.

Override Time Frames		
Select the time frame to override. This Time Frame #1		
Month To Date All Others		~
Last Time Frame #2		
Month To Date Our New Diet		~
	ОК	Cancel

9. (Optional) Customize the column headers to indicate what the column shows:

To customize the main heading:

- Place the cursor over the column and click the \equiv menu icon.
- Select Customize Header.
- Choose header options.

To customize the subheading (i.e., measure name):

- Go to the measures area.
- Place your cursor over the measure name in the right pane.
- Click the *C* icon.
- Enter a display name.

Widget linking

Widgets can be linked together to enable filtering via a single click on a "source" widget. A Dashboard Designer chooses one or more source widget(s) and sets up custom relationships to determine which widget(s) will be filtered.

Comparative Region [Customer]			Gauge FILTERED SouthWest Area WIDGETS
Region	This ↓	Last	6.87%
> South Vest Area	65,067	60,886	Trend
> East	58,896	55,051	SouthWest Area
> NorthWest Area	56,410	50,748	90
> 📃 Near West Area	20,919	21,148	ы 2010 година 2010 година 201
> 🗌 NorthEast Area	289	295	and the second s
			3
Total (6)	270,905	252,847	-18

To use linked widgets

- In a source widget, click on a member to apply it as a filter in linked widgets.
 In a grid, click on the member's row or column. The selected member will be highlighted.
 In a graph, click on a bar, point, pie slice, or another component that represents the member. The member's label will be bold.
- To change the filter, click on a different member in the source widget.
- To clear the filter, click again on the member in the source widget.

Tip:

In a filtered widget, you can place your cursor over the breadcrumb path to see more information, including the title of the source widget.

Gauge			<u>ج</u>
SouthWest /			
43	Widget Linking Filter		
	Comparative		-
	Region	SouthWest Area	
		0.8/%	

To link widgets

<u>Before beginning</u>, open or create a dashboard that has at least one source widget (i.e., what the user will click on to filter the data) and at least one widget to be filtered.

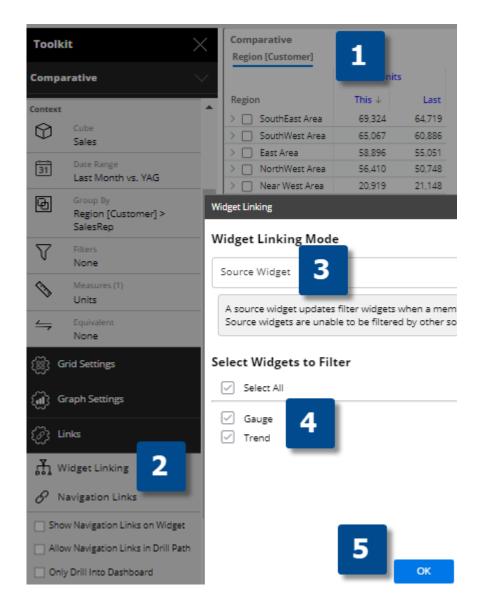
- The source widget must compare members (e.g., Comparative or Multi Comparative).
- The source widget should group the data by dimension that will be used to filter the data.

Option 1 - Set up source widget(s)

- 1. In edit mode, click on the source widget.
- 2. In the toolkit, expand the Links section and click on Widget Linking.
- In the Widget Linking area, select Source Widget from the Widget Linking Mode menu.
- In the Widget Linking area, check the box(es) of the widget(s) to filter or choose Select All to filter all widgets. The "Filtered Widget" setting will be applied to widgets that are selected in this area.

5. Click OK.

 Repeat if you want to set up multiple source widgets. For example, a widget could be filtered by region based on one source widget and by package based on a second source widget. Another scenario for multiple source widgets would be to filter various sets of widgets based different source widgets (e.g., in different tabs).



Option 2 - Set up filtered widget(s)

- 1. In edit mode, click on a widget that you want to filter.
- 2. In the toolkit, expand the Links section and click on Widget Linking.
- 3. In the Widget Linking area, select **Filtered Widget** from the Widget Linking Mode menu.
- 4. In the Widget Linking area, check the box(es) of the widget(s) to use as the source. The "Source Widget" setting will be applied to the selected widgets.
- 5. Click OK.
- 6. Repeat if you want to set up multiple filtered widgets.

Navigation links

You can embed links to published dashboards within a widget to provide easy access to related dashboards. The links will be listed at the bottom of the widget or available via <u>custom drill-downs</u> (see page 138).

To add dashboard links to a widget

- 1. Click on a widget.
- In the toolkit, expand the Links section and click on Navigation Links. (In explore mode, click on

Advanced to access Links.)

- Select the dashboard to which you want to link. Only published dashboards are available for dashboard links.
- To link to multiple dashboards, click Add and select additional dashboards. If you wish, you can enter a custom name for the group of dashboard links (defaults to "Dashboard Links" if not specified).
- 5. If you want to change the display name of any dashboard link, click the ... button and select **Rename**. This assigns a temporary display name but does not change the actual dashboard name.
- 6. Click OK.

لَيْنَ Links				
	Search			
	🗁 Asset Management			
🔗 Navigation Links	😑 Customer Performance - MM			
Show Navigation Links on Widget	 Chain Account Performan Customer Rank with Conta Customer Ranking Lost Customers Lost Placements 			
Allow Navigation Links in Drill Path				
Only Drill Into Dashboard				
Open Navigation Links in Same				
Window	D New Customers			
Navigation Links				
Dashboard Links Title				
Lost Customers				
New Customers	R			
Add	🖌 Rename			
	📋 Remove			
ОК	Cancel			

7. Under Navigation Links in the toolkit, select from the following options:

Show Navigation Links on Widget - Check this box to show the links at the bottom of the widget (pinned or unpinned).



Allow Navigation Links in Drill Path - Check this box if you want to make the links available via a <u>custom</u> <u>drill-down</u> (see page 139). Otherwise, leave this box cleared.

Only Drill Into Dashboard - This option is used with Allow Navigation Links in Drill Path (i.e. custom drilldown) to control whether the user can go directly to the next dashboard upon drilling (check this option) or must first drill through all By levels in the widget (clear this option).

Open Navigation Links in Same Window - Check this box to open the linked dashboards in the same window as the original dashboard, or clear to open in a new window.